Condition	Initial action	Repetitive action
	2. Prior to further flight, fabricate a placard with the following words in letters at least 0.10-inch in height and install this placard within the pilot's clear view close to the pressurization controls: "AIRPLANE MUST BE OPERATED UNPRESSURIZED", and prior to further flight, insert a copy of this AD into the Limitations Section of the FAA-approved Airplane Flight Manual (AFM).	2. Repeat the inspection specified in paragraph (b) of this AD at intervals not to exceed 25 hours TIS or 30 calendar days, whichever occurs first, provided the sum total of all cracks does not exceed 4.3 inches in combined length. Replace the window and continue the actions necessary under the "With cracks found where the sum total of all cracks meets or exceeds 4.3 inches in combined length" condition column.
If cracks are found where the sum total of all cracks meets or exceeds 4.3 inches in combined length.	Prior to further flight, replace the window with a new window of like design in accordance with the applicable maintenance manual.	Reinspect initially between 10 and 20 hours TIS after replacing the window to ensure that no damage has occurred after installation, and thereafter at intervals not to exceed 1,000 hours TIS or 12 calendar months, whichever occurs first, provided no cracks are found. Use applicable condition column entry to determine compliance times if cracks are found.
With cracks found that are less than .30 inches (as specified in the applicable service information referenced in paragraph (d)(2) of this AD) provided the sum total of all cracks does not exceed 4.3 inches in combined length.	Reinspect within 25 hours TIS or 30 calendar days, whichever occurs first.	Continue this reinspection at intervals not to exceed 25 hours TIS or 30 calendar days, whichever occurs first, provided no crack is found that is .30 inches or greater or the combined length of all cracks exceeds 4.3 inches in combined length. Use applicable condition column entry to determine compliance times if any of these crack limits are met.
With no cracks found after one of the inspections required by this AD.	Reinspect within 1,000 hours TIS and 12 calendar months after the last inspection, whichever occurs first.	Reinspect at intervals not to exceed 1,000 hours TIS or 12 calendar months, whichever occurs first, provided no cracks are found. Use applicable condition column entry to determine compliance times if cracks are found.

(d) The following specifies the service bulletins that contain the procedures to accomplish the required inspections:

Models	Service bulletins
(1) For acrylic cabin windows:	
SA26-T and SA26-AT	26–56–20–042, Issued: November 28, 1988, Revised: February 7, 1991.
SA226-T and SA226-T(B)	226–56–001, Issued: February 2, 1983, Revised: November 26, 1991.
SA226-AT and SA226-TC	226–56–002, Issued: March 3, 1983, Revised: May 29, 1992.
SA227-AT, SA227-AC, and SA227-BC	227–56–002, Issued: January 5, 1984, Revised: May 29, 1992, and April 1, 1993.
SA227-TT	227–56–001, Issued: February 2, 1983, Revised: November 26, 1991.
(2) For acrylic cockpit side windows:	
SA26-T and SA26-AT	26–56–10–038, Issued: October 8, 1984, Revised: February 7, 1991.
SA226-T, SA226-T(B), SA226-AT, and SA226-TC.	226–56–003, Issued: September 13, 1984, Revised: November 2, 1989.
SA227-AT, SA227-AC, SA227-BC, and SA227-TT.	227–56–003, Issued: September 13, 1984, Revised: November 2, 1989.

Note 4: The repetitive inspections required by this AD are also referenced in the FAAapproved Fairchild Airframe Airworthiness Limitations Manual, ST–UN–M001.

(e) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate the airplane to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

(f) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the initial or repetitive compliance times that provides an equivalent level of safety may be approved by the Manager, Airplane Certification Office (ACO), FAA, 2601 Meacham Boulevard, Fort Worth, Texas 76193–0150. The request shall be forwarded through an appropriate FAA Maintenance Inspector, who may add

comments and then send it to the Manager, Fort Worth ACO.

Note 5: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the Fort Worth ACO.

Note 6: Alternative methods of compliance approved in accordance with AD 93–19–06 (superseded by this action) are not considered approved as alternative methods of compliance with this AD.

(g) All persons affected by this directive may obtain copies of the document referred to herein upon request to Fairchild Aircraft, P.O. Box 790490, San Antonio, Texas 78279–0490; or may examine this document at the FAA, Central Region, Office of the Assistant Chief Counsel, Room 1558, 601 E. 12th Street, Kansas City, Missouri 64106.

(h) This amendment supersedes AD 93–19–06, Amendment 39–8705.

