leased or administratively controlled by the National Park Service, within the boundaries of units of the National Park System within the State of New Jersey.

EFFECTIVE DATE: Concurrent jurisdiction, pursuant to the State legislation discussed below, became effective on March 28, 1996, upon the acceptance by the NPS from the Governor of New Jersey.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Dennis Burnett, Ranger Activities Division, National Park Service, Washington, DC. Telephone 202–208– 4874.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In August 1995, the State of New Jersey passed legislation (P.L. 1995, Chapter 212) ceding to the NPS concurrent legislative iurisdiction "over lands and waters, owned, leased or administratively controlled, and those hereafter acquired, leased or administratively controlled by the National Park Service, within the boundaries of units of the National Park System within the State of New Jersey.' On August 14, 1995, Governor Christine Todd Whitman signed the legislation officially ceding the jurisdiction. On March 8, 1996, in accordance with 40 U.S.C. § 255, Robert G. Kennedy, Director of the National Park Service, Department of the Interior, accepted from the State of New Jersey the cessation of concurrent legislative jurisdiction over the lands identified in the State legislation. Those lands include the following five park units:

- 1. Delaware Water Gap National Recreation Area
- 2. The Sandy Hook Unit of Gateway National Recreation Area
- 3. Morristown National Historic Park
- 4. Thomas Edison National Historic Site
- 5. Ellis Island

Dated: April 16, 1996.

Chris L. Andress,

Acting Associate Director, Park Operations and Education, National Park Service. [FR Doc. 96–11396 Filed 5–7–96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-70-M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-31, 736, 736A, 736B, 736C]

Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility to Apply for Workers Adjustment Assistance

Bayer Clothing Group, Inc., Clearfield, Pennsylvania; Bayer Clothing Group, Inc., Hyde, Pennsylvania; Bayer Clothing Group, Inc., New Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; Kent Sportswear, Inc., Curwensville, Pennsylvania.

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 USC 2273) the Department of Labor issued a Certification of Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance on March 1, 1996, applicable to all workers of Bayer Clothing Group, Inc., located in Clearfield, Pennsylvania. The notice was published in the Federal Register on March 19, 1996 (61 FR 11224).

At the request of the petitioner, UNITE, the Department reviewed the certification for workers of the subject firm. Union officials report that two of the subject firms' production facilities of the subject firm were excluded from the worker certification, the Hyde Plant and the New Philadelphia Plant. The workers produce men's sportcoats and suit coats. Also excluded was Kent Sportswear, Inc. located in Curwensville, Pennsylvania, a contractor engaged in sew, press and finish operations for the Bayer Clothing Group, Inc.

The intent of the Department's certification is to include all workers of Bayer Clothing Group, Inc., who were adversely affected by increased imports of apparel. Accordingly, the Department is amending the certification to include workers of the subject firm locations in Hyde and New Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and workers of Kent Sportwear, Inc., located in Curwensville, Pennsylvania.

The amended notice applicable to TA-W-31,736 is hereby issued as follows:

"All workers of Bayer Clothing Group, Inc., located in Clearfield, Pennsylvania (TA-W–31,736); Hyde, Pennsylvania (TA-W–31,736A); and New Philadelphia, Pennsylvania (TA-W–31,736B); and workers of Kent Sportswear, Inc., Curwensville, Pennsylvania (TA-W–31,736C) who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after December 11, 1994, are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974."

Signed at Washington, D.C. this 29th day of April 1996.

Russell T. Kile,

Acting Program Manager, Policy and Reemployment Services, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 96-11508 Filed 5-7-96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-30-M

[TA-W-30,850B]

Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance; Haggar Clothing Company; Weslaco Manufacturing Company a/k/a/ Bowie Manufacturing Company a/k/a Weslaco Sewing, Weslaco, Texas

In accordance with section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 USC 2273) the Department of Labor issued a notice of Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance on April 19, 1996, applicable to all workers of Haggar Clothing Company, Weslaco Manufacturing Company, a/k/a Bowie Manufacturing Company, Weslaco, Texas. The notice will soon be published in the Federal Register.

At the request of the State Agency, the Department reviewed the certification for workers of the subject firm. The workers produce men's pants and coats. The State Agency reports that some of the workers separated from the subject firm had their unemployment insurance (UI) taxes paid to Weslaco Sewing. Accordingly, the Department is again amending the certification to include Weslaco Sewing.

The intent of the Department's certification is to include all workers of the Haggar Clothing Company who were adversely affected by increased imports.

The amended notice applicable to TA–W–30,850 is hereby issued as follows:

All workers of Haggar Clothing Company, Weslaco Manufacturing Company, a/k/a Bowie Manufacturing Company, a/k/a Weslaco Sewing, Weslaco, Texas (TA–W–30,850B) who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after March 16, 1994 are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed at Washington, D.C., this 27th day of April 1996.

