## 6. students and parents.

and may include other appropriate entities. Examples of these entities are contained in Part I, Section B(1)(A) of the SGA.

B. The Department recognize that there are several geographic areas within the country which contain high concentrations of Indian youth that are not served by school systems supported by the Bureau of Indian Affairs. partnerships may be eligible to apply for funding even where included in the partnership are one or more non-Bureaufunded schools that serve Indian youth and the involvement of Bureau-funded schools consists of a collaborative, consultative, or close advisory relationship within the partnership in which services are not necessarily provided directly to the Bureaufunded school's students, but which results in measurable benefit to both the partnership and the Bureau-funded school or schools. For more information on eligibility see Part I, Section B(1)(B) of this solicitation.

The Department intend to prescreen all applications against the aforementioned eligibility criteria prior to the panelists' review and will not consider any applications that do not contain the required assurances and determining information.

What funding is available?

This SGA offers approximately \$625,000 in FY 95 funds authorized under the School-to-Work Opportunities Act. The statute states that  $\frac{1}{2}$  of 1% of all future appropriations shall be set aside for STWO Indian Program Grants.

How many grants are anticipated?

The Departments anticipate awarding:

• Approximately 7 development grants of \$30,000 each; and

• Up to 5 implementation grants ranging in amount between \$75,000 and \$100,000.

The final amount of each award will be based on a number of factors, including the scope, quality, and comprehensiveness of the proposed initiative and the size of the population to be served.

How long is the project period?

The award period for this competition will be 12 months. However, grants may be continued for up to five years based on satisfactory progress and the availability of federal funds.

Can I apply for both a development and implementation grant?

Éligible partnerships may apply for either a development grant, an implementation grant or both. The rationale is to allow those partnerships which have been engaged in planning and development activities to apply for an implementation grant without jeopardizing their opportunities for receiving a development grant. However, partnerships that intend to apply for consideration under both the development and implementation grant competitions must submit separate applications for each competition. A local partnership may receive only one (1) grant under this competition, either a development grant or an implementation grant.

What are the reporting requirements?

Reporting requirements include quarterly financial and narrative reports and an annual report on project accomplishments.

How can I find out more information about the solicitation?

The National School-to-Work Office in cooperation with Region IX School-to-Work staff will be sponsoring a Bidder's Conference for parties interested in applying for School-to-Work Indian Program Grants. The Bidders Conference will be held on May 23, 1996 at Mesa Community College in Mesa, Arizona. Partnerships that are interested in attending need to pre-register participants with Technical Assistance and Training Corporation. Information pertaining to this activity can be found in Part II, Section F of this solicitation.

What other grant programs have been implemented under the STWO Act?

The U.S. Department of Labor and Education are jointly conducting separate competitions for grants to *States* that are prepared to implement statewide School-to-Work Opportunities systems, to *local partnerships* that are prepared to implement local School-to-Work Opportunities initiatives, and to *local partnerships that serve high poverty areas of Urban and Rural constituencies* and that are also prepared to develop and implement local School-to-Work Opportunities initiatives. Planning and development grants have been awarded to all States, Puerto Rico and the U.S. Territories.

[FR Doc. 96–12199 Filed 5–15–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–30–M

### Investigations Regarding Certifications of Eligibility To Apply for NAFTA Transitional Adjustment Assistance

Petitions for transitional adjustment assistance under the North American Free Trade Agreement-Transitional Adjustment Assistance Implementation

Act (P.L. 103-182), hereinafter called (NAFTA-TAA), have been filed with State Governors under Section 250(a) of Subchapter D, Chapter 2, Title II, of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended, are identified in the Appendix to this Notice. Upon notice from a Governor that a NAFTA-TAA petition has been received, the Program Manager of the Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance (OTAA), Employment and Training Administration (ETA), Department of Labor (DOL), announces the filing of the petition and takes actions pursuant to paragraphs (c) and (e) of Section 250 of the Trade Act.

