The Department shall determine, and the U.S. Customs Service shall assess, antidumping duties on all appropriate entries. The Department will issue appraisement instructions directly to the U.S. Customs Service. Individual differences between U.S. price and NV may vary from the percentages listed above.

Furthermore, the following deposit requirements will be effective, upon publication of these final results of administrative reviews for all shipments of the subject merchandise from Japan that are entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the publication date, as provided by section 751(a)(1) of the Act: (1) The cash deposit rates for the reviewed companies will be those rates listed above; (2) for previously reviewed or investigated companies not listed above, the cash deposit rate will continue to be the company-specific rate published for the most recent period; (3) if the exporter is not a firm covered in these reviews, a prior review, or the original LTFV investigation, but the manufacturer is, the cash deposit rate will be the rate established for the most recent period for the manufacture of the merchandise; and (4) the cash deposit rate for all other manufacturers or exporters will continue to be 15.92 percent, the all others rate based on the first review conducted by the Department in which a "new shipper" rate was established in the final results of antidumping finding administrative review (48 FR 51801, November 14, 1983).

This notice serves as a final reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 353.26 to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during this review period. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in the Secretary's presumption that reimbursement of antidumping duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of double antidumping duties.

This notice also serves as a reminder to parties subject to administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the disposition of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 353.34(d). Timely written notification of the return/destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and the terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

This administrative review and notice are in accordance with section 751(a)(1)

of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1675(a)(1)) and 19 CFR 353.22.

Dated: November 25, 1996.

Robert S. LaRussa,

Acting Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

[FR Doc. 96–30876 Filed 12–3–96; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P** 

### **Notice of Scope Rulings**

**AGENCY:** Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice of scope rulings and anticircumvention inquiries.

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce (the Department) hereby publishes a list of scope rulings and anticircumvention inquiries completed by Import Administration, between July 1, 1996, and September 30, 1996. In conjunction with this list, the Department is also publishing a list of pending requests for scope clarifications and anticircumvention inquiries. The Department intends to publish future lists within 30 days of the end of each quarter.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** December 4, 1996. **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Ronald M. Trentham, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, D.C. 20230; telephone: (202) 482–4793.

## Background

The Department's regulations (19 CFR 353.29(d)(8) and 355.29(d)(8)) provide that on a quarterly basis the Secretary will publish in the Federal Register a list of scope rulings completed within the last three months.

This notice lists scope rulings and anticircumvention inquiries completed by Import Administration, between July 1, 1996, and September 30, 1996, and pending scope clarification and anticircumvention inquiry requests. The Department intends to publish in January 1997 a notice of scope rulings and anticircumvention inquiries completed between October 1, 1996, and December 31, 1996, as well as pending scope clarification and anticircumvention inquiry requests.

The following lists provide the country, case reference number, requester(s), and a brief description of either the ruling or product subject to the request.

I. Scope Rulings Completed Between July 1, 1996 and September 30, 1996 Country: Germany A-428-821 Large Newspaper Printing Presses and Components Thereof (LNPPs), Whether Assembled or Unassembled

R.R. Donnelley & Sons Company—A stitcher for use with a folder that is attached to a commercial printing press is outside the scope of the order. 9/24/96.

Country: People's Republic of China A–570–820 Certain Compact Ductile Iron Waterworks (CDIW) Fittings and Glands

Star Pipe Products, Inc.—"Retainer Glands"—are not within the scope of the order. 9/18/96.

Country: Japan

A–588–809 Small Business Telephone Systems and Subassemblies and Parts Thereof Iwatsu America, Inc. and Iwatsu Electric Co.—Certain dual use

Electric Co.—Certain dual use subassemblies (central processing units and read-only-memory units) are outside the scope of the order. 9/26/96.

II. Anticircumvention Rulings Completed Between July 1, 1996 and September 30, 1996

None.

