to simplify, clarify, and make the regulations more userfriendly." Under this clearance, are three activities. Two of these-"Registration of U.S. Agricultural Commodities for Exemption from Short Supply Limitations" and "Petitions for the Imposition of Monitoring or Controls on Recyclable Metallic Materials" are statutory in nature and must remain in the regulations. The third—the Commerce Control List—became necessary as the rewrite of the regulations sought to harmonize the U.S. ECCN system with the European system for consistency and future simplicity

Affected Public: Individuals, businesses or other for-profit and not-for-profit institutions.

or-profit mistitutions.

Frequency: On occasion.

Respondent's Obligation: Required to obtain a benefit.

OMB Desk Officer: Victoria Wassmer (202) 395–7340.

Copies of the above information collection proposal can be obtained by calling or writing Linda Engelmeier, Acting DOC Forms Clearance Officer, Department of Commerce, (202) 482–3272, Room 5327, 14th and Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20230.

Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent to Victoria Wassmer, OMB Desk Officer, Room 10202, New Executive Office Building, Washington, DC 20503.

Dated: June 25, 1996.

Linda Engelmeier,

Acting Departmental Forms Clearance Officer, Office of Management and Organization.

[FR Doc. 96–16829 Filed 7–1–96; 8:45 am]

International Trade Administration [A-588-838]

Notice of Antidumping Order: Clad Steel Plate From Japan

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 2, 1996.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ellen Grebasch, Dorothy Tomaszewski, or Erik Warga, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20230; telephone: (202) 482–3773, (202) 482–0631 or (202) 482–0922, respectively. Scope of Order

The scope of this order is all clad ¹ steel plate of a width of 600 millimeters ("mm") or more and a composite thickness of 4.5 mm or more. Clad steel plate is a rectangular finished steel mill product consisting of a layer of cladding material (usually stainless steel or nickel) which is metallurgically bonded to a base or backing of ferrous metal (usually carbon or low alloy steel) where the latter predominates by weight.

Stainless clad steel plate is manufactured to American Society for Testing and Materials ("ASTM") specifications A263 (400 series stainless types) and A264 (300 series stainless types). Nickel and nickel-base alloy clad steel plate is manufactured to ASTM specification A265. These specifications are illustrative but not necessarily allinclusive.

Clad steel plate within the scope of this order is classifiable under the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States ("HTSUS") 7210.90.10.00. Although the HTSUS subheading is provided for convenience and customs purposes, our written description of the scope of this order is dispositive.

Antidumping Duty Order

In accordance with sections 735(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended ("the Act"), the Department of Commerce ("the Department") made its final determination that clad steel plate from Japan is being sold at less than fair value (61 FR 21158–21159, May 9, 1996). On June 26, 1996, the International Trade Commission notified the Department of its final determination, pursuant to section 735(b)(1)(A)(i) of the Act, that an industry in the United States is materially injured by reason of imports of the subject merchandise from Japan.

Therefore, all unliquidated entries of clad steel plate from Japan, that are entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after February 28, 1996, the date of the publication of the Department's preliminary determination in the Federal Register, are liable for the assessment of antidumping duties.

In accordance with section 736(a)(1)of the Act, the Department will direct Customs officers to assess, upon further advice by the administering authority, antidumping duties equal to the amount by which the normal value exceeds the export price for all relevant entries of clad steel plate from Japan. Customs officers must require, at the same time as importers would normally deposit estimated duties on this merchandise, a cash deposit equal to the estimated weighted-average antidumping duty margins as noted below. The "All Others" rate applies to all exporters of Japanese clad steel plate not specifically listed below.

The ad valorem weighted-average dumping margins are as follows:

Manufacturer/Pro- ducer/Exporter	Weighted-average margin percentage
The Japan Steel Company All Others	118.53 118.53

This notice constitutes the antidumping duty order with respect to clad steel plate from Japan. Interested parties may contact the Central Records Unit, Room B–099 of the Main Commerce Building, for copies of an updated list of antidumping duty orders currently in effect.

This determination is published pursuant to section 705 (d) of the Act.

Dated: June 27, 1996.

Robert S. LaRussa,

Acting Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

[FR Doc. 96–17008 Filed 7–1 –96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

North American Free-Trade Agreement, Article 1904 Binational Panel Reviews; Request for Panel Review

AGENCY: NAFTA Secretariat, United States Section, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of first request for panel review.

SUMMARY: On June 6, 1996 Fisher Scientific Limited filed a First Request for Panel Review with the Canadian Section of the NAFTA Secretariat pursuant to Article 1904 of the North American Free Trade Agreement. Panel review was requested of the final determination of dumping made by the

¹ Cladding is the association of layers of metals of different colors or natures by molecular interpenetration of the surfaces in contact. This limited diffusion is characteristic of clad products and differentiates them from products metalized in other manners (e.g., by normal electroplating). The various cladding processes include pouring molten cladding metal onto the basic metal followed by rolling; simple hot-rolling of the cladding metal to ensure efficient welding to the basic metal; any other method of deposition of superimposing of the cladding metal followed by any mechanical or thermal process to ensure welding (e.g., electrocladding), in which the cladding metal (nickel, chromium, etc.) is applied to the basic metal by electroplating, molecular interpenetration of the surfaces in contact then being obtained by heat treatment at the appropriate temperature with subsequent cold rolling. See Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System Explanatory Notes, Chapter 72, General Note (IV) (C) (2) (e).

