

Signed at Washington, D.C. this 1st day of July 1996.

Curtis K. Kooser,

Program Manager, Policy and Reemployment Services, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 96-17768 Filed 7-11-96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-30-M

[TA-W-31, 694; TA-W-31, 694A]

Snyder Oil Corporation, Headquartered in Fort Worth, TX Operating Throughout the States of Texas and Wyoming; Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 USC 2273) the Department of Labor issued a Certification of Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance on February 2, 1996, applicable to all workers of Snyder Oil Corporation, headquartered in Fort Worth, Texas and operating throughout the State of Texas. The notice was published in the Federal Register on February 21, 1996 (61 FR 6660).

At the request of the company, the Department reviewed the certification for workers of the subject firm. New findings show that worker separations will occur at Snyder Oil's production operations throughout the State of Wyoming. The workers are engaged in employment related to the production of crude oil, natural gas and natural gas liquids.

The intent of the Department's certification is to include all workers of Snyder Oil Corporation adversely affected by imports. Accordingly, the Department is amending the certification to include all workers at the subject firms' Wyoming locations.

The amended notice applicable to TA-W-31, 694 is hereby issued as follows:

"All workers at Snyder Oil Corporation, headquartered in Fort Worth, Texas, operating throughout the State of Texas (TA-W-31, 694), and operating throughout the State of Wyoming (TA-W-31, 694A), who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after November 17, 1994 are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974."

Signed at Washington, D.C. this 1st day of July 1996.

Curtis K. Kooser,

Acting Program Manager, Policy and Reemployment Services, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 96-17774 Filed 7-11-96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-30-M

[NAFTA-00946; NAFTA-00946A]

Montana Power Company, Colstrip Project Division, Colstrip, MT and Western Energy Company, Colstrip, MT; Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility To Apply for NAFTA Transitional Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 250(a), Subchapter D, Chapter 2, Title II, of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 USC 2273), the Department of Labor issued a Certification for NAFTA Transitional Adjustment Assistance on May 10, 1996, applicable to all workers of Montana Power Company, Colstrip Project Division located in Colstrip, Montana. The certification was published in the Federal Register on May 24, 1996 (61 FR 26220).

At the request of petitioners, the Department reviewed the certification for workers of the subject firm. The new findings show that worker separations have occurred at Western Energy Company in Colstrip, Montana. Western Energy is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Montana Power Company. The workers are engaged in employment related to the production of electricity.

The intent of the Department's certification is to include all workers of the subject firm who were adversely affected by increased imports. Accordingly, the Department is amending the certification to include workers at Western Energy Company.

The amended notice applicable to NAFTA-00946 is hereby issued as follows:

All workers of Montana Power Company, Colstrip Project Division (NAFTA-00946), and Western Energy Company (NAFTA-00946A), both located in Colstrip, Montana, who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after April 1, 1995, are eligible to apply for NAFTA-TAA under Section 250 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed in Washington, D.C., this 27th day of June 1996.

Linda G. Poole,

Acting Program Manager, Policy and Reemployment Services, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 96-17777 Filed 7-11-96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-30-M

[NAFTA-00952, 00952A]

Scotts Hill Leisurewear Inc., a Wholly Owned Subsidiary of I. Appel Corporation, Scotts Hill, TN and Henderson, TN; Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility To Apply for NAFTA Transitional Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 250(a), Subchapter D, Chapter 2, Title II, of the

Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 USC 2273), the Department of Labor issued a Certification for NAFTA Transitional Adjustment Assistance on May 8, 1996, applicable to all workers of Scotts Hill Leisurewear Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of I. Appel Corporation, located in Scotts Hill, Tennessee. The certification was published in the Federal Register on May 24, 1996 (61 FR 26219).

At the request of the State agency, the Department reviewed the certification for workers of the subject firm. The findings show that worker separations have occurred at Scotts Hill Leisurewear plant in Henderson, Tennessee. The workers produce ladies robes and sleepwear.

The intent of the Department's certification is to include all workers of the subject firm who were adversely affected by a shift in production from the workers' firm to Mexico or Canada. Accordingly, the Department is amending the certification to include workers at the Scotts Hill Leisurewear plant in Henderson.

The amended notice applicable to NAFTA-00952 is hereby issued as follows:

All workers of Scotts Hill Leisurewear, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of the I. Appel Corporation, Scotts Hill, Tennessee (NAFTA-00952) and Henderson, Tennessee (NAFTA-00952A) who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after March 28, 1995, are eligible to apply for NAFTA-TAA under Section 250 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed in Washington, D.C., this 1st day of July 1996.

Curtis K. Kooser,

Acting Program Manager, Policy and Reemployment Services, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 96-17771 Filed 7-11-96; 8:45 am]

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[NAFTA-00868]

Stone Ridge Farm, Livingston Manor, NY; Notice of Revised Determination On Reopening

On June 13, 1996, the Department issued an Affirmative Determination Regarding Application for Reconsideration for workers and formers workers of the subject firm. The notice will soon be published in the Federal Register.

The workers at Stone Ridge Farm were engaged in the production of beef cattle. New findings on reconsideration show that a major customer of Stone Ridge Farm imported beef from Canada during the time period relevant to the investigation. Other findings on

reconsideration show that the value of United States imports of cattle from Mexico and Canada increased from 1994 to 1995.