III. Scope Inquiries Terminated Between July 1, 1996 and September 30, 1996

Country: People's Republic of China A–570–504—Petroleum Wax Candles Kendal King Graphics—
Clarification to determine whether certain Christmas "candle tins" are within the scope of the order. Scope inquiry terminated on 8/29/96.

IV. Anticircumvention Inquiries Terminated Between July 1, 1996 and September 30, 1996

None.

V. Pending Scope Clarification Requests as of September 30, 1996

Country: Brazil

A-351-817 Certain Cut-to-Length Carbon Steel Plate

C-351-818 Wirth Limited—
Clarification to determine whether profile slabs produced by Companhia Siderurgica de Tubarao and imported by Wirth Limited are within the scope of the order.

Country: Germany

A-428-801 Antifriction Bearings (Other Than Tapered Roller Bearings) and Parts Thereof

Enkotec Company, Inc.—Clarification to determine whether the "main bearings" imported for incorporation into Enkotec Rotary Nail Machines are slewing rings and, therefore, outside the scope of the order.

Country: Singapore

A–559–801 Antifriction Bearings (Other Than Tapered Roller Bearings) and Parts Thereof

Rockwell International Corporation— Clarification to determine whether an automotive component known as a cushion suspension unit (or cushion assembly unit or bearing assembly) is within the scope of the order.

Country: People's Republic of China A–570–501 Natural Bristle Paint Brushes and Brush Heads

Kwick Clean and Green Ltd.— Clarification to determine whether a group of bristles held together at the base with glue, which are to be used as replacable parts within the cavity of the paintbrush body, is within the scope of the order.

A-570-504 Petroleum Wax Candles Mervyn's—Clarification to determine whether a candle, article no. 20172, in the shape of a cube is within the scope of the order.

Enesco Corporation—Clarification to determine whether 10 styles of candles imported from the PRC are within the scope of the order.

Midwest of Cannon Falls—
Clarification to determine whether 7 styles of candles imported from the PRC are within the scope of the order.

Cost Plus, Inc.—Clarification to determine whether taper and pillar candles imported as beeswax candles are within the scope of the order.

Institutional Financing Services— Clarification to determine whether one model of candle is a holiday novelty candle and, thus, outside the scope of the order.

Sun-It Corporation—Clarification to determine whether taper candles containing oil of citronella are within the scope of the order.

Ocean State Jobbers—Clarification to determine whether taper candles consisting of a blend of petroleum wax and beeswax are within the scope of the order.

A-570-808 Chrome-Plated Lug Nuts
Consolidated International
Automotive, Inc.—Clarification to
determine whether certain nickelplated lug nuts are within the scope
of the order.

Wheel Plus, Inc.—Clarification to determine whether imported zincplated lug nuts which are chromeplated in the United States are within the scope of the order.

A–570–822 Helical Spring Lock Washers (HSLWs) Shakeproof Industrial Products Division of Illinois Tool Works (SIP)—Clarification to determine whether HSLWs which are imported to the U.S. in an uncut, coil form are within the scope of the order.

Country: Taiwan

A-583-508 Porcelain-on-Steel Cooking Ware

Cost Plus, Inc.—Clarification to determine whether 10 piece porcelain-on-steel fondue sets are within the scope of the order.

A–583–810 Chrome-Plated Lug Nuts Consolidated International Automotive, Inc.—Clarification to determine whether certain nickelplated lug nuts are within the scope of the order.

A-583-820 Helical Spring Lock Washers (HSLWs)

Shakeproof Industrial Products
Division of Illinois Tool Works
(SIP)—Clarification to determine
whether HSLWs imported into the
U.S. in an uncut, coil form are
within the scope of the order.

A-583-824 Polyvinyl Alcohol
E.I. du Pont de Nemours & Co.—
Clarification to determine whether polyvinyl alcohol produced with U.S. origin vinyl acetate monomer is within the scope of the order.

Country: Japan

A-588-055 Acrylic Sheet from Japan Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd.— Clarification to determine whether Sumielec, an acrylic based antistatic material, is within the scope of the order.

