PROJECT TITLE: New Hampshire— New Hampshire Employment Program. CONTACT PERSON: Marianne Broshek, (603) 271–4442.

PROJECT TITLE: Wyoming—New Opportunities and New Responsibilities (Amendments—Minor Parent Provisions): approved in accordance with expedited 30-day process.

CONTACT PERSON: Marianne Lee, (307) 777–6849.

IV. Requests for Copies of a Proposal

Requests for copies of an AFDC or combined AFDC/Medicaid proposal should be directed to the Administration for Children and Families (ACF) at the address listed above. Questions concerning the content of a proposal should be directed to the State contact listed for the proposal. (Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Program, No. 93562; Assistance Payments—Research.)

Dated: July 2, 1996.

Karl Koerper,

Director, Division of Economic Independence Office of Planning, Research and Evaluation. [FR Doc. 96–17282 Filed 7–5–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4184–01–P

Administration for Children and Families Office of Family Assistance

Statement of Organization, Functions, and Delegations of Authority

This notice amends Part K of the Statement of Organization, Functions, and Delegations of Authority of the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS), Administration for Children and Families (ACF) as follows: Chapter KH, The Office of Family Assistance (OFA) (60 FR 2766), as last amended, January 11, 1995. This Notice reflects the OFA'S new structure, which refocuses efforts to meet performance goals of economic independence for families and healthy development of children. Specifically, delete Chapter KH in its entirety, and replace it with the following:

KH.00 Mission. The Office of Family Assistance (OFA) advises the Secretary, through the Assistant Secretary for Children and Families, on matters relating to public assistance and economic self-sufficiency programs. The Office provides leadership, direction and technical guidance to the nationwide administration of the following programs: Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC); Aid to the Aged, Blind and Disabled in Guam, Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands; the Emergency Assistance Program (EA); and the Job Opportunities

and Basic Skills Training Program (JOBS). OFA develops, recommends and issues policies, procedures and interpretations to provide direction to these programs. It provides direction and guidance in the collection and dissemination of performance and other valuative data for these programs. The Office provides technical assistance to States, territories, Indian Tribes and Native American organizations, and assesses their performance in administering these programs; reviews state planning for administrative and operational improvements; and recommends actions to improve effectiveness. Reviews, approves and monitors research and demonstration projects to achieve welfare reform; directs reviews; and provides consultations and conducts necessary negotiations to achieve effective public assistance programs.

KH.10 Organization. The Office of Family Assistance is headed by a Director who reports to the Assistant Secretary for Children and Families. The Office is organized as follows:

Office of the Director (KHA)
Division of Self-Sufficiency Programs
(KHB)

Division of Performance Measurement (KHC)

KH.20 Functions A. The Office of the Director is directly responsible to the Assistant Secretary for Children and Families for carrying out OFA's mission and providing direction, leadership, guidance and general supervision to the principal components of OFA. The Office is headed by the Director for Family Assistance. The Deputy Director assists the Director in carrying out the responsibilities of the Office. The Executive Officer assists the Director, Deputy Director and OFA Divisions in providing general oversight of management, administrative and personnel activities and in coordinating the formulation and execution of program and administrative budgets.

B. The Division of Self-Sufficiency Programs (DSS) provides direction and guidance in the nationwide administration of the Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), Aid to the Aged, Blind and Disabled, Emergency Assistance and Job Opportunities and Basic Skills Training (JOBS) Programs under the Social Security Act. The Division proposes legislation and implements national policy, develops regulations to implement new laws and prepares policy interpretations. The Division provides technical assistance to States, territories, Indian Tribes and Native American organizations; assesses their performance in administering these

programs; and recommends and promotes improvements in outcomes for clients. The Division develops and implements strategies to assist grantees in implementing and improving their self-sufficiency programs. DSS identifies effective practices and shares information through conferences, technology transfers, publications, the Internet and resource networks. The Division ensures compliance with Federal laws and regulations and promotes cross-program policy initiatives to support work, personal responsibility and family-focused services.

C. The Division of Performance Measurement (DPM) is responsible for the identification, development, collection, and dissemination of a core set of national performance data elements in support of AFDC/JOBS selfsufficiency and other program goals. The Division formulates, develops, and conducts special studies/projects in coordination with States, other grantees and other ACF components and provides evaluations of waivers of program rules as appropriate. Compiles, analyzes, and evaluates program and administrative data on the AFDC/JOBS program. DPM develops and maintains data collection protocols, specifications and procedures including issuing regulations, manuals, guidance, and providing training as necessary.

Dated: July 2, 1996. Mary Jo Bane,

Assistant Secretary for Children and Families. [FR Doc. 96–17283 Filed 7–5–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4184–01–P

Food and Drug Administration [Docket No. 96F-0223]

Henkel Corp.; Filing of Food Additive Petition

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is announcing that Henkel Corp. has filed a petition proposing that the food additive regulations be amended to provide for the safe use of α -sulfo- ω -(dodecyloxy)poly(oxyethylene), sodium salt as an emulsifier in the production of acrylic and vinyl acetate polymer coatings for paper and paperboard. DATES: Written comments on the petitioner's environmental assessment by August 7, 1996.