Issued in Kansas City, Missouri, on April 19, 1996.

Henry A. Armstrong,

Acting Manager, Small Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 96–10308 Filed 4–25–96; 8:45 am]

SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

20 CFR Part 416

[Regulations No. 16]

RIN 0960-AD75

Supplemental Security Income for the Aged, Blind, and Disabled; Charging Administration Fees for Making State Supplementary Payments; Interest Charging on State Supplementary Payment Funds

AGENCY: Social Security Administration,

(SSA).

ACTION: Proposed rules.

summary: We propose to revise our rules to bring them into accord with statutory changes which require the Social Security Administration (SSA) to charge the States an administration fee for making supplementary payments on behalf of States and authorize SSA to charge the States an additional services fee for performing services at the request of States not customarily provided. We also propose to conform our regulations to reflect the requirements of the law regarding the transfer of funds from States to SSA for use in making supplementary payments.

DATES: To be sure that your comments are considered, we must receive them no later than June 25, 1996.

ADDRESSES: Comments should be submitted in writing to the Commissioner of Social Security, P.O. Box 1585, Baltimore, MD 21235, sent by telefax to (410) 966–2830, sent by E-mail to "regulations@ssa.gov", or delivered to the Division of Regulations and Rulings, Social Security Administration, 3–B–1 Operations Building, 6401 Security Boulevard, Baltimore, MD 21235, between 8:00 a.m. and 4:30 p.m. on regular business days. Comments may be inspected during these same hours by making arrangements with the contact person shown below.

The electronic file of this document is available on the Federal Bulletin Board (FBB) at 9:00 A.M. on the date of publication in the Federal Register. To download the file, modem dial (202) 512–1387. The FBB instructions will explain how to download the file and the fee. This file is in WordPerfect format and will remain on the FBB during the comment period.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Henry D. Lerner, Legal Assistant, Division of Regulations and Rulings, Social Security Administration, 6401 Security Blvd., Baltimore, MD 21235, (410) 965–1762 for information about these rules. For information on eligibility or claiming benefits, call our national toll-free number, 1–800–772–1213.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

These proposed regulations reflect the provisions of section 13731 of Public Law 103–66 (the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (OBRA) of 1993) and Public Law 101-453 (the Cash Management Improvement Act (CMIA) of 1990) as amended by Public Law 102-589 (the Cash Management Improvement Act Amendments of 1992). From the inception of the supplemental security income (SSI) program in January 1974 through September 1993, SSA did not have the authority to charge States for the costs it incurred in administering mandatory and optional State supplementary payment programs. During that same period of time, SSA did not have specific authority to charge States for the costs it incurred in performing, at the request of the States, services not customarily provided in the administration of State supplementary payment programs.

Section 13731 of Public Law 103–66, effective for supplementary payments made for any month beginning on or after October 1, 1993, requires SSA to charge the States an administration fee for making supplementary payments on behalf of States and authorizes SSA to charge the States an additional services fee for performing services at the request of States not customarily provided.

The CMIA requires that transfers of funds from the States to SSA for the payment of supplementary payments be timed to coincide as closely as possible with disbursements of those funds to eligible individuals. In the case of certain States, transfers which do not occur on due dates and/or which are not in appropriate amounts will cause the imposition of an interest liability on either the States or on the Federal Government in accordance with the regulations of the United States Department of the Treasury implementing the CMIA. The provisions of the CMIA were effective on the later of July 1, 1993, or the first day of the State's fiscal year beginning in 1993. Prior to the effective date of the CMIA, no interest liability was incurred by either the States or the Federal Government on the transfer of funds to SSA for use in making State supplementary payments.

Present Policy

At the outset of the SSI program, States were encouraged to supplement the Federal benefit. As an incentive to

provide a supplement, States that agreed to make optional supplementary payments and signed an agreement to have those payments administered by the Federal Government would not be charged a fee for Federal administration. States required to pay mandatory supplementary payments could also enter into agreements providing for Federal administration of those payments at no cost to the States. States electing Federal administration were required to periodically transfer to SSA only amounts equal to the expenditures made by SSA for supplementary payments. This former requirement is still reflected in the current regulations at §§ 416.2010(c) and 416.2090(a).

