relating to the proposed consent Decree. Comments should be addressed to the Assistant Attorney General of the Environment and Natural Resources Division, U.S. Department of Justice, P.O. Box 7611, Washington, D.C. 20044, and should refer to *United States* v. Fort Howard Corporation, D.J. Ref. 90–5–2–1–1893.

The proposed Consent Decree may be examined at the office of the United States Attorney for the Eastern District of Wisconsin, 517 E. Wisconsin Ave., Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53202, at the Office of Regional Counsel, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region V, 200 West Adams Street, Chicago, Illinois 60606, and at the Consent Decree Library, 1120 G Street, N.W., 4th Floor, Washington, D.C. 20005, (202) 624-0892. A copy of the proposed Consent Decree may also be obtained in person or by mail from the Consent Decree Library. In requesting a copy, please enclose a check in the amount of \$5.00 (25 cents per page reproduction costs) payable to the "Consent Decree Library." Joel Gross

Chief, Environmental Enforcement Section, Environment and Natural Resources Division. [FR Doc. 96–8557 Filed 4–5–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–01–M

Notice of Lodging of Consent Decree Pursuant to the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 as Amended

In accordance with Department of Justice policy, 28 CFR 50.7, notice is hereby given that a proposed partial consent decree in United States v. International Paper Company, et al., Civil No. 94-4681 (BDP), was lodged on March 25, 1996 with the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York. The decree resolves claims of the United States against defendants Ford Motor Company, Georgia-Pacific Corporation, International Business Machines Corporation, Reichhold Chemical Company, Inc., Union Carbide Corporation, and the Town of Warwick in the above-referenced action under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act ("CERCLA") for contamination at the Warwick Superfund Site in the Town of Warwick, Orange County, New York (the "Site"). In the proposed consent decree, the defendants agree to pay the United States \$1,400,000 in settlement of the United States' claims for past response costs incurred by the Environmental Protection Agency at the Site through November 7, 1994.

The Department of Justice will receive, for a period of thirty (30) days from the date of this publication, comments relating to the proposed consent decree. Comments should be addressed to the Assistant Attorney General for the Environment and Natural Resources Division, Department of Justice, Washington, DC 20530, and should refer to *United States* v. *International Paper Company, et al.*, DOJ Ref. Number 90–11–3–812.

The proposed consent decree may be examined at the Office of the United States Attorney, 100 Church Street, New York, NY, 10007; the Region II Office of the Environmental Protection Agency, 290 Broadway, New York, NY 10278; and the Consent Decree Library, 1120 G Street, NW., 4th Floor, Washington, DC 20005, (202) 624-0892. A copy of the proposed consent decree may be obtained in person or by mail from the Consent Decree Library, 1120 G Street, NW 4th Floor, Washington, DC. 20005. In requesting a copy, please refer to the referenced case and enclose a check in the amount of \$6.75 (25 cents per page reproduction costs), payable to the Consent Decree Library.

Joel M. Gross.

Chief Environmental Enforcement Section Environment and Natural Resources Division. [FR Doc. 96–8556 Filed 4–5–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–01–M

Notice of Lodging of Consent Decree Pursuant to the Clean Water Act

In accordance with Departmental Policy, 28 CFR § 50.7, notice is hereby given that a Consent Decree in *United States* v. *USA Waste Services, Inc.*, Civil No. 96–C–1613 (N.D. Ill.), was lodged with the United States District Court for the Northern District of Illinois on March 26, 1996.

The Consent Decree concerns alleged violations of section 301(a) of the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. 1311(a), resulting from the defendant's discharge of fill material into wetlands without a permit from the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. USA Waste Services, Inc. unlawfully discharged fill material into wetlands in connection with its operation and expansion of the ARF Landfill in Lake County, Illinois, just north of Chicago. Under the Consent Decree, the defendant would perform restoration/mitigation and would pay a civil penalty.

The Department of Justice will receive written comments relating to the proposed Consent Decree for a period of 30 days from the date of publication of this notice. Comments should be addressed to Linda A. Wawzenski,

Assistant U.S. Attorney, Northern District of Illinois, 219 South Dearborn St., 5th Floor, Chicago, Illinois 60604, and should refer to *United States* v. *USA Waste Services, Inc.*, Civil No. 96–C–1613 (N.D. Ill.).

