

DOCKET# MG96-15 000 KOCH
GATEWAY PIPELINE COMPANY
CAG-26.
DOCKET# CP89-629 031 TENNESSEE
GAS PIPELINE COMPANY
OTHER#S CP89-634 022 IROQUOIS GAS
TRANSMISSION SYSTEM, L.P.
CP90-639 019 TENNESSEE GAS PIPELINE
COMPANY
CP91-2677 006 IROQUOIS GAS
TRANSMISSION SYSTEM, L.P.
CAG-27.
DOCKET# CP96-583 000 MIDCON TEXAS
PIPELINE CORPORATION
CAG-28.
DOCKET# CP94-762 000 COLORADO
INTERSTATE GAS COMPANY
OTHER#S CP95-26 000 MIGC, INC.
CAG-29.
DOCKET# CP96-271 000 WILLIAMS
NATURAL GAS COMPANY
CAG-30.
DOCKET# CP96-288 000 WYOMING
INTERSTATE COMPANY, LTD.
OTHER#S CP96-335 000 COLORADO
INTERSTATE GAS COMPANY
CAG-31.
DOCKET# CP96-289 000 COLORADO
INTERSTATE GAS COMPANY
CAG-32.
DOCKET# CP96-506 000 TRAILBLAZER
PIPELINE COMPANY
CAG-33.
DOCKET# CP87-39 004 GRANITE STATE
GAS TRANSMISSION, INC
CAG-34.
DOCKET# CP96-337 000 ANR PIPELINE
COMPANY
CAG-35.
DOCKET# CP96-497 000 VALERO
TRANSMISSION COMPANY AND
WEST TEXAS GAS, INC.
CAG-36.
DOCKET# CP95-755 000 MISSOURI GAS
ENERGY, A DIVISION OF SOUTHERN
UNION COMPANY V. PANHANDLE
EASTERN PIPE LINE COMPANY
CAG-37.
OMITTED
CAG-38.
DOCKET# CP96-11 000 CITRUS ENERGY
SERVICES, INC.
OTHER#S CP96-12 000 FLORIDA GAS
TRANSMISSION COMPANY

Hydro Agenda

H-1.
RESERVED
Electric Agenda!
E-1.
RESERVED

Oil and Gas Agenda

I.
PIPELINE RATE MATTERS
PR-1.
RESERVED
II.
PIPELINE CERTIFICATE MATTERS
PC-1.
RESERVED

Lois D. Cashell,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 96-23137 Filed 9-5-96; 4:23 pm]

BILLING CODE 6717-01-P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[SWH-FRL-5607-7]

RIN 2050-AD84

Hazardous Waste Management System; Identification and Listing of Hazardous Waste; Solvents and Petroleum Refining

AGENCY: U.S. Environmental Protection
Agency.

ACTION: Notice of data availability.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection
Agency is making available to the public
two studies—one on certain petroleum
refining wastes and another on the uses
of certain chemicals as solvents.

ADDRESSES: The studies are available for
viewing in the EPA RCRA Information
Center, Docket Number F-96-SPSA-
FFFFF. The address is U.S. EPA, Crystal
Gateway, First Floor, 1235 Jefferson
Davis Highway, Arlington, VA. The
docket is open from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m.,
Monday through Friday, excluding
Federal holidays. The public must make
an appointment to review docket
materials by calling (703) 603-9230. The
public may copy material from any
regulatory docket at no cost for the first
100 pages, and at \$0.15 per page for
additional copies.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: The
RCRA/Superfund Hotline toll-free, at
(800) 424-9346, or at (703) 920-9810 in
the Washington, DC metropolitan area.
The TDD Hotline number is (800) 553-
7672 (toll-free) or (703) 486-3323 in the
Washington, DC metropolitan area. For
technical information on the studies,
contact Mr. Max Diaz, (703) 308-0439
(petroleum), or Mr. Ron Josephson,
(703) 308-0442 (solvents), U.S. EPA
Office of Solid Waste, Waste
Identification Branch (5304W), 401 M
St., SW., Washington, DC 20460.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The
Environmental Defense Fund (EDF) and
EPA entered into a consent decree to
resolve most of the issues raised in a
civil action undertaken by the
Environmental Defense Fund (*EDF v.*
Browner, Civ. No. 89-0598 (D.D.C.)),
under the Solid Waste Disposal Act, 42
U.S.C. 6901 et seq., as amended
(commonly referred to as RCRA). In that
action, the Agency agreed, among other
things, to a schedule for conducting
studies on certain spent solvent and
petroleum refining wastes. The consent
decree was approved by the court on
December 9, 1994. As modified, the
consent decree provides that the final
reports are scheduled to be issued on or
before August 30, 1996.

