provision, regardless of whether it has been modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (c) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

Compliance: Required within the next 1,000 hours time-in-service after the effective date of this AD, unless already accomplished.

To prevent wing skin de-bonding or warping of the cabin windows because of the heat generated by the engines' right-hand exhaust stacks, accomplish the following:

- (a) Replace the right-hand exhaust stack for both the left and right engines in accordance with the instructions included in Raytheon Aircraft Kit No. 129–9013–1, as referenced in Raytheon Aircraft Service Bulletin No. 2686, dated June 1996.
- (b) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.
- (c) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an equivalent level of safety may be approved by the Manager, Wichita Aircraft Certification Office (ACO), 1801 Airport Road, Room 100, Mid-Continent Airport, Wichita, Kansas 67209. The request shall be forwarded through an appropriate FAA Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, Wichita ACO.

Note 2: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the Wichita ACO.

(d) All persons affected by this directive may obtain copies of the documents referred to herein upon request to the Raytheon Aircraft Corporation, P.O. Box 85, Wichita, Kansas 67201–0085; or may examine these documents at the FAA, Central Region, Office of the Assistant Chief Counsel, Room 1558, 601 E. 12th Street, Kansas City, Missouri 64106.

Issued in Kansas City, Missouri, on September 20, 1996.

Michael Gallagher,

Manager, Small Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 96–24884 Filed 9–27–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–U

## 14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 95-NM-265-AD]

RIN 2120-AA64

# Airworthiness Directives; de Havilland Model DHC-7 Series Airplanes

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

**ACTION:** Notice of proposed rulemaking

(NPRM).

**SUMMARY:** This document proposes the adoption of a new airworthiness directive (AD) that is applicable to all de Havilland Model DHC-7 series airplanes. This proposal would require performing a review of the airplane maintenance records to determine if any insulation blankets have been repaired or changed during service, and various follow- on actions, if necessary. This proposal is prompted by reports of corrosion forming on areas of the airplane structure where black film thermal insulation blankets are used. The actions specified by the proposed AD are intended to prevent such corrosion, which could result in degradation of the structural capability of the airplane fuselage and consequent sudden loss of cabin pressure.

**DATES:** Comments must be received by November 8, 1996.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments in triplicate to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM–103, Attention: Rules Docket No. 95–NM–265–AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056. Comments may be inspected at this location between 9:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

The service information referenced in the proposed rule may be obtained from Bombardier, Inc., Bombardier Regional Aircraft Division, Garratt Boulevard, Downsview, Ontario M3K 1Y5, Canada. This information may be examined at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Sol Maroof, Aerospace Engineer, Airframe and Propulsion Branch, ANE–171, FAA, New York Aircraft Certification Office, Engine and Propeller Directorate, 10 Fifth Street, Third Floor, Valley Stream, New York 11581; telephone (516) 256–7522; fax (516) 568–2716.

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### Comments Invited

Interested persons are invited to participate in the making of the

proposed rule by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications shall identify the Rules Docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address specified above. All communications received on or before the closing date for comments, specified above, will be considered before taking action on the proposed rule. The proposals contained in this notice may be changed in light of the comments received.

Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, economic, environmental, and energy aspects of the proposed rule. All comments submitted will be available, both before and after the closing date for comments, in the Rules Docket for examination by interested persons. A report summarizing each FAA-public contact concerned with the substance of this proposal will be filed in the Rules Docket.

Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments submitted in response to this notice must submit a self-addressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: "Comments to Docket Number 95–NM–265–AD." The postcard will be date stamped and returned to the commenter.

# Availability of NPRMs

Any person may obtain a copy of this NPRM by submitting a request to the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM-103, Attention: Rules Docket No. 95–NM-265–AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056.

## Discussion

Transport Canada Aviation, which is the airworthiness authority for Canada, recently notified the FAA that an unsafe condition may exist on all de Havilland Model DHC-7 series airplanes. Transport Canada advises that it has received reports of corrosion forming on areas of the airplane structure where black Orcon film covers the thermal insulation blankets. Investigation revealed that the black Orcon film, used to insulate the airplane, contains carbon. The cause of this corrosion has been attributed to the formation of condensation on aluminum airplane structure where the structure comes in contact with the carbon in the black Orcon film. Such corrosion, if not detected and corrected in a timely manner, could result in degradation of the strength of the airplane fuselage structure and, consequently, could lead to sudden loss of cabin pressure.