The purpose of the Governor's actions and the Labor Department's investigations are to determine whether the workers separated from employment of after December 8, 1993 (date of enactment of P.L. 103–182 are eligible to apply for NAFTA–TAA under Subchapter D of the Trade Act because of increased imports from or the shift in production to Mexico or Canada.

The petitioners or any other persons showing a substantial interest in the subject matter of the investigations may request a public hearing with the Program Manager of OTAA at the U.S. Department of Labor (DOL) in Washington, D.C. provided such request is filed in writing with the Program Manager of OTAA not later than May 28, 1996.

Also, interested persons are invited to submit written comments regarding the subject matter of the petitions to the Program Manager of OTAA at the address shown below not later than May 28, 1996.

Petitions filed with the Governors are available for inspection at the Office of the Program Manager, OTAA, ETA, DOL, Room C–4318, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20210.

Signed at Washington, DC this 30th day of April 1996.

#### Russell T. Kile,

Acting Program Manager, Policy and Reemployment Services, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

APPENDIX

Petitioner (union/workers/firm)	Location	Date re- ceived at Governor's office	Petition No.	Articles produced
Fashion Development Center, Inc. (Co.) Airguide Instruments Company; Johnson Worldwide Associates.		04/5/96 04/5/96	NAFTA-00961 NAFTA-00962	Technical Assistance to Garment Industry. Compasses.
Dolphin International, Ltd. (Co.)	The Dallas, OR	04/8/96	NAFTA-00963	Window/Door Components and Furniture Panels/Components.
Blue Mountain Forest Products, Inc.; Rieth Oregon Sawmill (Wkrs).	Pendleton, OR	04/9/96	NAFTA-00964	Finished Lumber.

