

**PART 52—SOLICITATION PROVISIONS AND CONTRACT CLAUSES**

7. Section 52.223-13 is revised to read as follows:

**52.223-13 Certification of Toxic Chemical Release Reporting.**

As prescribed in 23.907(a), insert the following provision:

**CERTIFICATION OF TOXIC CHEMICAL RELEASE REPORTING**

October 7, 1996

(a) Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this contract imposed by Executive Order 12969, August 8, 1995.

(b) By signing this offer, the offeror certifies that—

(1) As the owner or operator of facilities that will be used in the performance of this contract that are subject to the filing and reporting requirements described in section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986 (EPCRA) (42 U.S.C. 11023) and section 6607 of the Pollution Prevention Act of 1990 (PPA) (42 U.S.C. 13106), the offeror will file and continue to file for such facilities for the life of the contract the Toxic Chemical Release Inventory Form (Form R) as described in sections 313(a) and (g) of EPCRA and section 6607 of PPA; or

(2) None of its owned or operated facilities to be used in the performance of this contract is subject to the Form R filing and reporting requirements because each such facility is exempt for at least one of the following reasons: (*Check each block that is applicable.*)

☐ (i) The facility does not manufacture, process, or otherwise use any toxic chemicals listed under section 313(c) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. 11023(c);

☐ (ii) The facility does not have 10 or more full-time employees as specified in section 313(b)(1)(A) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. 11023(b)(1)(A);

☐ (iii) The facility does not meet the reporting thresholds of toxic chemicals established under section 313(f) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. 11023(f) (including the alternate thresholds at 40 CFR 372.27, provided an appropriate certification form has been filed with EPA);

☐ (iv) The facility does not fall within Standard Industrial Classification Code (SIC) designations 20 through 39 as set forth in Section 19.102 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation; or

☐ (v) The facility is not located within any State of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, American Samoa, the United States Virgin Islands, the Northern Mariana Islands, or any other territory or possession over which the United States has jurisdiction.

(End of provision)

8. Section 52.223-14 is revised to read as follows:

**52.223-14 Toxic Chemical Release Reporting.**

As prescribed in 23.907(b), insert the following clause:

**TOXIC CHEMICAL RELEASE REPORTING**  
October 7, 1996

(a) Unless otherwise exempt, the Contractor, as owner or operator of a facility used in the performance of this contract, shall file by July 1 for the prior calendar year an annual Toxic Chemical Release Inventory Form (Form R) as described in sections 313(a) and (g) of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986 (EPCRA) (42 U.S.C. 11023(a) and (g)), and section 6607 of the Pollution Prevention Act of 1990 (PPA) (42 U.S.C. 13106). The Contractor shall file, for each facility subject to the Form R filing and reporting requirements, the annual Form R throughout the life of the contract.

(b) A Contractor owned or operated facility used in the performance of this contract is exempt from the requirement to file an annual Form R if—

(1) The facility does not manufacture, process, or otherwise use any toxic chemicals listed under section 313(c) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. 11023(c);

(2) The facility does not have 10 or more full-time employees as specified in section 313(b)(1)(A) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. 11023(b)(1)(A);

(3) The facility does not meet the reporting thresholds of toxic chemicals established under section 313(f) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. 11023(f) (including the alternate thresholds at 40 CFR 372.27, provided an appropriate certification form has been filed with EPA);

(4) The facility does not fall within Standard Industrial Classification Code (SIC) designations 20 through 39 as set forth in Section 19.102 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR); or

(5) The facility is not located within any State of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, American Samoa, the United States Virgin Islands, the Northern Mariana Islands, or any other territory or possession over which the United States has jurisdiction.

(c) If the Contractor has certified to an exemption in accordance with one or more of the criteria in paragraph (b) of this clause, and after award of the contract circumstances change so that any of its owned or operated facilities used in the performance of this contract is no longer exempt—

(1) The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer; and

(2) The Contractor, as owner or operator of a facility used in the performance of this contract that is no longer exempt, shall (i) submit a Toxic Chemical Release Inventory Form (Form R) on or before July 1 for the prior calendar year during which the facility becomes eligible; and (ii) continue to file the annual Form R for the life of the contract for such facility.

(d) The Contracting Officer may terminate this contract or take other action as appropriate, if the Contractor fails to comply accurately and fully with the EPCRA and PPA toxic chemical release filing and reporting requirements.

(e) Except for acquisitions of commercial items as defined in FAR Part 2, the Contractor shall—

(1) For competitive subcontracts expected to exceed \$100,000 (including all options), include a solicitation provision substantially the same as the provision at FAR 52.223-13, Certification of Toxic Chemical Release Reporting; and

(2) Include in any resultant subcontract exceeding \$100,000 (including all options), the substance of this clause, except this paragraph (e).

(End of clause)

[FR Doc. 96-20191 Filed 8-7-96; 8:45 am]

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**DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE****GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION****NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION****48 CFR Parts 25 and 52**

[FAC 90-41; FAR Case 95-303; Item IV]

RIN 9000-AG82

**Federal Acquisition Regulation; Restrictions on Certain Foreign Purchases**

**AGENCIES:** Department of Defense (DOD), General Services Administration (GSA), and National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA).

**ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** The Civilian Agency Acquisition Council and the Defense Acquisition Regulations Council have agreed on a final rule to amend the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) Parts 25 and 52 to implement Executive Order 12959, Prohibiting Certain Transactions with Respect to Iran, and to conform the FAR to other current restrictions of the Department of the Treasury. This regulatory action was not subject to Office of Management and Budget review under Executive Order 12866, dated September 30, 1993, and is not a major rule under 5 U.S.C. 804.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** October 7, 1996.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Mr. Peter O'Such, at (202) 501-1759 in reference to this FAR case. For general information, contact the FAR Secretariat, Room 4037, GS Building, Washington, DC 20405 (202) 501-4755. Please cite FAC 90-41, FAR case 95-303.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:****A. Background**

This final rule amends FAR Parts 25 and 52 to implement Executive Order

12959, Prohibiting Certain Transactions with Respect to Iran, which became effective May 6, 1995, and to conform the FAR to current restrictions in 31 CFR Chapter V (Office of Foreign Assets Control, Department of the Treasury). Subpart 25.7 and the clause at 52.225-11 are revised to add Iran and Libya to the list of prohibited sources, and to delete restrictions on procurement from Vietnam, Cambodia, and South Africa. A proposed rule was published in the Federal Register on February 22, 1996, at 61 FR 6910. No public comments were received. No changes were made to the proposed rule.

#### B. Regulatory Flexibility Act

The Department of Defense, the General Services Administration, and the National Aeronautics and Space Administration certify that this final rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities within the meaning of the Regulatory Flexibility Act, 5 U.S.C. 601, *et seq.*, because the rule does not impose any new requirements on contractors, large or small. The rule merely notifies contractors of changes in the existing prohibitions against transactions with certain countries. This change should have minimal impact on U.S. firms. There were no public comments in response to the Regulatory Flexibility Act Statement published with the proposed rule.

#### C. Paperwork Reduction Act

The Paperwork Reduction Act does not apply because the changes to the FAR do not impose recordkeeping or information collection requirements, or collections of information from offerors, contractors, or members of the public which require the approval of the Office of Management and Budget under 44 U.S.C. 3501, *et seq.*

List of Subjects in 48 CFR Parts 25 and 52

Government procurement.

Dated: August 2, 1996.

Edward C. Loeb,  
Director, Federal Acquisition Policy Division.

Therefore, 48 CFR Parts 25 and 52 are amended as set forth below:

1. The authority citation for 48 CFR Parts 25 and 52 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 40 U.S.C. 486(c); 10 U.S.C. chapter 137; and 42 U.S.C. 2473(c).

#### PART 25—FOREIGN ACQUISITION

2. Subpart 25.7 is revised to read as follows:

#### Subpart 25.7—Restrictions on Certain Foreign Purchases

Sec.

25.701 Restrictions.

25.702 Contract clause.

##### 25.701 Restrictions.

(a) The Government does not acquire supplies or services from foreign governments or their organizations when these supplies or services cannot be imported lawfully into the United States. Therefore, agencies and their contractors and subcontractors shall not acquire any supplies or services originating from sources within, or that were located in or transported from or through—

- (1) Cuba (31 CFR part 515);
- (2) Iran (31 CFR part 560);
- (3) Iraq (31 CFR part 575);
- (4) Libya (31 CFR part 550); or
- (5) North Korea (31 CFR part 500).

(b) Agencies and their contractors and subcontractors shall not acquire any supplies or services from entities controlled by the Government of Iraq (Executive Orders 12722 and 12724).

(c) Questions concerning these restrictions should be referred to the Department of the Treasury, Office of Foreign Assets Control, Washington, DC 20220, (202) 622-2520.

##### 25.702 Contract clause.

The contracting officer shall insert the clause at 52.225-11, Restrictions on Certain Foreign Purchases, in solicitations and contracts over \$2,500.

#### PART 52—SOLICITATION PROVISIONS AND CONTRACT CLAUSES

3. Section 52.225-11 is revised to read as follows:

##### 52.225-11 Restrictions on Certain Foreign Purchases.

As prescribed in 25.702, insert the following clause:

Restrictions on Certain Foreign Purchases  
October 7, 1996

(a) Unless advance written approval of the Contracting Officer is obtained, the Contractor shall not acquire, for use in the performance of this contract, any supplies or services originating from sources within, or that were located in or transported from or through, countries whose products are banned from importation into the United States under regulations of the Office of Foreign Assets Control, Department of the Treasury. Those countries include Cuba, Iran, Iraq, Libya, and North Korea.

(b) The Contractor shall not acquire for use in the performance of this contract any supplies or services from entities controlled by the Government of Iraq.

(c) The Contractor agrees to insert the provisions of this clause, including this paragraph (c), in all subcontracts hereunder.

(End of clause)

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#### DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

#### GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

#### NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

#### 48 CFR Part 31

[FAC 90-41; FAR Case 93-010; Item V]

RIN 9000-AG65

#### Federal Acquisition Regulation; Legal Proceedings Costs

**AGENCIES:** Department of Defense (DOD), General Services Administration (GSA), and National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA).

**ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** The Civilian Agency Acquisition Council and the Defense Acquisition Regulations Council have agreed on a final rule to amend the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) to make the costs of pre- or post-award protests unallowable. An exception to this requirement is made for costs incurred to defend against a protest, if the costs are incurred pursuant to a written request from the contracting officer. This regulatory action was not subject to Office of Management and Budget review under Executive Order 12866, dated September 30, 1993, and is not a major rule under 5 U.S.C. 804.

**EFFECTIVE DATE:** October 7, 1996.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Mr. Jeremy Olson at (202) 501-3221 in reference to this FAR case. For general information, contact the FAR Secretariat, Room 4037, GS Building, Washington, DC 20405 (202) 501-4755. Please cite FAC 90-41, FAR case 93-010.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

##### A. Background

This final rule adds another category of unallowable costs to the list at 31.205-47(f). The rule disallows costs in connection with protests or the defense against protests of solicitations or contract awards, unless the costs of defending against a protest are incurred pursuant to a written request from the contracting officer. A proposed rule was published in the Federal Register on October 26, 1995, at 60 FR 54918. Twelve sources submitted public comments. All comments were considered in developing the final rule.