The solvents study addresses wastes
associated with the use of certain
materials as solvents, the toxicity of the
wastes, and a description of the
management practices for the wastes.
These materials are: diethylamine,
aniline, ethylene oxide, allyl chloride,
1,4-dioxane, 1,1-dichloroethylene, and
bromoforn.

The petroleum study characterizes the
following petroleum refining wastes and
how they are managed: Desalting sludge
from crude desalting, off-specification
product and fines from residual
upgrading, residual oil storage tank
sludge, treating clay from clay filtering,
treating clay from the extraction/
isomerization process, catalyst from
catalytic hydrocracking, process sludge
from residual upgrading, off-
specification product from sulfur
complex and H₂S removal facilities,
catalyst from extraction/isomerization
process, treating clay from lube oil
processing, off-specification treating
solution from sulfur complex and H₂S
removal facilities, catalyst from
polymerization, treating clay from
alkylation, acid soluble oil from HF
alkylation, and catalyst from HF
alkylation. The report includes a
discussion of the concentration of toxic
constituents in each waste, the volume
of each waste generated, and the
management practices for each waste
(including plausible mismanagement
practices).

Additional information pertaining to
these studies is available in the RCRA
Section 3007 Questionnaire data used in
the development of EPA's petroleum
listing determination proposal, 60 FR
57747 (November 20, 1995), and the
solvent listing determination proposal,
61 FR 42318 (August 14, 1996). Please
see docket numbers F-95-PRLP-FFFFF
(petroleum) or F-96-SLDP-FFFFF
(solvents).

Dated: August 30, 1996.

Loretta Marzetti,

Acting Director, Office of Solid Waste.

[FR Doc. 96-23065 Filed 9-9-96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

[FRL-5607-4]

Common Sense Initiative Council, Automobile Manufacturing Sector Subcommittee (CSIC-AMS)

AGENCY: Environmental Protection
Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice of open public advisory
meeting via conference call of the
Common Sense Initiative Council,
Automobile Manufacturing Sector
Subcommittee (CSIC-AMS).

SUMMARY: Pursuant to the Federal Advisory Committee Act, Public Law 92-463, notice is hereby given that the Automobile Manufacturing Sector Subcommittee of the Common Sense Initiative Council will hold an open meeting via conference call on September 26, 1996.

OPEN MEETING NOTICE: Notice is hereby given that the Environmental Protection Agency is holding an open meeting via conference call of the Automobile Manufacturing Sector Subcommittee of the Common Sense Initiative Council on September 26, 1996. The meeting will begin at 10:00 a.m. EDT and run until 2:00 p.m. EDT.

This meeting will be a follow-up to previous discussions regarding regulatory projects to be addressed by the CSIC-AMS. The CSIC-AMS is planning to decide whether or not there are regulatory issues they would like to address for the automobile manufacturing industry in this forum. The CSIC-AMS will also receive brief updates from the Life-Cycle Management/Supplier Partnership Project Team and Alternative Sector Regulatory System/Community Technical Assistance Project Team.

A limited number of lines have been reserved for public participation. Lines will be made available through reservations on a first come, first serve basis. Advance registration is required to obtain a reservation. Any person or organization interested in participating in the meeting should contact Keith Mason, Alternate Designated Federal Officer, no later than September 23, 1996, at (202) 260-1360. Each individual or group wishing to make oral presentations will be allowed a total of three minutes. For further information concerning this meeting, contact Keith Mason, Alternate DFO on (202) 260-1360, Julie Lynch, Alternate DFO on (202) 260-4000, or Carol Kemker, DFO, on (404) 347-3555, extension 4222.