Petitioner (union/workers/firm)	Location	Date re- ceived at Governor's office	Petition No.	Articles produced
Sony Electronics; National Refurbishing Center (Wkrs).	Carol Stream, IL	04/8/96	NAFTA-00965	Refurbishing of consumer electronics.
Connie Rose Manufacturing, Inc. (UNITE)	Philadelphia, PA	04/10/96	NAFTA-00966	Bathing Suits.
CTS Corporation (Wkrs)	Brownsville, TX	04/10/96	NAFTA-00967	Speakers, variable resistors and switches.
Hummingbird Communication (Wkrs)	Raleigh, NC	04/11/96	NAFTA-00968	Software diskette, packaging, shipping and technical support.
El Paso Natural Gas Company (Wkrs)	El Paso, TX	04/10/96	NAFTA-00969	Natural Gas Transmission.
Lightolier West (Wkrs)	Compton, CA	03/27/96	NAFTA-00970	Lighting Fixtures.
Ronnie Manufacturing Co., Inc. (Wkrs)	New Bedford, MA	04/11/96	NAFTA-00971	Ladies sportswear, blouses and fully lined jackets.
Sarah Lee Knit Products; Lumberton Sew- ing Plant (Co.).	Winston-Salem, NC	04/12/96	NAFTA-00972	T-Shirt sewing plant.
Siecor Corporation (Wkrs)	San Diego, CA	04/11/96	NAFTA-00973	Telephone modules.
JTW Garment Factory (Wkrs)	Scotts Hill, TN	04/12/96	NAFTA-00974	Pants, shorts.
American Apparel, Inc. (Wkrs)	Knoxville, TN	04/12/96	NAFTA-00975	Various styles of T-shirts.
A and C Enterprises, Inc. (Wkrs)	Carthage, TN	04/12/96	NAFTA-00976	Ladies house robes.
Whirlpool Corporation; Evansville Division (IUE).	Evansville, IN	04/12/96	NAFTA-00977	Refrigerators.
ECM Motor Co. (Co.)	Clearfield, UT	04/12/96	NAFTA-00978	Gearmotors.
Hagger Clothing Company; Weslco Sewing, Inc. (Wkrs).	Waslaco, TX	04/16/96	NAFTA-00979	Clothing.
HIP Industries, Inc.; Hotboro Industrial Park (UNITE).	Hatboro, PA	04/15/96	NAFTA-00980	Children's wear.
American Stud Company	Olney, MT	04/17/96	NAFTA-00981	Stud Lumber.
Cambridge Industries Inc. (IUE)	Ionia, MI	04/11/96	NAFTA-00982	Reinforced plastic automotive struck body panels.
C and D Charter Power Systems; Ratelco Electronics (Wkrs).	Seattle, WA	04/17/96	NAFTA-00983	Modular Power rectifiers, power supply sys- tems testing & engineering support for product line.
O.I. Brockway, Inc.; Glass Containers	Brockway, PA	04/19/96	NAFTA-00984	Glass Containers.
Georgia Girl Manufacturing (Wkrs)	Smithsville, TN	04/9/96	NAFTA-00985	Ladies Clothing.
Border Apparel (Wkrs)	El Paso, TX	04/24/96	NAFTA-00986	Pants, Jackets and Shorts.
American Olean Tile (Wkrs)	Jackson, TN	04/29/96	NAFTA-00987	Glaze wall tile.
KN Energy (Wkrs)	Lakewood, CO	04/19/96	NAFTA-00988	Natural Gas.
United Technologies Corp.; United Tech- nologies Automotive at El Pas (Wkrs).	El Paso, TX	04/22/96	NAFTA-00989	Electrical harness.
Morplex Industries (Wkrs)	Gwinn, MI	01/19/96	NAFTA-00991	Parts for trucks.
Crown Pacific; Albeni Falls Unit	Oldtown, ID	04/22/96	NAFTA-00992	Lumber and lumber by-products.
Manhattan Shirt Company (Wkrs)	Americus, GA	04/22/96	NAFTA-00993	Shirts.
North American Communications (Wkrs)	Duneansville, PA	04/24/96	NAFTA-00994	Direct Mail Service.
Earley Manufacturing Company (Co.)	Blakely, GA	04/22/96	NAFTA-00995	Sportcoats.
Williamson Dickie Manufacturing (Wkrs) Thomas and Betts; Amerace Electronic	Eagle Pass, TX Punta Gorda, FL	04/25/96 04/16/96	NAFTA-00996 NAFTA-00997	Parts of pants. Electronic components and terminal blocks.
Components (Co.).				

# APPENDIX—Continued

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#### [NAFTA-00444B]

Haggar Clothing Company; Weslaco Manufacturing Company, A/K/A Bowie Manufacturing Company, A/K/A Weslaco Sewing, Weslaco, Texas; Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility To Apply for NAFTA Transitional Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 250(a), Subchapter D, Chapter 2, Title II, of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 USC 2273), the Department of Labor issued a Notice of Amended Certification of Eligibility to Apply for NAFTA Transitional Adjustment Assistance on April 19, 1996, applicable to all workers of Weslaco Manufacturing Company, a/ k/a Bowie Manufacturing Company, Weslaco, Texas. The notice will soon be published in the Federal Register.

At the request of the State Agency, the Department reviewed the certification for workers of the subject firm. The workers produce men's pants and coats. The State Agency reports that some of the workers separated from the subject firm had their unemployment insurance (UI) taxes paid to Weslaco Sewing. Accordingly, the Department is again amending the certification to include Weslaco Sewing.

The intent of the Department's certification is to include all workers of

the Haggar Clothing Company who were adversely affected by increased imports from Mexico or Canada.

The amended notice applicable to NAFTA–00444 is hereby issued as follows:

All workers of workers of Haggar Clothing Company, Weslaco Manufacturing Company, a/k/a Bowie Manufacturing Company, a/k/a Weslaco Sewing, Weslaco, Texas (NAFTA– 00444B) who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after April 27, 1994 are eligible to apply for NAFTA– TAA under Section 250 of the Trade Act of 1974.