Russell T. Kile,

Acting Program Manager, Policy and Reemployment Services, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 96-11502 Filed 5-7-96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-30-M

[TA-W-32,079; TA-W-32,079A; TA-W-32,079B]

Notice of Termination of Investigation; Nesor Alloy Corporation, West Caldwell, New Jersey; Nesor Alloy Corporation, Montville, New Jersey; Nesor Alloy Corporation, Fairfield, New Jersey

Pursuant to Section 221 of the Trade Act of 1974, an investigation was initiated on March 12, 1996 in response to a worker petition which was filed on behalf of workers at Nesor Alloy Corporation, West Caldwell, Montville and Fairfield, New Jersey locations.

The petitioner has requested that the petition be withdrawn. Consequently, further investigation in this case would serve no purpose; and the investigation has been terminated.

Signed at Washington, D.C. this 27th day of April, 1996.

Russell T. Kile,

Acting Program Manager, Policy and Reemployment Services, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 96–11503 Filed 5–7–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–30–M

[TA-W-31,485]

Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance; Quantum Corporation High Capacity Storage Group, Colorado Springs, Colorado; including workers employed through T.S.I. Temporary Agency, Colorado Springs, Colorado

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2273) the Department of Labor issued a Certification of Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance on November 22, 1995, applicable to all workers of Quantum Corporation, High Capacity Storage Group located in Colorado Springs, Colorado. The certification covered temporary workers leased to Quantum through various agencies in Colorado Springs. The notice was published in the Federal Register on December 12, 1995 (60 FR 63732).

At the request of the State Agency, the Department reviewed the certification for workers of the subject firm. The Agency reports that workers of T.S.I. Temporary Agency, Colorado Springs, Colorado, were inadvertently excluded from the certification.

The intent of the Department's certification is to include all workers of Quantum who were adversely affected by imports. Accordingly, the Department is amending the

certification to include workers of T.S.I. Temporary Agency.

The amended notice applicable to TA-W-31,485 is hereby issued as follows:

All workers of Quantum Corporation, High Capacity Storage Group, and workers of T.S.I. Temporary Agency, contracted by Quantum Corporation, Colorado Springs, Colorado who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after September 19, 1994, are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed at Washington, D.C. this 27th day of April 1996.

Russell T. Kile,

Acting Program Manager, Policy and Reemployment Services, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 96–11507 Filed 5–7–96; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4510–30–M

[TA-W-31,743, 743A]

Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance; R.D. Simpson, Incorporated (including D&E Laundry) Cartersville, GA and Zena Enterprises, New York, NY

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2273) the Department of Labor issued a Certification of Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance on January 23, 1996, applicable to all workers of R.D. Simpson, Incorporated (including D&E Laundry) Located in Cartersville, Georgia. The notice was published in the Federal Register on February 6, 1996 (FR 4486).

At the request of the State Agency, the Department reviewed the certification for workers at the subject firm. New findings show that worker separations have occurred at Zena Enterprises, an affiliate of the subject firm, located in New York, New York. The company reports that workers at Zena provide services in support of the production of jeans by the subject firm in Cartersville, Georgia.

The intent of the Department's certification is to include all workers of the subject firm who were adversely affected by increased imports of jeans. Accordingly, the Department is amending the certification for workers of the subject firm to include all workers of Zena Enterprises in New York, New York.

The amended notice applicable to TA-W-31,743 is hereby issued as follows:

All workers of workers of R.D. Simpson, Incorporated (including D&E Laundry), Cartersville, Georgia (TA–W–31,743), and Zena Enterprises, New York, New York (TA– W–31,743A) who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after December 4, 1994 are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 23rd day of April 1996.

Russell T. Kile,

Acting Program Manager, Policy and Reemployment Services, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 96–11500 Filed 5–7–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–30–M

[TA-W-32,262]

Notice of Termination of Investigation; Zena Enterprises, New York, NY

Pursuant to section 221 of the Trade Act of 1974, an investigation was initiated on April 22, 199 in response to a worker petition which was filed April 9, 1996 on behalf of workers at Zena Enterprises, New York, New York (TA–W–32,262).

The petitioning group of workers are covered under an existing Trade Adjustment Assistance certification (TA–W–31,743A). Consequently, further investigation in this case would serve no purpose, and the investigation has been terminated.

Signed at Washington, D.C., this 23rd day of April 1996.

Russell T. Kile,

Acting Program Manager, Policy and Reemployment Services, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 96-11506 Filed 5-7-96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510-30-M

Employment and Training Administration

Proposed Collection; Comment Request

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Department of Labor, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burden, conducts a preclearance consultation program to provide the general public and Federal agencies with an opportunity to comment on proposed and/or continuing collections of information in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA95) (44 U.S.C. 3506 (c)(2)(A)). This program helps to ensure that requested data can be provided in the desired format, reporting burden (time and financial resources) is minimized, collection instruments are clearly understood, and the impact of collection requirements on respondents can be properly assessed. Currently, the