and met with stakeholders in December 2002 to seek their input.

The guidance was initiated in response to industry's request for a formal dispute resolution process to resolve differences related to scientific and technical issues that arise between investigators and pharmaceutical manufacturers during FDA inspections. In addition to encouraging manufacturers to use currently available dispute resolution processes, the guidance describes a formal two-tiered dispute resolution process that provides a mechanism for requesting review and decision on issues that arise during inspections.

On September 5, 2003 (68 FR 52777), the FDA announced the availability of the draft version of this guidance. The public comment period closed on March 5, 2004. A number of comments were received, which the agency considered carefully as it finalized the guidance and made appropriate changes. The agency conducted a pilot program with industry for a 12-month period. During that time, the agency received one Tier 1 request for dispute resolution and it was resolved. In addition, FDA met with representatives from industry trade associations in September 2004, near the end of the pilot period, to discuss the draft guidance and receive input.

Most of the changes to the guidance were made to clarify statements in the draft guidance. The following changes in the final guidance are noteworthy: (1) The time period for manufacturers to ask for clarification of a disputed scientific or technical issue was extended from 10 to 30 days; (2) if a request for formal dispute resolution reaches the agency's Dispute Resolution Panel and is considered appropriate for review, the panel will schedule a meeting to discuss the issue within 90 days of the request instead of the indefinite time period indicated in the draft guidance; (3) the guidance directs manufacturers to the Center for Devices and Radiological Health for disputes involving combination products when medical device components are the focus of the dispute, but clarifies that disputes solely involving medical devices are outside the scope of this guidance; and (4) the guidance clarifies that, during the dispute resolution process, a manufacturer may include relevant information that was not presented during the inspection, if FDA determines that a reasonable explanation was given on why the information was not presented during the inspection.

This guidance is being issued consistent with FDA's good guidance practices regulation (21 CFR 10.115).

The guidance represents the agency's current thinking on formal dispute resolution: scientific and technical issues related to pharmaceutical CGMP. It does not create or confer any rights for or on any person and does not operate to bind FDA or the public. An alternative approach may be used if such approach satisfies the requirements of the applicable statutes and regulations.

II. Comments

Interested persons may submit to the Division of Dockets Management (see ADDRESSES) written or electronic comments regarding this document. Submit a single copy of electronic comments or two paper copies of any mailed comments, except that individuals may submit one paper copy. Comments are to be identified with the docket number found in brackets in the heading of this document. Received comments may be seen in the Division of Dockets Management between 9 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday.

III. The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995

This guidance contains information collection provisions that are subject to review by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501–3520). The collection of information in this guidance was approved under OMB control number 0910–0563.

IV. Electronic Access

Persons with access to the Internet may obtain the guidance document at the following http://www.fda.gov/cder/guidance/index.htm or http://www.fda.gov/cber/default.htm or http://www.fda.gov/cber/guidelines.htm or http://www.fda.gov/cvm/guidance/guidance.html.

Dated: January 4, 2006.

Jeffrey Shuren,

Assistant Commissioner for Policy. [FR Doc. E6–233 Filed 1–11–06; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4160–01–S

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Health Resources and Services Administration

National Advisory Council on Migrant Health; Notice of Meeting

In accordance with section 10(a)(2) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (Pub. L. 92–463), notice is hereby given of the following meeting: *Name:* National Advisory Council on Migrant Health.

Dates and Times: January 30, 2006, 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. January 31, 2006, 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.

Place: 5600 Fishers Lane, Conference Room C, 3rd Floor, Rockville, Maryland 20857.

Status: The meeting will be open to the public.

Agenda: The agenda includes an overview of the Council's general business activities. The Council will also develop recommendations to the Secretary of Health and Human Services. Finally, the Council will hear presentations from experts on farmworker issues, including the status of farmworker health at the local and national level.

Agenda items are subject to change as priorities indicate.

For Further Information Contact: Anyone requiring information regarding the Council should contact Gladys Cate, Office of Minority and Special Populations, staff support to the National Advisory Council on Migrant Health, Bureau of Primary Health Care, Health Resources and Services Administration, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, Maryland 20857, Telephone (301) 594–0367.

Dated: January 5, 2006.

Tina M. Cheatham,

Director, Division of Policy Review and Coordination.