On October 1, 1993, pursuant to amendments made to the Social Security Act (the Act) and to section 212(b)(3) of Public Law 93–66 by section 13731 of Public Law 103-66, SSA began charging States that had elected Federal administration of optional and/or mandatory State supplementary payments a fee for administering those payments. The administration fee is charged monthly and is derived by multiplying the number of State supplementary payments made by SSA on behalf of a State for a month by the applicable dollar rate for the fiscal year (FY), as prescribed in section 13731 of Public Law 103–66. The dollar rates are as follows: for FY 1994, \$1.67; for FY 95, \$3.33; for FY 96, \$5.00; and, for FY 1997 and each succeeding FY, \$5.00 or such different rate as determined by SSA to be appropriate for any particular State, taking into account the complexity of administering the State's supplementary payment program. The number of supplementary payments made by SSA in a month is the total number of checks issued, and direct deposits made, to recipients in that month, that are composed in whole or in part of State supplementary funds. The number of supplementary payments include, for example, recurring monthly payments (ongoing monthly payments to individuals who maintain eligibility from the previous month); supplemental payments (payments certified after the date established for the regular transfer of payment data to the United States Department of the Treasury); daily payments (non-recurring initial claims or post-entitlement payments including one-time payments such as those made to correct underpayments); erroneous payments (overpayments and payments to ineligibles); split payments (multiple check payments resulting from the systems safeguard limiting single checks to an amount not greater than

\$49,999.99); unnegotiated check payments (payments by check not presented for payment by the recipient within 180 days of issuance); replacement checks (duplicate checks issued when recipients allege nonreceipt of original check issuances); and, installment payments (payments made over a period of months, the sum of which is equal to amounts due recipients)

Section 13731 of Public Law 103-66 also authorizes SSA to charge a State an additional services fee if, at the request of the State, SSA agrees to provide the State with additional services beyond the level customarily provided in the administration of State supplementary payments. SSA is not required to perform any additional services requested by a State and may, at its sole discretion, refuse to perform those additional services. An additional services fee charged a State may be a one-time charge or, if the furnished services result in ongoing costs to the Federal Government, a monthly or less frequent charge to the State for providing such services. Section 13731 of Public Law 103-66 requires that the additional services fee be in an amount that SSA determines is necessary to cover all costs (including indirect costs) incurred by the Federal Government in furnishing the additional services. Prior to the effective date of section 13731 of Public Law 103–66, SSA had no specific authority to impose additional services

The CMIA was enacted to ensure greater efficiency, effectiveness and equity in the exchange of funds between the Federal Government and the States. For purposes of Federal administration of State supplementary payments, the CMIA requires that the transfer of funds from the States to SSA for use in making supplementary payments be timed to coincide as closely as possible with the actual payment of those funds to recipients. While all States are required to comply with the funding techniques of the CMIA, pursuant to the implementing regulations of the United States Department of the Treasury at 31 CFR Part 205, only those States whose State supplementary payment programs meet the requirements of a major Federal assistance program in their respective States are subject to the interest liability provisions of the CMIA. For those States, transfers of supplementary payment funds to SSA which are not made on due dates and/ or are not made in appropriate amounts will cause the imposition of an interest liability on either the State, or the Federal Government. Currently, SSA administers the supplementary payment programs of 26 States and the District of Columbia. The supplementary payment programs of 12 of those States and the District of Columbia meet the requirements of a major Federal assistance program and, thus, are subject to the interest liability provisions of the CMIA.

Each month, States are notified of the amount of funds they must transfer to SSA to be used in the succeeding month to make supplementary payments and to pay administration fees. Notification is made, generally, 7 work days before the end of the month. For purposes of complying with the funding technique requirements of the CMIA and its implementing regulations, all State funds must be received by SSA by the fifth Federal business day following the day the regularly recurring monthly supplementary payments are issued. This date is the State supplementary payment transfer date and represents the dollar-weighted average day of clearance of all SSI/State supplementary payment checks and direct deposits made to individuals in a month. Section 1616(d) of the Act and section 212(b)(3) of Public Law 93-66, as amended by section 13731 of Public Law 103–66, require that the States pay administration fees on the same day they transfer to SSA the amounts necessary to make State supplementary payments. However, the provisions of the CMIA apply only to the amounts transferred to SSA for use in making supplementary payments. Therefore, the interest provisions of the CMIA are inapplicable to the payment of administration fees not made on transfer dates and/or not made in appropriate amounts. However, administration fee payment delinquencies by States are subject to the provisions of the claims collection regulations at 45 CFR part 30, which include the imposition of interest on amounts due SSA. These Department of Health and Human Services regulations remain applicable after March 30, 1995, to the assessment of interest on delinquent administration fees by SSA pursuant to section 106(b) of Public Law 103-296, the Social Security Independence and Program Improvements Act of 1994.