Explanation of Relevant Service Information

Bombardier has issued Service Bulletin S.B. 7–21–30, dated July 6, 1994, which describes procedures for performing the following:

 A review of the airplane maintenance records to determine if any insulation blankets have been repaired or changed during service;

2. A visual inspection to detect black film insulation of the air conditioning system, if any insulation has been repaired or changed during service, or if a certain kit is installed;

3. A review of the airplane modification records to determine if certain kits have been installed, if no black film insulation is detected; and

4. Various follow-on actions, if any black film insulation is detected. (The follow-on actions include removal of any black film insulation, an inspection to detect corrosion, repair of any corroded structure, and installation of new silver blankets.)

Transport Canada Aviation classified this service bulletin as mandatory and issued Canadian airworthiness directive CF–94–24, dated December 22, 1994, in order to assure the continued airworthiness of these airplanes in Canada.

#### FAA's Conclusions

This airplane model is manufactured in Canada and is type certificated for operation in the United States under the provisions of section 21.29 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.29) and the applicable bilateral airworthiness agreement. Pursuant to this bilateral airworthiness agreement, Transport Canada Aviation has kept the FAA informed of the situation described above. The FAA has examined the findings of Transport Canada Aviation, reviewed all available information, and determined that AD action is necessary for products of this type design that are certificated for operation in the United States.

# Explanation of Requirements of Proposed Rule

Since an unsafe condition has been identified that is likely to exist or develop on other airplanes of the same type design, the proposed AD would require performing a review of the airplane maintenance records to determine if any insulation blankets have been repaired or changed during service, and various follow-on actions, if necessary. The actions would be required to be accomplished in accordance with the service bulletin described previously. The repair of any

corroded structure would be required to be accomplished in accordance with a method approved by the FAA.

## Other Relevant Rulemaking

The FAA previously issued a proposed AD that is similar to this action. That proposed AD [reference Docket 84–NM–89–AD (61 FR 13785, March 28, 1996)] is applicable to de Havilland Model DHC–8 series airplanes and would require actions similar to those proposed in this notice.

#### Cost Impact

The FAA estimates that 50 de Havilland Model DHC-7 series airplanes of U.S. registry would be affected by this proposed AD, that it would take approximately 1 work hour per airplane to accomplish the proposed actions, and that the average labor rate is \$60 per work hour. Based on these figures, the cost impact of the proposed AD on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$3,000, or \$60 per airplane.

The cost impact figure discussed above is based on assumptions that no operator has yet accomplished any of the proposed requirements of this AD action, and that no operator would accomplish those actions in the future if this AD were not adopted.

## Regulatory Impact

The regulations proposed herein would not have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, in accordance with Executive Order 12612, it is determined that this proposal would not have sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this proposed regulation (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under the DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) if promulgated, will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A copy of the draft regulatory evaluation prepared for this action is contained in the Rules Docket. A copy of it may be obtained by contacting the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption "ADDRESSES."

## List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Safety.

The Proposed Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration proposes to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

# PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

#### §39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

De Havilland, Inc.: Docket 95–NM–265–AD. *Applicability*: All Model DHC–7 series airplanes, certificated in any category.

Note 1: This AD applies to each airplane identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been otherwise modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must use the authority provided in paragraph (e) of this AD to request approval from the FAA. This approval may address either no action, if the current configuration eliminates the unsafe condition; or different actions necessary to address the unsafe condition described in this AD. Such a request should include an assessment of the effect of the changed configuration on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD. In no case does the presence of any modification, alteration, or repair remove any airplane from the applicability of this AD.

Compliance: Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To prevent degradation of the structural capability of the fuselage and sudden loss of cabin pressure, accomplish the following:

- (a) Within six months after the effective date of this AD, perform a review of the airplane maintenance records to determine if any insulation blankets have been repaired or changed during service, in accordance with de Havilland Service Bulletin S.B. 7–21–30, dated July 6, 1994.
- (b) If no insulation blanket has been repaired or changed, no further action is required by this AD.
- (c) If any insulation blanket has been repaired or changed, prior to further flight, perform a visual inspection to detect black film insulation of the air conditioning system, in accordance with de Havilland Service Bulletin S.B. 7–21–30, dated July 6, 1994.
- (1) If no black film insulation is detected, prior to further flight, perform a review of the airplane modification records to determine if any kit listed in "Table 1—Modification List" has been installed, in accordance with the service bulletin.

(i) If no kit listed in Table 1—Modification List is found to be installed, no further action is required by this AD.