ADDRESSES: Submit written comments to the Dockets Management Branch

(HFA–305), Food and Drug Administration, 12420 Parklawn Dr., rm. 1–23, Rockville, MD 20857.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Elke Jensen, Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition (HFS–217), Food and Drug Administration, 200 C St. SW., Washington, DC 20204, 202–418–3109.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (sec. 409(b)(5) (21 U.S.C. 348(b)(5))), notice is given that a food additive petition (FAP 6B4506) has been filed by Henkel Corp., 300 Brookside Ave., Ambler, PA 19002. The petition proposes to amend the food additive regulations in part 176 Indirect Food Additives: Paper and Paperboard Components (21 CFR part 176) to provide for the safe use of α -sulfo- ω -(dodecyloxy)poly(oxyethylene), sodium salt as an emulsifier in the production of acrylic and vinyl acetate polymer coatings for paper and paperboard. The potential environmental impact of this action is being reviewed. To encourage public participation consistent with regulations promulgated under the National Environmental Policy Act (40 CFR 1501.4(b)), the agency is placing the environmental assessment submitted with the petition that is the subject of this notice on public display at the Dockets Management Branch (address above) for public review and comment. Interested persons may, on or before (insert date 30 days after date of publication in the Federal Register), submit to the Dockets Management Branch (address above) written comments. Two copies of any comments are to be submitted, except that individuals may submit one copy. Comments are to be identified with the docket number found in brackets in the heading of this document. Received comments may be seen in the office above between 9 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday. FDA will also place on public display any amendments to, or comments on, the petitioner's environmental assessment without further announcement in the Federal Register. If, based on its review, the agency finds that an environmental impact statement is not required and this petition results in a regulation, the notice of availability of the agency's finding of no significant impact and the evidence supporting that finding will be published with the regulation in the Federal Register in accordance with 21 CFR 25.40(c).

Dated: June 20, 1996.

George H. Pauli,

Acting Director, Office of Premarket Approval, Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition.

[FR Doc. 96–17233 Filed 7–5–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4160–01–F

[Docket No. 93F-0402]

Lonza, Inc.; Withdrawal of Food Additive Petition

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is announcing the withdrawal, without prejudice to a future filing, of a food additive petition (FAP 4B4405) proposing that the food additive regulations be amended to provide for the safe use of decylisononyldimethyl ammonium chloride as a slimicide in the manufacture of paper and paperboard intended to contact food.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mitchell A. Cheeseman, Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition (HFS–217), Food and Drug Administration, 200 C St. SW., Washington, DC 20204, 202–418–3083.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In a notice published in the Federal Register of November 17, 1993 (58 FR 60665), FDA announced that a food additive petition (FAP 4B4405) had been filed by Lonza, Inc., c/o Delta Analytical Corp., 7910 Woodmont Ave., Bethesda, MD 20814 (currently c/o Lewis & Harrison, 122 C St. NW., suite 740, Washington, DC 20001). The petition proposed to amend the food additive regulations to provide for the safe use of decylisononyldimethyl ammonium chloride as a slimicide in the manufacture of paper and paperboard intended to contact food. Lonza, Inc., has now withdrawn the petition without prejudice to a future filing (21 CFR 171.7).

Dated: June 25, 1996. Alan M. Rulis, Director, Office of Premarket Approval, Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition. [FR Doc. 96–17234 Filed 7–5–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4160–01–F

[Docket No. 96M-0218]

Adeza Biomedical Corp.; Premarket Approval of Fetal Fibronectin Enzyme Immunoassay Kit

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is announcing its approval of the application by Adeza Biomedical Corp., Sunnyvale, CA, for premarket approval, under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (the act), of Fetal Fibronectin Enzyme Immunoassay Kit. After reviewing the recommendation of the Clinical Chemistry and Clinical Toxicology Devices Panel, FDA's Center for Devices and Radiological Health (CDRH) notified the applicant, by letter of September 29, 1995, of the approval of the application.

DATES: Petitions for administrative review by August 7, 1996.

ADDRESSES: Written requests for copies of the summary of safety and effectiveness data and petitions for administrative review to the Dockets Management Branch (HFA–305), Food and Drug Administration, 12420 Parklawn Dr., rm. 1–23, Rockville, MD 20857.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Cornelia B. Rooks, Center for Devices and Radiological Health (HFZ–440), Food and Drug Administration, 2098 Gaither Rd., Rockville, MD 20850, 301– 594–1243.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On October 31, 1994, Adeza Biomedical Corp., Sunnyvale, CA 94089, submitted to CDRH an application for premarket approval of Fetal Fibronectin Enzyme Immunoassay Kit. The device is to be used as an aid in assessing the risk of preterm delivery in ≤ 7 days or ≤ 14 days from the time of sample collection in pregnant women with signs and symptoms of early preterm labor, intact amniotic membranes, and minimal cervical dilatation (< 3 centimeters), sampled between 24 weeks, 0 days and 34 weeks, 6 days gestation.

The negative predictive values of 99.5 percent and 99.2 percent, for delivery in \leq 7 and \leq 14 days respectively, make it highly likely that delivery will not occur in these timeframes. In addition, although the positive predictive values were found to be 12.7 percent and 16.7 percent for delivery in \leq 7 and \leq 14 days, respectively, this represents an approximate 4-fold increase over the reliability of predicting delivery given no test information.

On April 6, 1995, the Clinical Chemistry and Clinical Toxicology Devices Panel of the Medical Devices Advisory Committee, an FDA advisory committee, reviewed and recommended approval of the application.

On September 29, 1995, CDRH approved the application by a letter to