The Consent Decree may be examined at the Clerk's Office, United States District Court for the Northern District of Illinois, 219 South Dearborn St., Chicago, Illinois 60604.

Letitia J. Grishaw,

Chief, Environmental Defense Section, Environment and Natural Resources Division. [FR Doc. 96–8558 Filed 4–5–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–01–M

[AAG/A Order No. 118-96]

Privacy Act of 1974; Modified System of Records

Pursuant to the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a), the Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS), Department of Justice, proposes to modify the following system of records—previously published November 7, 1995, (60 FR 56165):

The Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS)

Alien File (A-File) and Central Index System (CIS), Justice/INS-001A

To comply with a provision of a settlement agreement reached in Amwest Insurance Company v. Reno. Civil No. 93 3256 JSL (Shx), filed in the Central District of California, INS proposes to modify routine use disclosure provision P. Routine use "P" permits the disclosure of information to an obligor who has posted an immigration bond. However, this disclosure provision currently permits disclosure after the individual has failed to appear at a deportation hearing (or similar proceeding). It is now being modified to permit disclosure in time to assist the obligor in locating the individual prior to the hearing. Disclosure under the modified routine use may reduce the chance that the bond will be breached for failure to deliver the alien.

Title 5 U.S.C. 552a(e) (4) and (11) provide that the public be given a 30-day period in which to comment on proposed new routine use disclosures. The Office of Management and Budget (OMB), which has oversight responsibilities under the Act, requires a 40-day period in which to conclude its review of the proposal.

Therefore, please submit any comments by May 8, 1996. The public, OMB, and the Congress are invited to send written comments to Patricia E. Neely, Program Analyst, Information

Management and Security Staff, Justice Management Division, Department of Justice, Washington, DC 20530 (Room 850, WCTR Building).

In accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552a(r), the Department has provided a report to OMB and the Congress on the proposed modification.

Dated: March 26, 1996. Stephen R. Colgate, Assistant Attorney General for Administration.

JUSTICE/INS-001A

SYSTEM NAME:

The Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) Alien File (A-File) and Central Index System (CIS).

SYSTEM LOCATION:

Headquarters, Regional, District, and other INS file control offices in the United States and foreign countries as detailed in JUSTICE/INS-999. Remote access terminals will also be located in other components of the Department of Justice and in the Department of State on a limited basis.

CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

A. Individuals covered by provisions of the Immigration and Nationality Act of the United States.

B. Individuals who are under investigation, were investigated in the past, or who are suspected of violating the criminal or civil provisions of treaties, statutes, Executive Orders, and Presidential proclamations administered by INS, and witnesses and informants having knowledge of such violations.

CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

A. The computerized indexing system contains personal identification data such as A-File number, name, date and place of birth, date and port of entry, as well as the location of each official hardcopy paper file known as the "Afile." Microfilm records contain naturalization certificates and any supporting documentation prior to April 1, 1956; however, after that date, this type of information is maintained in the A-File" which is described in B below.

B. The hard copy A-file (prior to 1940 were called Citizenship File (C-File)) contains all the individual's official record material such as naturalization certificates; various forms, applications and petitions for benefits under the immigration and nationality laws; reports of investigations; statements; reports; correspondence; and memorandums on each individual for whom INS has created a record under the Immigration and Nationality Act.

AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF RECORDS:

Sections 103 and 290 of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended (8 U.S.C. 1103 and 8 U.S.C. 1360), and the regulations pursuant thereto.

PURPOSE:

The system is used primarily by INS and other Department of Justice employees to administer and enforce the immigration and nationality laws, and related statutes, including the processing of applications for benefits under these laws, detecting violations of these laws, and the referral of such violations for prosecution.

ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND THE PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

Relevant information contained in this system of records may be disclosed as follows:

A. To clerks and judges of courts exercising naturalization jurisdiction for the purpose of filing petitions for naturalization and to enable such courts to determine eligiblity for naturalization or grounds for revocation of naturalization.