(ii) If any kit listed in Table 1 is found to be installed, prior to further flight, perform the various follow-on actions in accordance with the service bulletin. (The follow-on actions include an inspection to detect black film insulation, removal of any black film insulation, an inspection to detect corrosion, repair of corroded structure, and installation of new silver blankets.) However, in lieu of repairing corroded structure in accordance with service bulletin, the repair of any corrosion shall be done in accordance with a method approved by the Manager, New York Aircraft Certification Office (ACO), FAA, Engine and Propeller Directorate.

(2) If any black film insulation is detected, prior to further flight, perform the follow-on actions in accordance with the service bulletin. (The follow-on actions include removal of any black film insulation, an inspection to detect corrosion, repair of any corroded structure, and installation of new silver blankets.) However, in lieu of repairing corroded structure in accordance with service bulletin, the repair of any corrosion shall be done in accordance with a method approved by the Manager, New York ACO.

(d) As of the effective date of this AD, no person shall install black Orcon film insulation, part number AN46B/AN36B, on any airplane.

(e) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, New York ACO, FAA, Engine and Propeller Directorate. Operators shall submit their requests through an appropriate FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may add comments and then send it to the Manager, New York ACO.

Note 2: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the New York ACO.

(f) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on September 23, 1996.

Darrell M. Pederson,

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service. [FR Doc. 96–24890 Filed 9–27–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–U

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 96-NM-158-AD]

RIN 2120-AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Beech Model 400A, 400T (Military T-1A), and 400T (Military TX) Series Airplanes

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

**ACTION:** Notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM).

**SUMMARY:** This document proposes the supersedure of an existing airworthiness directive (AD), applicable to certain Beech Model 400A and 400T series airplanes, that currently requires an inspection of certain flap roller retention components to detect discrepant or missing parts; replacement of those parts; and installation of new washers on the roller attach bolts. This proposed action would require the replacement of certain previouslyinstalled washers with new and stronger washers. It would also expand the applicability of the rule to include additional airplanes. This proposal is prompted by reports indicating that some locking tab washers on the roller attach bolt could fail, due to the absence of an inner tang. The actions specified by the proposed AD are intended to prevent the loss of roller attach nuts and the flap roller, which could result in the loss of a flap when the airplane is subject to load limit conditions, and, consequently lead to reduced controllability of the airplane.

**DATES:** Comments must be received by November 8, 1996.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments in triplicate to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM-103, Attention: Rules Docket No. 96-NM-158-AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055-4056. Comments may be inspected at this location between 9:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

The service information referenced in the proposed rule may be obtained from Raytheon Aircraft Corporation,
Commercial Service Department, P.O. Box 85, Wichita, Kansas 67201–0085.
This information may be examined at the FAA, Transport Airplane
Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW.,
Renton, Washington, or the FAA,
Wichita Aircraft Certification Office,
Small Airplane Directorate, 1801
Airport Road, Room 100, Mid-Continent
Airport, Wichita, Kansas.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Larry Engler, Aerospace Engineer, Airframe Branch, ACE-115W, FAA, Wichita Aircraft Certification Office, Small Airplane Directorate, 1801 Airport Road, Room 100, Mid-Continent Airport, Wichita, Kansas 67209; telephone (316) 946-4122; fax (316) 946-4407.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Comments Invited

Interested persons are invited to participate in the making of the proposed rule by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications shall identify the Rules Docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address specified above. All communications received on or before the closing date for comments, specified above, will be considered before taking action on the proposed rule. The proposals contained in this notice may be changed in light of the comments received.

Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, economic, environmental, and energy aspects of the proposed rule. All comments submitted will be available, both before and after the closing date for comments, in the Rules Docket for examination by interested persons. A report summarizing each FAA-public contact concerned with the substance of this proposal will be filed in the Rules Docket.

Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments submitted in response to this notice must submit a self-addressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: "Comments to Docket Number 96–NM–158–AD." The postcard will be date stamped and returned to the commenter.

# Availability of NPRMs

Any person may obtain a copy of this NPRM by submitting a request to the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM-103, Attention: Rules Docket No. 96-NM-158-AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055-4056.

### Discussion

On June 23, 1994, the FAA issued AD 94–14–06, amendment 39–8958 (59 FR 35234, July 11, 1994), applicable to certain Beech Model 400A and 400T (Military T–1A) series airplanes. That AD requires a one-time inspection of the flap roller retention components to detect discrepant or missing parts; the replacement of such parts, if necessary; and the installation of new washers, tab washers, and flat washers on the roller attach bolts.

That action was prompted by reports indicating that some locking washers were missing inner tabs; such discrepancies would prevent these washers from locking. The requirements of that AD are intended to prevent loss of the main or aft flap surface, which could lead to reduced controllability of the airplane.