Deputy Minister of Revenue Canada concerning bacteriological culture media originating in or exported from the United States of America. The Canadian Section assigned Secretariat File No. CDA-96-1904-01 to this request.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
James R. Holbein, United States

Secretary, NAFTA Secretariat, Suite 2061, 14th and Constitution Avenue, Washington, DC 20230, (202) 482–5438. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Chapter

19 of the North American Free-Trade Agreement ("Agreement") established a mechanism to replace domestic judicial review of final determinations in antidumping and countervailing duty cases involving imports from a NAFTA country with review by independent binational panels. When a Request for Panel Review is filed, a panel is established to act in place of national courts to review expeditiously the final determination to determine whether it conforms with the antidumping or countervailing duty law of the country that made the determination.

Under Article 1904 of the Agreement, which came into force on January 1, 1994, the Government of the United States, the Government of Canada and the Government of Mexico established Rules of Procedure for Article 1904 Binational Panel Reviews ("Rules"). These Rules were published in the Federal Register on February 23, 1994 (59 FR 8686).

A first Request for Panel Review was filed with the Canadian Section of the NAFTA Secretariat, pursuant to Article 1904 of the Agreement, on June 6, 1996, requesting panel review of the final determination described above.

The Rules provide that:

- (a) A Party or interested person may challenge the final determination in whole or in part by filing a Complaint in accordance with Rule 39 within 30 days after the filing of the first Request for Panel Review (the deadline for filing a Complaint is July 8, 1996);
- (b) A Party, investigating authority or interested person that does not file a Complaint but that intends to appear in support of any reviewable portion of the final determination may participate in the panel review by filing a Notice of Appearance in accordance with Rule 40 within 45 days after the filing of the first Request for Panel Review (the deadline for filing a Notice of Appearance is July 22, 1996); and
- (c) The panel review shall be limited to the allegations of error of fact or law, including the jurisdiction of the investigating authority, that are set out in the Complaints filed in the panel

review and the procedural and substantive defenses raised in the panel review.

Dated: June 18, 1996.

James R. Holbein,

United States Secretary, NAFTA Secretariat. [FR Doc. 96–16845 Filed 7–1–96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-GT-M

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

[I.D.062596C]

Northwest Atlantic Fisheries Organization Annual Meeting; Public Information and Preparatory Meeting

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of public meeting; request for comments.

SUMMARY: NMFS will hold a public meeting to review issues expected to come before the 18th Annual Meeting of the Northwest Atlantic Fisheries Organization (NAFO), which will occur September 9–13, 1996, in St. Petersburg, Russia, and to receive comments from members of the interested public. Any member of the public is welcome to attend. To accommodate people unable to attend a hearing or wishing to provide additional comments, NMFS also solicits written comments.

DATES: The public meeting will be held Monday, July 22, 1996, from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.

ADDRESSES: The public meeting will be held at the Holiday Inn, Logan Airport, 225 McClellan Highway, East Boston, MA (phone 617–569–5159). Written comments should be sent by August 9, 1996, to Will Martin, U.S. Commissioner to NAFO, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, Herbert C. Hoover Building, Room 5809, 14th and Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, D.C. 20230, with a copy to Dean Swanson, National Marine Fisheries Service, Room 14141, 1315 East-West Highway, Silver Spring, MD 20910.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dean Swanson at 301–713–2276; Allen E. Peterson, Jr., at 508–548–5123, Ext. 367.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: NOAA will host an informal meeting to review the United States accession to NAFO. Officials from NOAA and the U.S. Department of State will discuss steps that have been initiated to join NAFO and preparations for participation in the

18th Annual Meeting of NAFO, which will occur September 9–13, 1996, in St. Petersburg, Russia.

All interested parties are invited to attend this informational meeting and provide comment. For those unable to attend, written comments may be submitted through August 9 (see ADDRESSES).

The agenda for the public meeting is as follows:

10:00 Registration (no charge)

10:15 Welcome and Opening Remarks

10:30 What is NAFO?

10:45 U.S. Implementing Legislation

11:00 Current Status of Appointments

11:15 Schedule of Events

11:30 U.S. Activities and Position

12:30 Break

1:30 Review of Morning Issues/ Comments

2:00 Comments/Discussion of possible U.S. Position

3:40 Actions/Assignments 4:00 Adjournment

Dated: June 25, 1996.

Gary Matlock, Ph.D.,

Program Management Officer, National Marine Fisheries Service.

[FR Doc. 96–16788 Filed 7–1–96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-22-F

[I.D. 061796E]

Marine Mammals; Permit No. 837 (P771#67)

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Scientific research permit modification.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that a request for modification of scientific research permit no. 837 submitted by the National Marine Mammal Laboratory has been granted.

ADDRESSES: The modification and related documents are available for review upon written request or by appointment in the following office(s):

Permits Division, Office of Protected Resources, NMFS, 1315 East-West Highway, Suite 13130, Silver Spring, MD 20910 (301/713–2289);

Director, Alaska Region, NMFS, P.O. Box 21688, Juneau, AK 99802–1668 (907/586–7221); and

Director, Northwest Region, NMFS, 7600 Point Way NE, BIN C15700, Building 1, Seattle, WA 98115–0070 (206/526–6150).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On May 6, 1996, notice was published in the Federal Register (61 FR 20244) that a modification of permit no. 837, issued