A-588-056 Melamine

Taiyo America, Inc.—Clarification to determine whether melamine with special physical characteristics (100% of the particles are smaller than 10 microns) are within the scope of the order.

A-588-802 3½" Microdisks
TDK Inc., TDK Electronics Co.—
Clarification to determine whether
certain web roll media are within
the scope of the order.

A-588-804 Antifriction Bearings (Other Than Tapered Roller Bearings), and Parts Thereof

Rockwell International Corporation— Clarification to determine whether an automotive component known as a cushion suspension unit (or cushion assembly unit or center bearing assembly) is within the scope of the order.

A-588-807 Industrial Belts and Components and Parts Thereof, Whether Cured or Uncured

Honda Power Equipment
Manufacturing Inc. (HPE)—
Clarification to determine whether
certain belts HPE imports from

Japan for use in manufacturing lawn tractors and riding lawn mowers are within the scope of the order.

American Honda Motor Co., Inc. (AHM)—clarification to determine whether certain v-belts imported from Japan by AHM are within the scope of the order.

A-588-810 Mechanical Transfer Presses

Komatsu Ltd.—Clarification to determine whether certain mechanical transfer press parts exported from Japan are within the scope of the order.

A-588-813 Light-Scattering Instruments and Parts Thereof from Japan

Thermo Capillary Electrophoresis, Inc.—Clarification to determine whether diode array detectors and cell flow units are within the scope of the order.

A-588-815 Gray Portland Cement and Clinker

Surecrete, Inc.—Clarification to determine whether New Super Fine Cement manufactured by Nittetsu Cement Co., Ltd., is within the scope of the order.

A-588-824 Corrosion Resistant Carbon Steel Flat Products

Drive Automotive Industries— Clarification to determine whether 2000 millimeter wide, made to order, corrosion resistant carbon steel coils are within the scope of the order.

A-588-837 Large Newspaper Printing Presses and Components Thereof (LNPPs), Whether Assembled or Unassembled

Miyakoshi America Co., Ltd.— Clarification to determine whether certain printing press components are within the scope of the order.

Country: Russia

A-821-803 Titanium Sponge
Waldron Pacific, Inc.—Clarification to
determine whether titanium tablets
produced by electrolytic reduction
are within the scope of the order.

VI. Pending Anticircumvention Inquiries as of September 30, 1996

Country: Korea

A-580-008 Color Television Receivers from Korea

International Brotherhood of
Electrical Workers, the International
Union of Electronic Electrical,
Salaried, Machine & Furniture
Workers, and the Industrial Union
Department (the Unions)—
Anticircumvention inquiry to
determine whether Samsung
Electronics Co., L.G. Electronics
Inc., and Daewoo Electronics Co.,

are circumventing the order by shipping Korean-origin color picture tubes, printed circuit boards, color television kits, chassis, and other materials, parts and components to plants operated by related parties in Mexico where the parts are then assembled in CTVs and shipped to the U.S. Additionally, an anticircumvention inquiry to determine whether Samsung by shipping Korean-origin color picture tubes and other CTV parts to a related party in Thailand for assembly into complete CTVs prior to exportation to the U.S.

Interested parties are invited to comment on the accuracy of the list of pending scope clarification requests. Any comments should be submitted to the Assistant Secretary for Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Room B–099, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20230.

Dated: November 27, 1996.

Joseph A. Spetrini,

Deputy Assistant Secretary Enforcement Group III.

[FR Doc. 96–30877 Filed 12–3–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

# National Institute of Standards and Technology

[Docket No. 961121324-6324-01]

# Announcement of Availability of Funding for General Competition—Advanced Technology Program (ATP)

AGENCY: National Institute of Standards and Technology, Technology Administration, Commerce.

**ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: The Technology Administration's National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) announces the availability of funding for General Competition 97–01 under the Advanced Technology Program (ATP) for fiscal year 1997. General Competition 97–01 is open to all areas of technology meeting the ATP selection criteria. This notice provides general information for this competition planned for fiscal year 1997.