Conclusion

After careful review of the additional facts obtained on reconsideration, I conclude that increased imports from Mexico and Canada of articles like or directly competitive with cattle contributed importantly to the declines in sales or production and to the total or partial separation of workers at Stone Ridge Farm, Livingston, New York. In accordance with the provisions of the Act, I make the following certification:

"All workers of Stone Ridge Farm, Livingston, New York who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after March 1, 1995 are eligible to apply for NAFTA-TAA under Section 250 of the Trade Act of 1974."

Signed at Washington, D.C. this 1st day of July 1996.

Curtis K. Kooser,

Acting Program Manager, Policy and Reemployment Services, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 96-17767 Filed 7-11-96; 8:45 am]

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Employment Standards Administration

Wage and Hour Division; Minimum Wages for Federal and Federally Assisted Construction; General Wage Determination Decisions

General wage determination decisions of the Secretary of Labor are issued in accordance with applicable law and are based on the information obtained by the Department of Labor from its study of local wage conditions and data made available from other sources. They specify the basic hourly wage rates and fringe benefits which are determined to be prevailing for the described classes of laborers and mechanics employed on construction projects of a similar character and in the localities specified therein.

The determinations in these decisions of prevailing rates and fringe benefits have been made in accordance with 29 CFR Part 1, by authority of the Secretary of Labor pursuant to the provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act of March 3, 1931, as amended (46 Stat. 1494, as amended, 40 U.S.C. 276a) and of other Federal statutes referred to in 29 CFR Part 1, Appendix, as well as such additional statutes as may from time to time be enacted containing provisions for the payment of wages determined to be prevailing by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with the Davis-Bacon Act. The prevailing rates and fringe benefits

determined in these decisions shall, in accordance with the provisions of the foregoing statutes, constitute the minimum wages payable on Federal and federally assisted construction projects to laborers and mechanics of the specified classes engaged on contract work of the character and in the localities described therein.

Good cause is hereby found for not utilizing notice and public comment procedure thereon prior to the issuance of these determinations as prescribed in 5 U.S.C. 553 and not providing for delay in the effective date as prescribed in that section, because the necessity to issue current construction industry wage determinations frequently and in large volume causes procedures to be impractical and contrary to the public interest.

General wage determination decisions, and modifications and supersedeas decisions thereto, contain no expiration dates and are effective from their date of notice in the Federal Register, or on the date written notice is received by the agency, whichever is earlier. These decisions are to be used in accordance with the provisions of 29 CFR Parts 1 and 5. Accordingly, the applicable decision, together with any modifications issued, must be made a part of every contract for performance of the described work within the geographic area indicated as required by an applicable Federal prevailing wage law and 29 CFR Part 5. The wage rates and fringe benefits, notice of which is published herein, and which are contained in the Government Printing Office (GPO) document entitled "General Wage Determinations Issued Under The Davis-Bacon And Related Acts," shall be the minimum paid by contractors and subcontractors to laborers and mechanics.

Any person, organization, or governmental agency having an interests in the rates determined as prevailing is encouraged to submit wage rate and fringe benefit information for consideration by the Department. Further information and self-explanatory forms for the purpose of submitting this data may be obtained by writing to the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment Standards Administration, Wage and Hour Division, Division of Wage Determinations, 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Room S-3014, Washington, D.C. 20210.

Modification to General Wage Determination Decisions

The number of decisions listed in the Government Printing Office document entitled "General Wage Determinations Issued Under the Davis-Bacon and

Related Acts" being modified are listed by Volume and State. Dates of publication in the Federal Register are in parentheses following the decisions being modified.

Volume I

NONE

Volume II

District of Columbia

DC960001 (March 15, 1996)

DC960003 (March 15, 1996)

Delaware

DE960001 (March 15, 1996)

DE960002 (March 15, 1996)

DE960004 (March 15, 1996)

DE960005 (March 15, 1996)

DE960009 (March 15, 1996)

Maryland

MD960008 (March 15, 1996)

MD960017 (March 15, 1996)

MD960035 (March 15, 1996)

MD960047 (March 15, 1996)

MD960048 (March 15, 1996)

Virginia

VA960022 (March 15, 1996)

VA960034 (March 15, 1996)

VA960039 (March 15, 1996)

VA960052 (March 15, 1996)

VA960063 (March 15, 1996)

VA960069 (March 15, 1996)

VA960102 (March 15, 1996)

VA960104 (March 15, 1996)

VA960105 (March 15, 1996)

Volume III

Kentucky

KY960025 (March 15, 1996)

KY960027 (March 15, 1996)

KY960028 (March 15, 1996)

Volume IV

Indiana

IN960001 (May 17, 1996)

Volume V

Louisiana

LA960001 (March 15, 1996)

LA960004 (March 15, 1996)

LA960005 (March 15, 1996)

LA960009 (March 15, 1996)

LA960014 (March 15, 1996)

LA960018 (March 15, 1996)

Volume VI

Alaska

AK960001 (March 15, 1996)

California

CA960032 (March 15, 1996)

Hawaii

HI960001 (March 15, 1996)

Idaho

ID960001 (March 15, 1996)

Nevada

NV960001 (March 15, 1996)

NV960002 (March 15, 1996)

NV960003 (March 15, 1996)

NV960004 (March 15, 1996)

NV960005 (March 15, 1996)

NV960006 (March 15, 1996)

NV960007 (March 15, 1996)

Oregon

OR960001 (March 15, 1996)

OR960017 (March 15, 1996)

South Dakota