It is not possible for SSA to forecast the precise amount of State expenditures that will be made in the subsequent month. Therefore, the amounts transferred on the State supplementary payment transfer date are based on estimates made by SSA. After the close of the month for which the amounts are transferred, when final expenditure figures become available, those amounts will be revealed to be either more or less than actually

expended, therefore triggering an interest liability on either the State or the Federal Government. Current regulations do not reflect the CMIA requirement that supplementary payment funds be transferred to SSA on the date of average clearance of SSI/supplementary payments, nor do they authorize the charging or payment of interest by either SSA or the States with regard to the transfer of State supplementary payment funds.

Proposed Policy

We propose to amend the regulations at §§ 416.2010(b) and 416.2090 to reflect the provisions section 13731 of Public Law 103-66 that require SSA to charge States an administrative fee for administering their State supplementary payments and authorize SSA to charge States an additional services fee for services not customarily performed. Examples of services not customarily provided States and thus, for which an additional fee will be charged if SSA agrees to perform them, are presented below. The list is not intended to be inclusive. Any and all additional services performed by SSA at the request of a State will be subject to the services fee, including:

• The collection and/or verification of additional information in the claims or redetermination process which SSA does not now typically or usually collect and/or verify;

• The modification of a supplementary payment level variation or replacement of a supplementary payment level variation, resulting in a variation more labor intensive or otherwise more costly to administer than variations normally administered by SSA:

• The modification or expansion of the existing SSI Quality Assurance sample that would increase the level of reporting usually performed by SSA;

• The development and issuance of notices to SSI/State supplementary payment recipients in the State beyond those normally provided;

• The revision of State supplementary payment amounts which requires software changes in the SSI payment system not otherwise necessary. Such revisions would be other than the customary revisions associated with annual cost-of-living adjustments to the Federal benefit rate:

 The provision of more detailed or frequent accounting data or reports; and

• A service that would require SSA to engage in software development or modification and/or reprogramming efforts not normally undertaken.

We also propose to amend the regulations at § 416.2090(a)(2) to

provide, consistent with our present procedure, that all State funds to be used by SSA to make monthly supplementary payments and to pay administration fees for that month, as estimated by SSA, must be on deposit with SSA by the fifth Federal business day following the day the regularly recurring monthly supplementary payments are issued. This paragraph would also provide that any additional services fees are to be on deposit with SSA on the date specified by SSA. In addition, we propose to amend § 416.2090(b) to clarify that administration and additional services fees are included in SSA's accounting of State funds and to reflect the fact that SSA and the States may now incur interest charges with respect to the adjustment and accounting of State supplementary payment funds in accordance with the CMIA and implementing regulations of the United States Department of the Treasury.

We also propose to make technical revisions to the regulations in Subpart T that are unrelated to the provisions of OBRA of 1993 and the CMIA. Section 184 of Public Law 97-248, enacted September 3, 1982, phased out the holdharmless provisions of the Social Security Act. In order to reflect the fact that these provisions are now obsolete, we propose to delete the hold-harmless regulations at §§ 416.2010(b) (except for the last sentence which is unrelated to the hold-harmless protection and which will be inserted at the end of §§ 416.2005(d)), 416.2080, 416.2082, and 416.2085 per SSA's June 1, 1995, report to President Clinton on Eliminating and Improving Regulations, and to amend the regulations at §§ 416.2050(b)(1) and 416.2090 (a)(2) and (d). Section 416.2010(d) will be redesignated as § 416.2010(c) and will be revised to indicate that agreements will renew automatically one year after the date they are signed for a period of one year unless the State or SSA gives written notice not to renew at least 90 days before the beginning of the new period. The regulations now provide that the agreements will run until June 30, the Federal government's former end of a fiscal year. This proposed change takes into consideration the fact that States have not signed their agreements on one uniform date. Finally, these proposed rules would, in the sections being amended, replace all references to the Secretary of Health and Human Services with references to SSA to reflect Public Law 103-296 which, effective March 31, 1995, established SSA as an independent agency separate

from the Department of Health and Human Services.

Regulatory Procedures

Executive Order 12866

We have consulted with the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) and determined that these rules do not meet the criteria for a significant regulatory action under Executive Order 12866. Thus, they were not subject to OMB review.

Regulatory Flexibility Act

We certify that these proposed rules will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. Therefore, a regulatory flexibility analysis as provided in Public Law 96–354, the Regulatory Flexibility Act, is not required.