B. To the Department of State in the processing of petitions or applications for benefits under the Immigration and Nationality Act, and all other immigration and nationality laws, including treaties and reciprocal agreements.

C. To other Federal, State, and local government law enforcement and regulatory agencies and foreign governments, including the Department of Defense and all components thereof, the Department of State, the Department of the Treasury, the Central Intelligence Agency, the Selective Service System, the United States Coast Guard, the United Nations, and INTERPOL, and individuals and organizations during the course of investigation in the processing of a matter or during a proceeding with the purview of the immigration and nationality laws to elicit information required by INS to carry out its functions and statutory mandates.

D. To a Federal, State, local or foreign government agency or organization, or international organization, lawfully engaged in collecting law enforcement intelligence information, whether civil or criminal, and/or charged with investigating, prosecuting, enforcing or implementing civil and/or criminal laws, related rules, regulations or orders, to enable these entities to carry out their law enforcement responsibilities, including the collection of law enforcement intelligence.

E. A record, or any facts derived therefrom, may be disseminated in a proceeding before a court or adjudicative body before which INS is authorized to appear when any of the following is a party to litigation or has an interest in litigation and such records are determined by INS to be arguably relevant to the litigation: (i.) INS, or any subdivision thereof, or (ii.) any employee of INS in his or her official capacity, or (iii.) any employee of INS in his or her individual capacity where the Department of Justice has agreed to represent the employee, or (iv.) the United States, where INS determines that the litigation is likely to affect it or any of its subdivisions.

F. To a Federal, State, local or foreign government agency in response to its request, in connection with the hiring or retention by such agency of an employee, the issuance of a security clearance, the reporting of an investigation of such an employee, the letting of a contract, or the issuance of a license, grant, loan or other benefit by the requesting agency, to the extent that the information is relevant and necessary to the requesting agency's decision on the matter.

G. To a Federal, State, local or foreign government agency maintaining civil, criminal or other relevant enforcement information or other pertinent information, such as current licenses, if necessary to obtain information relevant to a decision of INS concerning the hiring or retention of an employee, the issuance of a security clearance, the reporting of an investigation of an employee, the letting of a contract, or the issuance of a license, grant or other

H. To the Office of Management and Budget in connection with the review of private relief legislation as set forth in OMB Circular No. A-19 at any stage of the legislative coordination and clearance process as set forth in the Circular.

I. To other Federal agencies for the purpose of conducting national intelligence and security investigations.

J. To an applicant, petitioner or respondent or to his or her attorney or representative as defined in 8 CFR 1.1(j) in connection with any proceeding before INS

K. To a Federal, State, or local government agency to assist such agencies in collecting the repayment of loans, or fraudulently or erroneously secured benefits, grants, or other debts owed to them or to the United States government, and/or to obtain information that may assist INS in collecting debts owed to the United States Government; to a foreign

government to assist such government in collecting the repayment of loans, or fraudulently or erroneously secured benefits, grants, or other debts owed to it provided that the foreign government in question: (1) provides sufficient documentation to establish the validity of the stated purpose of its request, and (2) provides similar information to the United States upon request.

L. To student volunteers whose services are accepted pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 3111 or to students enrolled in a college work study program pursuant to

42 U.S.C. 2751 et seq.

M. To the news media and the public pursuant to 28 CFR 50.2 unless it is determined that release of the specific information in the context of a particular case would constitute an unwarranted invasion of a personal privacy.

N. To a Member of Congress or staff acting on the Member's behalf when the Member or staff requests the information on behalf of and at the request of the individual who is the

subject of the record.

O. To the General Services Administration and the National Archives and Records Administration in records management inspections conducted under the authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906.

P. To an obligor, any information which may aid the obligor in locating an individual *for purposes of appearing* at a deportation hearing, exclusion or other similar proceeding, and for whom the obligor had posted an immigration bond in an effort to secure such appearance by such individual.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORING, RETRIEVING, ACCESSING, RETAINING, AND DISPOSING OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

STORAGE:

Most A-file and C-file records are paper documents and are stored in file folders. Some microfilm and other records are stored in manually operated machines, file drawers, and filing cabinets. Those index records which can be accessed electronically are stored in a data base on magnetic disk and tape.