**DATES:** The proposal due date and other specific instructions will be published in the *Commerce Business Daily* (CBD) at the time the competition is announced. Dates, times, and locations of Proposers' Conferences held for interested parties considering applying for funding will also be announced in the CBD.

ADDRESSES: Information on the ATP may be obtained from the following address: National Institute of Standards and Technology, Advanced Technology Program, Administration Building (Bldg. 101), Room A407, Quince Orchard & Clopper Roads, Gaithersburg, MD 20899–0001.

Additionally, information on the ATP is available on the Internet through the World Wide Web (WWW) at http://www.atp.nist.gov.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Requests for ATP information, application materials, and/or to have your name added to the ATP mailing list for future mailings may also be made by:

- (a) Calling the ATP toll-free "hotline" number at 1–800–ATP–FUND or 1–800–287–3863. You will have the option of hearing recorded messages regarding the status of the ATP or speaking to one of our customer representatives who will take your name and address. If our representatives are all busy when you call, leave a message after the tone. To ensure that the information is entered correctly, please speak distinctly and slowly and spell the words that might cause confusion. Leave your phone number as well as your name and address;
- (b) Sending a facsimile (fax) to 301–926–9524 or 301–590–3053; or
- (c) Sending electronic mail to atp@nist.gov. Include your name, full mailing address, and phone number.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

The statutory authority for the ATP is Section 5131 of the Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act of 1988 (Pub. L. 100–418, 15 U.S.C. 278n), as modified by Pub. L. 102–245. The ATP implementing regulations are published at 15 CFR Part 295. The Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) number and program title for the ATP are 11.612, Advanced Technology Program (ATP).

The ATP is a rigorously competitive cost-sharing program designed to assist United States industry/businesses pursue high-risk, enabling technologies with significant commercial/economic potential. The ATP provides multi-year funding to single companies and to industry-led joint ventures to pursue research and development (R&D) projects with high-payoff potential for the nation. The ATP accelerates enabling technologies that, because they are risky, are unlikely to be developed in time to compete in rapidly changing world markets without such a partnership between industry and the

Federal government. The ATP challenges industry to take on projects characterized by high technical risk but commensurately high potential payoff to the nation. Proposers must provide credible arguments as to the project feasibility.

The funding instrument used in ATP awards is a "cooperative agreement." Through the cooperative agreement, the ATP fosters a government-industry partnership to accomplish a public purpose of support or stimulation. NIST plays a substantial role in these awards by providing technical assistance and monitoring the technical work and business progress.

### Funding Availability

An estimated \$20 million to \$25 million in first year funding will be available for General Competition 97–01. The ATP reserves the right to utilize for this competition more or less funding than the amounts stated above. The actual number of proposals funded will depend on the quality of the proposals received and the amount of funding requested in the highest ranked proposals. Outyear funding beyond the first year is contingent on the approval of future Congressional appropriations and satisfactory project performance.

Eligibility Requirements, Selection Criteria, and Proposal Review Process

The eligibility requirements, selection criteria, and the proposal review process are discussed in detail in the ATP implementing regulations published at 15 CFR Part 295.

Funding Amounts, Award Period and Cost Sharing (Matching) Requirements

- (a) Single companies can receive up to \$2 million of ATP funds for up to 3 years. Since companies do not have to provide matching funds, but they are reimbursed for direct costs only. Single companies are responsible for securing funding for all overhead/indirect costs.
- (b) Joint ventures can receive a minority share of the total project costs for up to 5 years. Joint ventures must cost-share (matching funds) more than 50 percent of the total project costs (direct plus indirect costs) for each quarter that the ATP funds the project. Subcontractors funded under an ATP cooperative agreement may not contribute towards the matching-fund requirement.

Application Forms and proposal Preparation Kit

A new November 1996 version of the ATP Proposal Preparation Kit is available upon request from the ATP at the address and phone numbers noted