INSPECTION OF CSIC DOCUMENTS: After the meeting, documents relating to this meeting, together with the official minutes, will be available for public inspection in Room 2821 Mall of EPA Headquarters, Common Sense Initiative Program Staff, 401 M Street, SW., Washington, DC 20460, phone (202) 260-7417. CSIC information can be accessed electronically through contacting Katherine Brown at: brown.katherines@epamail.epa.gov.

Dated: September 4, 1996.

Robert English,

Acting Designated Federal Officer.

[FR Doc. 96-23064 Filed 9-9-96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

[OPPTS-44630; FRL-5392-4]

TSCA Chemical Testing; Receipt of Test Data

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice announces the receipt of test data on refractory ceramic fibers (RCFs) (CAS No. 142844-00-6), submitted pursuant to a Testing Consent Order under the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA). Publication of this notice is in compliance with section 4(d) of TSCA.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Susan B. Hazen, Director, Environmental Assistance Division (7408), Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics, Environmental Protection Agency, Rm. E-541A, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460, (202) 554-1404, TDD (202) 554-0551; E-mail: TSCA-Hotline@epamail.epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Section 4(d) of TSCA requires EPA to publish a notice in the Federal Register reporting the receipt of test data submitted pursuant to test rules promulgated under section 4(a) within 15 days after it is received. Under 40 CFR 790.60, all results of testing conducted pursuant to a consent order must be announced to the public in accordance with the procedures specified in section 4(d) of TSCA.

I. Test Data Submissions

Test data for refractory ceramic fibers were submitted by three member companies of the Refractory Ceramic Fiber Coalition (Carborundum Company, Premier Refractories and Chemicals, Incorporated, and Thermal Ceramics, Incorporated) pursuant to a Testing Consent Order at 40 CFR 799.5000. They were received by EPA on June 23, 1996. The submission describes workplace exposure monitoring data from RCFC company facilities, as well as from their customers' facilities. The customers selected include those chosen at random and those who specifically requested monitoring. Air monitoring samples were collected from employees engaged in RCF fiber production and processing, or use in functional categories such as forming, finishing, and installation.

RCFs are used as insulation for industrial insulation applications such as high temperature furnaces, heaters, and kilns. RCFs are also used in automotive applications, aerospace uses, and in certain commercial appliances such as self-cleaning ovens.

EPA has initiated its review and evaluation process for these data

submissions. At this time, the Agency is unable to provide any determination as to the completeness of the submissions.

II. Public Record

EPA has established a public record for this TSCA section 4(d) receipt of data notice (docket number OPPTS-44630). This record includes copies of all data reported in this notice. The record is available for inspection from 12 noon to 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, except legal holidays, in the TSCA Nonconfidential Information Center (NCIC) (also known as the TSCA Public Docket Office), Rm. NE-B607, 401 M St., SW., Washington, DC 20460.

Authority: 15 U.S.C. 2603.

List of Subjects

Environmental protection, Test data.
Dated: August 28, 1996.

Williams H. Sanders III,
Director, Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics.

[FR Doc. 96-22966 Filed 9-9-96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-F

[FRL-5560-8]

Ocotillo-Coyote Wells Aquifer in Imperial County, California; Sole Source Aquifer Final Determination

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to Section 1424(e) of the Safe Drinking Water Act, the Regional Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has determined that the Ocotillo-Coyote Wells Aquifer, underlying portions of Imperial County, California, is the sole or principal source of drinking water for Ocotillo, Nomirage, Yuha Estates, and Coyote Wells and that this aquifer, if contaminated, would create a significant hazard to public health. As a result of this action, all Federal financially assisted projects constructed in the Ocotillo-Coyote Wells area and its streamflow source zones will be subject to EPA review to ensure that these projects are designed and constructed such that they do not create a significant hazard to public health.

DATES: This determination shall be promulgated for purposes of judicial review at 1:00 P.M. Eastern time on September 24, 1996.

ADDRESSES: The data on which these findings are based are available to the public and may be inspected during normal business hours at the U.S.