Latitude	Longitude
34°23.75′ N	120°52.45′ W

(b) A traffic lane for westbound traffic between the separation zone and a line connecting the following geographical positions:

Latitude	Longitude
34°21.80′ N	120°29.90′ W
34°26.60′ N	120°51.45′ W

(c) A traffic lane for eastbound traffic between the separation zone and a line connecting the following geographical positions:

Latitude	Longitude
34°18.00′ N	120°31.10′ W
34°22.80′ N	120°52.70′ W

(d) A precautionary area be established, bounded to the west by the arc of a circle of radius four miles centered upon the following geographical positions:

Latitude	Longitude	
34°25.80′ N		
34°22.80′ N		

The precautionary area be bounded to the east by a line connecting the following geographical positions:

Latitude	Longitude
34°22.80′ N	120°52.70′ W
34°26.60′ N	120°51.45′ W

In addition to the recommended changes to the San Francisco and Santa Barbara Channel TSS's, nautical charts depicting the San Francisco TSS should be amended to conform with approved IMO descriptions as follows:

(1) Rename the Main Approach TSS segment as the Western Approach;

(2) Redesignate the separation zone in the center of the circular precautionary area as an ATBA: and

(3) Define the eastern boundary of the precautionary area by a line connecting the following geographic positions:

Latitude	Longitude
37°42.70′ N	122°34.60′ W 122°38.00′ W 122°38.00′ W

Datum: NAD 83.

The Coast Guard will publish a notice of proposed rulemaking in the Federal Register to solicit public comment on the recommended changes to the existing routing measures, and take necessary action at IMO.

Dated: October 15, 1996. LC. Card

Rear Admiral, U.S. Coast Guard, Chief, Marine Safety and Environmental Protection. [FR Doc. 96–27486 Filed 10–24–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–14–M

# ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Chapter I

[FRL-5640-6]

Definition of Solid Waste and Hazardous Waste Recycling; Notice of Public Meeting

**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection

Agency.

**ACTION:** Notice of meeting.

**SUMMARY:** The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) will hold a public meeting on November 19, 1996 to make information available on a project underway to revise the RCRA regulations governing hazardous waste recycling. Under the authority of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has promulgated regulations governing management of hazardous waste. Parts of these regulations govern hazardous waste recycling. Specifically, the portion of the regulations known as the Definition of Solid Waste (DSW) (40 CFR 261.2) specifies whether hazardous materials that are recycled are more 'waste-like'' (i.e., solid wastes) and thus subject to RCRA regulation, or whether such materials are more "product-like" and not subject to regulation. Other parts of the regulations set forth requirements for regulating hazardous waste recycling (40 CFR 261.6, Part 266). The current hazardous waste recycling regulations were first promulgated on January 4, 1985 (50 FR

EPA is working on a rulemaking to modify the current federal hazardous waste recycling scheme to meet two goals: develop a clearer, simpler regulatory system for hazardous waste recycling that adequately protects human health and the environment; and to remove disincentives to the safe recycling of hazardous waste. The intended result of this project is a simpler RCRA program, where definitions and requirements more precisely capture the materials and

practices Congress intended to regulate in passing the Act.

The purpose of this meeting is for EPA to present and explain the draft rulemaking options the Agency is currently considering. The intent is to allow parties outside the government to begin as early in the process as possible, to formulate its thoughts on the proposal in order to allow time for interested parties to fully develop comments to be completed during the comment period. The Agency believes that the issues involved in this project are complex and difficult enough that this early introduction to the Agency's direction will benefit the regulated community by allowing early discussion among interested parties and will benefit the Agency by resulting in more fully formulated reactions to the proposal in comments. EPA will answer clarifying questions. Time may be limited, however, depending on the number of participants and questions. EPA anticipates publishing the proposed rulemaking in Spring of 1997. Because the Agency believes that a full dialog among the members of the regulated community is critical to receiving the best comment possible, EPA plans to allow a 90 day comment period for proposal and to hold public meetings during the comment period to discuss the proposal in detail. Written materials will be handed out at the meeting. These materials will not be available prior to the meeting.

**DATES:** The Public meeting will be held on November 19, 1996 from 8:30 am to 12:30 pm.

ADDRESSES: The public meeting will be held at the Airport Hilton, 2399 Jefferson Davis Highway, Arlington Virginia, 22202, 703 418–6800. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For general information, contact the RCRA Hotline at 800 424–9346 or TDD 800 553–7672 (hearing impaired). In the Washington, DC, metropolitan area, call 703 412–9810 or TDD 703 412–3323.

Dated: October 17, 1996.

Michael Shapiro,

Director, Office of Solid Waste.

[FR Doc. 96-27469 Filed 10-25-96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P-M

## 40 CFR Parts 51 and 52

[AD-FRL-5641-2]

Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) and Nonattainment New Source Review (NSR)

**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

**ACTION:** Proposed rulemaking; Reopening of comment period.

**SUMMARY:** The EPA is hereby extending by 45 days, the closing date of the public comment period regarding EPA's proposed rulemaking, known as the NSR Reform Rulemaking, published on July 23, 1996 at 61 FR 38249. The original comment period was to close on October 21, 1996. The new closing date will be December 5, 1996. The NSR Reform rulemaking proposes to revise regulations for the approval and promulgation of implementation plans and the requirements for preparation, adoption, and submittal of implementation plans governing the NSR programs mandated by parts C and D of title I of the Clean Air Act. Industry groups, State and local permitting agencies, and others have asked for an extension due to the complex issues addressed by the proposed rulemaking and the number of revisions that were proposed. All comments received by the EPA on or prior to December 5, 1996 will be considered in the development of final regulations.