RETRIEVABILITY:

These records are indexed and retrieved by A-file or C-file number, name, and/or date of birth.

SAFEGUARDS:

INS offices are located in buildings under security guard, and access to premises is by official identification. All records are stored in spaces which are locked during non-duty office hours. Many records are stored in cabinets or

machines which are also locked during non-duty office hours. Access to automated records is controlled by passwords and name identifications.

RETENTION AND DISPOSAL:

A-file records are retained for 75 years from the closing date or date of last action and then destroyed. C-file records are to be destroyed 100 years from March 31, 1956. Automated index records are retained only as long as they serve a useful purpose and then they are deleted from the system disk and/or tape.

SYSTEM MANAGER(S) AND ADDRESS:

The Servicewide system manager is the Assistant Commissioner, Office of Records, Office of Examinations, Immigration and Naturalization Service, 425 I Street NW., Washington, DC 20536.

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURE:

Address inquiries to the system manager identified above, the nearest INS office, or the INS office maintaining desired records, if known, by using the list of principal offices of the Immigration and Naturalization Service Appendix: JUSTICE/INS–999, published in the Federal Register.

RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURE:

Make all requests for access in writing to the Freedom of Information Act/ Privacy Act (FOIA/PA) officer at one of the addresses identified above. Clearly mark the envelope and letter "Privacy Act Request." Provide the A-file number and/or the full name, date and place of birth, and notarized signature of the individual who is the subject of the record, and any other information which may assist in identifying and locating the record, and a return address. For convenience, INS Form G-639, FOIA/PA Request, may be obtained from the nearest INS office and used to submit a request for access.

CONTESTING RECORDS PROCEDURES:

Direct all requests to contest or amend information to the FOIA/PA Officer at one of the addresses identified above. State clearly and concisely the information being contested, the reason for contesting it, and the proposed amendment thereof. Clearly mark the envelope "Privacy Act Request." The record must be identified in the same manner as described for making a request for access.

RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:

Basic information contained in INS records is supplied by individuals on Department of State and INS applications and forms. Other

information comes from inquiries and/ or complaints from members of the general public and members of congress; referrals of inquiries and/or complaints directed to the White House or Attorney General; INS reports to investigations, sworn statements, correspondence and memorandums; official reports, memorandums, and written referrals from other entities, including Federal, State, and local governments, various courts and regulatory agencies, foreign government agencies and international organizations.

SYSTEMS EXEMPTED FROM CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE ACT:

The Attorney General has exempted this system from subsections (c) (3) and (4); (d); (e) (1), (2), and (3); (e)(4) (G) and (H); (e) (5) and (8); and (g) of the Privacy Act. These exemptions apply to the extent that information in the system is subject to exemption pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552 (j) and (k). Rules have been promulgated in accordance with the requirements of 5 U.S.C. 553 (b), (c), and (e) and have been published in the Federal Register and codified as additions to Title 28, Code of Federal Regulations (28 CFR 16.99).

[FR Doc. 96–8559 Filed 4–5–96; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–10–M

Antitrust Division

Notice Pursuant to the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993; Bethlehem Steel Corporation and U.S. Steel Group, a Unit of USX Corporation

Notice is hereby given that, on November 2, 1995, pursuant to Section 6(a) of the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993, 15 U.S.C. 4301 et seq. ("the Act") Bethlehem Steel Corporation and U.S. Steel Group, a unit of USX Corporation, has filed written notification simultaneously with the Attorney General and the Federal Trade Commission disclosing changes in the planned activity of the venture. The notification was filed for the purpose of extending the Act's provisions limiting the recovery of antitrust plaintiffs to actual damages under specified circumstances. Specifically, the general areas of additional planned activity by the venture are research and development activities relating to: (1) conducting a "Joint Hot Side Conference" to identify potential areas for implementing new technological developments and/or technology exchanges in basic iron and steelmaking operations, and (2) identification,