Paperwork Reduction Act

These proposed rules impose no reporting/recordkeeping requirements subject to OMB clearance.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Program No. 96.006, Supplemental Security Income)

List of Subjects in 20 CFR Part 416

Administrative practice and procedure, Aged, Blind, Disability benefits, Public assistance programs, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Supplemental security income.

Dated: April 16, 1996. Shirley Chater, Commissioner of Social Security.

Subpart T of part 416 of chapter III of title 20 of the Code of Federal Regulations is proposed to be amended as follows:

PART 416 —[AMENDED]

Subpart T—[Amended]

1. The authority citation for subpart T of part 416 continues to read as follows:

Authority: Secs. 702(a)(5), 1616, 1618, and 1631 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 902(a)(5), 1382e, 1382g, and 1383); sec. 212, Pub. L. 93–66, 87 Stat. 155 (42 U.S.C. 1382 note); sec. 8(a), (b)(1)–(b)(3), Pub. L. 93–233, 87 Stat. 956 (7 U.S.C. 612c note and 1431 note and 42 U.S.C. 1382e note); secs. 1(a)–(c) and 2(a), 2(b)(1), 2(b)(2), Pub. L. 93–335, 88 Stat. 291 (42 U.S.C. 1382 note, 1382e note).

2. Section 416.2005 is amended by revising paragraph (a), removing "the Secretary" and adding "SSA" in the heading and each time it appears in paragraphs (b)–(d) and adding a sentence to the end of paragraph (d) to read as follows:

§ 416.2005 Administration agreements with SSA.

(a) Agreement-mandatory only. Subject to the provisions of paragraph (d) of this section, any State having an agreement with the Social Security Administration (SSA) under § 416.2001(c) may enter into an administration agreement with SSA under which SSA will make the mandatory minimum supplementary payments on behalf of such State. An agreement under § 416.2001(c) and an administration agreement under this paragraph may be consolidated into one agreement.

(d) * * * If the State elects options available under this subpart (specified in §§ 416.2015 through 416.2035), such options must be specified in the administration agreement.

3. Section 416.2010 is amended by removing paragraph (b), redesignating paragraphs (c) through (f) as paragraphs (b) through (e), removing "the Secretary" and adding "SSA" each time it appears in paragraphs (a), (d) and (e), and by revising redesignated paragraphs (b) and (c) to read as follows:

§ 416.2010 Essentials of the administration agreements.

(b) Administrative costs. (1) SSA shall assess each State that had elected Federal administration of optional and/ or mandatory State supplementary payments an administration fee for administering those payments. The administration fee is assessed and paid monthly and is derived by multiplying the number of State supplementary payments made by SSA on behalf of a State for any month in a fiscal year by the applicable dollar rate for the fiscal year. The number of supplementary payments made by SSA in a month is the total number of checks issued and direct deposits made to recipients in that month, that are composed in whole or in part of State supplementary funds. The dollar rates are as follows:

(i) For fiscal year 1994, \$1.67;

(ii) For fiscal year 1995, \$3.33;

(iii) For fiscal year 1996, \$5.00; and

(iv) For fiscal year 1997 and each succeeding fiscal year, \$5.00, or such different rate as determined by SSA to be appropriate for any particular State, taking into account the complexity of administering the State's supplementary payment program.

(2) SSA shall charge a State an additional services fee if, at the request of the State, SSA agrees to provide the State with additional services beyond the level customarily provided in the administration of State supplementary

payments. The additional services fee shall be in an amount that SSA determines is necessary to cover all costs, including indirect costs, incurred by the Federal government in furnishing the additional services. SSA is not required to perform any additional services requested by a State and may, at its sole discretion, refuse to perform those additional services. An additional services fee charged a State may be a one-time charge or, if the furnished services result in ongoing costs to the Federal Government, a monthly or less frequent charge to the State for providing such services.

(c) Agreement period. The agreement period for a State which has elected Federal administration of its supplementary payments will extend for one year from the date the agreement was signed unless otherwise designated. The agreement will be automatically renewed for a period of one year unless either the State or SSA gives written notice not to renew, at least 90 days before the beginning of the new period. For a State to elect Federal administration, it must notify SSA of its intent to enter into an agreement, furnishing the necessary payment specifications, at least 120 days before the first day of the month for which it wishes Federal administration to begin, and have executed such agreement at least 30 days before such day.