DATES: Comments. All public comments regarding EPA's proposed rulemaking on July 23, 1996 must be received by EPA on or before close of business December 5, 1996.

ADDRESSES: Comments. All comments should be addressed to the EPA Air Docket No. A-90-37, EPA Air Docket (6102), Room M-1500, 401 M Street, Southwest, Washington, DC 20460. Copies of comments on the information collection requirements should also be sent to the Director, Office of Policy, Planning, and Evaluation, Regulatory Information Division, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (2136), 401 M Street, Southwest, Washington, DC 20460; and a copy to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, 725 17th Street, Northwest, Washington, DC 20503, marked "Attention: Desk Officer for EPA." Include the Information Collection Request number in any correspondence.

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Dennis Crumpler, Information Transfer and Program Integration Division (MD-12), Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards, U.S. EPA, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina 27711, telephone (919) 541-0871, telefax (919) 541-5509. **INSPECTION OF DOCUMENTS:** Documents related to the NSR Reform Rulemaking, are available for public inspection in EPA Air Docket No. A-90-37. The docket is available for public inspection and copying between 8:30 a.m. to 12 noon and 1:30 to 3:30 p.m., weekdays,

at the EPA's Air Docket (6102), Room M-1500, 401 M Street, SW., Washington, DC 20460. A reasonable fee may be charged for copying.

Dated: October 18, 1996.

John S. Seitz,

Director, Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards.

[FR Doc. 96-27471 Filed 10-24-96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

#### 40 CFR Part 52

[PA 088-4033; FRL-5640-3]

Approval and Promulgation of Air **Quality Implementation Plans;** Pennsylvania; Disapproval of the Reasonable-Further-Progress Plan for the 1996-1999 Period for the Philadelphia Area

**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

**ACTION:** Proposed rule.

SUMMARY: EPA is proposing to disapprove the State Implementation Plan (SIP) revision submitted by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania (for the Philadelphia ozone nonattainment area) to meet the rate-of-progress (ROP) requirements under the Clean Air Act (the Act). Under these requirements, states must demonstrate a 3% reduction of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) per year for a three year period between 1996 and 1999. EPA is proposing disapproval because the ROP plan submitted by Pennsylvania for the Philadelphia area projects emissions reductions only for control strategies to the 2005 time frame, rather than for the 1999 and 2002 interim milestone years, per the ROP requirements of the Act. Several of these measures have not been fully adopted or have been stayed or replaced by the Commonwealth. Additionally, the Commonwealth has not calculated emissions target level to be achieved in 1999 (or for 2002) to ensure attainment of reasonable-furtherprogress toward attainment by the statutory deadline. Finally, the 1990 emissions inventory estimates provided in the Commonwealth's plan for ROP for the period from 1996–1999 vary substantially from the inventory submitted as the Commonwealth's official 1990 base year inventory. That VOC base year inventory was formally revised in September of 1996. This inventory superseded all previous 1990 base year inventories submitted by the Commonwealth for Philadelphiaincluding the one contained in the ROP plan for the period from 1996 to 1999.

This rulemaking action is being taken under section 110 of the Clean Air Act. **DATES:** Comments must be received on or before November 25, 1996.

**ADDRESSES:** Comments may be mailed to David L. Arnold, Chief, Ozone and Mobile Sources Section, Mailcode 3AT21, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region III, 841 Chestnut Building, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19107. Copies of the documents relevant to this action are available for public inspection during normal business hours at the Air, Radiation, and Toxics Division, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region III, 841 Chestnut Building, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19107. Persons interested in examining these documents should schedule an appointment with the contact person (listed below) at least 24 hours before the visiting day. Copies of the documents relevant to this action are also available at the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection, Bureau of Air Quality, P.O. Box 8468, 400 Market Street, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17105.

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Brian K. Rehn, Ozone and Mobile Sources Section (3AT21), USEPA-Region III, 841 Chestnut Building, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19107, or by telephone at: (215) 566-2176. Questions may also be sent via e-mail, to: Rehn.Brian@epamail.epa.gov (Please note that only written comments can be accepted for inclusion in the docket.)

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Introduction—Clean Air Act Requirements

Reasonable-Further-Progress Requirements

Section 182(c)(2) of the Clean Air Act (the Act), as amended by Congress in 1990, requires each state having one or more ozone nonattainment areas classified as serious or worse to develop a plan (for each subject area) that provides for actual VOC reductions of at least 3 percent per year averaged over each consecutive 3-year period, beginning six years after enactment of the Act, until such time as these areas have attained the National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS) for ozone. These plans are referred to hereafter as post-1996 rate-of-progress plans (or post-96 ROP plans). The first of these ROP plans, for the 3-year period from 1996–1999, was due to be submitted to EPA as a SIP revision by November 15, 1994.

The Act also mandates a 15 percent VOC emission reduction, net of growth, between 1990 and 1996. That SIP