[FR Doc. E6–171 Filed 1–11–06; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4165–15–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration

Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection; Comment Request

In compliance with Section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 concerning opportunity for public comment on proposed collections of information, the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) will publish periodic summaries of proposed projects. To request more information on the proposed projects or to obtain a copy of the information collection plans, call the SAMHSA Reports Clearance Officer on (240) 276–1243.

Comments are invited on: (a) Whether the proposed collections of information are necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the

information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

Proposed Project: Screening, Brief Intervention, Brief Treatment and Referral to Treatment (SBIRT) Cross-Site Evaluation—New

SAMHSA's Center for Substance Abuse Treatment (CSAT) is conducting a cross-site external evaluation of the impact of programs of screening, brief intervention (BI), brief treatment (BT) and referral to treatment on patients presenting at various health care delivery units with a continuum of severity of substance use. CSAT's SBIRT program is a cooperative agreement grant program designed to help six States and one Tribal Council expand the continuum of care available for substance misuse and use disorders. The program includes screening, BI, BT and referrals for persons at risk for dependence on alcohol or drugs. The primary purpose of the evaluation is to study the extent to which the modified models of SBIRT being implemented by the grantees expand the continuum of care available for treatment of substance use disorders.

A survey will be used to collect data from patients at the participating grantee health care delivery units at baseline using a computer-assisted personal interview (CAPI) and at a sixmonth follow-up primarily via computer-assisted telephone interviewing (CATI). A second survey will be administered to practitioners who are delivering SBIRT services using CAPI. The patient survey is composed of questions on substance use behaviors and other outcome measures such as productivity, absenteeism, health status, arrests and accidents. The practitioner survey is designed to evaluate the implementation of proposed SBIRT models by measuring their penetration and practitioners' willingness to adopt. Furthermore, the survey will document moderating factors related to practitioner and health care delivery unit characteristics.

TOTAL BURDEN HOURS FOR THE CROSS-SITE PATIENT SURVEY

Instrument/activity	Number of respondents	Number of responses per respondent	Average burden per response	Total burden hours per collection
Cross-Site Patient Survey: Baseline Data Collection	10,500 8,400 270	1 1 1	.25 .25 .25	2,625 2,100 67.5
Total	19,170			4,793

Send comments to Summer King, SAMHSA Reports Clearance Officer, Room 7–1044, 1 Choke Cherry Road, Rockville, MD 20857. Written comments should be received within 60 days of this notice.

Dated: January 4, 2006.

Anna Marsh,

Director, Office of Program Services.
[FR Doc. E6–209 Filed 1–11–06; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4162–20–P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Federal Emergency Management Agency

Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection; Comment Request

AGENCY: Federal Emergency Management Agency, Department of Homeland Security.

ACTION: Notice and request for comments.

SUMMARY: The Federal Emergency Management Agency, as part of its

¹ The Reimbursement for Cost of Fighting Fire on Federal Property program is currently being transferred to the newly created Preparedness Directorate of the Department of Homeland continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burden, invites the general public and other Federal agencies to take this opportunity to comment on a proposed extension of a currently approved information collection. In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, this notice seeks comments concerning reimbursement of claims submitted for fighting fires on Federal property.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The collection of information is necessary in order to reimburse fire services for claims submitted for fighting fires on property that is under jurisdiction of the United States. Section II of the Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974, implemented under 44 CFR part 151, provides that each fire service that engages in the fighting of a fire on property which is under the jurisdiction of the United States and who has a mutual aid agreement in effect between claimant and the 1 Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) for the property upon which the fire occurred, may file a claim with FEMA for the amount of direct expense and direct

losses incurred by such fire services as a result of fighting fires.

Collection of Information

Title: Reimbursement for Cost of Fighting Fire on Federal Property.

Type of Information Collection: Extension of a currently approved collection.

OMB Number: 1660–0014.

Abstract: The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Director; the Administrator of the United States Fire Administration (USFA); and the United States Treasury will use the information to ensure proper expenditure of Federal funds. Once a claim is received, a copy of FEMA determination and the claim is forwarded to the Treasury Department. The Treasury Department will pay for fire services or its parent jurisdiction for any moneys in the treasury subject to reimbursement, to the Federal department or agency under whose jurisdiction the fire occurred.

Affected Public: Business or Other For-Profit, Not For-Profit Institutions, and State, Local or Tribal Government.

Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours:

Security. During this transition FEMA, also part of the Department of Homeland Security, will continue to support this program as the new Directorate stands up. Ultimately this data

collection will be transferred to the Preparedness Directorate.