4. Paragraph (b)(1) of section 416.2050 is amended by removing the phrase "(as defined in § 416.2085(e))" and removing "the Secretary" and adding "SSA" each time it appears.

§ 416.2080 [Removed]

5. Section 416.2080 is removed.

§416.2082 [Removed]

6. Section 416.2082 is removed.

§416.2085 [Removed]

Section 416.2085 is removed.

8. Section 416.2090 is amended removing "the Secretary" and adding "SSA" each time it appears in paragraph (c), by removing the phrase 'for purposes of § 416.2080" at the end of paragraph (d), and by revising the section heading and paragraphs (a) and (b) to read as follows:

§ 416.2090 State funds transferred for supplementary payments.

- (a) Payment transfer and adjustment. (1) Any State which has entered into an agreement with SSA which provides for Federal administration of such State's supplementary payments shall transfer to SSA:
- (i) An amount of funds equal to SSA's estimate of State supplementary

payments for any month which shall be made by SSA on behalf of such State;

- (ii) An amount of funds equal to SSA's estimate of administration fees for any such month determined in the manner described in $\S 416.2010(b)(1)$;
- (iii) If applicable, an amount of funds equal to SSA's determination of the costs incurred by the Federal government in furnishing additional services for the State as described in § 416.2010(b)(2).
- (2) In order for SSA to make State supplementary payments on behalf of a State for any month as provided by the agreement, the estimated amount of State funds referred to in paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section, necessary to make those payments for the month, together with the estimated amount of administration fees referred to in paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of this section, for that month, must be on deposit with SSA on the State supplementary payment transfer date, which is the fifth Federal business day following the day in the month that the regularly recurring monthly supplemental security income payments are issued. The additional services fee referred to in paragraph (a)(1)(iii) of this section, shall be on deposit with SSA on the date specified by SSA. The amount of State funds paid to SSA for State supplementary payments and the amount paid for administration fees will be adjusted as necessary to maintain the balance with State supplementary payments paid out by SSA on behalf of the State, and administration fees owed to SSA, respectively.
- (b) Accounting of State funds. (1) As soon as feasible, after the end of each calendar month, SSA will provide the State with a statement showing, cumulatively, the total amounts paid by SSA on behalf of the State during the current Federal fiscal year; the fees charged by SSA to administer such supplementary payments; any additional services fees charged the State; the State's total liability therefore; and the end-of-month balance of the State's cash on deposit with SSA.
- (2) SSA shall provide an accounting of State funds received as State supplementary payments, administration fees, and additional services fees, within three calendar months following the termination of an agreement under § 416.2005.
- (3) Adjustments will be made because of State funds due and payable or amounts of State funds recovered for calendar months for which the agreement was in effect. Interest will be incurred by SSA and the States with respect to the adjustment and

accounting of State supplementary payments funds in accordance with applicable laws and regulations of the United States Department of the Treasury.

[FR Doc. 96-10058 Filed 4-25-96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4190-29-P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Coast Guard

33 CFR Part 117 [CGD08-96-003]

RIN 2115-AE47

Drawbridge Operation Regulation; Lower Grand River, LA

AGENCY: Coast Guard, DOT.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking.

SUMMARY: At the request of the Iberville Parish School Board, the Coast Guard is considering a change to the regulation governing the operation of the pontoon drawbridge on LA State Road 77 across the Lower Grand River (Intracoastal Waterway, Morgan City to Port Allen, Alternate Route), mile 47.0 at Grosse Tete, Iberville Parish, Louisiana:

The proposed regulation would require that the bridge open on signal; except that from 6 a.m. to 8 a.m. and from 2:30 p.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, other than Federal holidays, and only during the months when local schools are in session, the bridge would be permitted to remain closed to navigation for the uninterrupted crossing of school bus and other vehicular traffic.

Presently, the draw of the bridge is required to open on signal, except that from 6 a.m. to 7:30 a.m. and from 2:30 p.m. to 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, other than Federal holidays, and only during the months when local schools are in session, the bridge need not open for navigation.

This action would extend the closure time in the morning and afternoon by one-half hour to accommodate school buses which must adhere to schedules based on new staggered starting times for the Iberville Parish Schools. This action would benefit school children in their timely arrival at school, while still providing for the reasonable needs of navigation.

DATES: Comments must be received on or before June 25, 1996.

ADDRESSES: Comments should be mailed to Commander (ob), Eighth Coast Guard District, 501 Magazine Street, New Orleans, Louisiana 70130-3396, or