with Canada will be required for these channels.

(5) Except as specified in §90.616, channel assignments for stations to be located in the geographical area in Region 3 enclosed by the meridian of 81° W longitude, the arc of a circle of 100 km radius centered at 42°39'30" N latitude and 81° W longitude at the northern shore of Lake Erie and drawn clockwise from the southerly intersection with 80°30' W longitude to intersect the United States-Canada border West of 81° W, and the United States-Canada border, will be only for channels 121 through 230, inclusive, and will be limited to assignments with 11 kHz or less necessary bandwidth. Coordination with Canada will be required for these channels. U.S. stations must protect Canadian stations operating on channels 121 through 230 within an area of 30 km radius from the center city coordinates (referenced to North American Datum 1983 (NAD83)) of London, Ontario (42°59'00.1" N, 81°13'59.5" W).

(6) Additional channels available: Except as specified in §90.616, the channels listed in table 28 are available for assignment in Regions 1–6 if the maximum power flux density (PFD) of the station's transmitted signal does not exceed the limits specified in tables 29 and 30 in this section. The spreading loss shall be calculated using the free space formula taking into account any antenna discrimination in the direction of the border.

TABLE 28—ADDITIONAL CHANNELS AVAILABLE [Regions 1–6]

Region	Channel No.'s	Effective radiated power
1	201–397	See Table 29
2	121-399	See Table 29
3	341-399	See Table 29
4	201-397	See Table 29
5	201-397	See Table 30
6	201–397	See Table 29

Authorizations for stations using these channels will be secondary to Canadian operations and conditioned to require that licensees take immediate action to eliminate any harmful interference resulting from the station's transmitted signal exceeding the values specified in tables 29 or 30 at or beyond the U.S./Canada border.

TABLE 29—MAXIMUM POWER FLUX DENSITY (PFD) AT THE U.S./CANADA BORDER COR-RESPONDING TO EFFECTIVE ANTENNA HEIGHT [Regions 1, 2, 3, 4, and 6]

Effective antenr	PFD (dBW/		
Feet	Meters	m²)	
0–500	0–152	- 84	
501-1000	153–305	- 90	
1001-1500	306–457	- 95	
1501-2000	458–609	- 98	
2001–2500	610–762	- 101	
2501-3000	763–914	- 101	
3001-3500	915–1066	- 103	
3501-4000	1067–1219	- 104	
Above 4000	Above 1219	- 104	

TABLE 30—MAXIMUM POWER FLUX DENSITY (PFD) AT THE U.S./CANADA BORDER COR-RESPONDING TO ANTENNA HEIGHT ABOVE MEAN SEA LEVEL

[Region 5]

Antenna height abo	PFD (dBW/	
Feet	Meters	m²)
0–1650	0–503	- 87.0
1651-2000	504–609	- 88.5
2001–2500	610–762	-91.0
2501–3000	763–914	- 92.5
3001–3500	915–1066	-94.0
3501-4000	1067–1219	- 95.0
4001–4500	1220–1371	- 95.5
4501-5000	1372–1523	-96.0
Above 5000	Above 1523	- 107.0

(Secs. 4(i) and 303, Communications Act, as amended, and 5 U.S.C. 553 (b)(3)(B) and (d)(1)) [47 FR 41032, Sept. 16, 1982; 47 FR 41045, Sept. 16, 1982]

EDITORIAL NOTE: For FEDERAL REGISTER citations affecting §90.619, see the List of CFR Sections Affected, which appears in the Finding Aids section of the printed volume and at *www.govinfo.gov*.

§90.621 Selection and assignment of frequencies.

(a) Applicants for frequencies in the Public Safety and Business/Industrial/ Land Transportation Categories must specify on the application the frequencies on which the proposed system will operate pursuant to a recommendation by the applicable frequency coordinator. Applicants for frequencies in the SMR Category must request specific frequencies by including in their applications the frequencies requested.

(1) For trunked systems, the assignment of frequencies will be made in accordance with applicable loading criteria and in accordance with the following:

(i) Channels will be chosen and assigned in accordance with §§90.615, 90.617, or 90.619.

(ii) A mobile station is authorized to transmit on any frequency assigned to its associated base station.

(iii) There are no limitations on the number of frequencies that may be trunked. Authorizations for non-SMR stations may be granted for up to 20 trunked frequency pairs at a time in accordance with the frequencies listed in §§ 90.615, 90.617, and 90.619.

(2) For conventional systems the assignment of frequencies will be made in accordance with applicable loading criteria. Accordingly, depending upon the number of mobile units to be served, an applicant may either be required to share a channel, or, if an applicant shows a sufficient number of mobile units to warrant the assignment of one or more channels for its exclusive use, it may be licensed to use such channel or channels on an unshared basis in the area of operation specified in its application.

(i) Channels will be chosen and assigned in accordance with §§90.615, 90.617, or 90.619.

(ii) A mobile station is authorized to transmit on any frequency assigned to its associated base station.

(b) Stations authorized on frequencies listed in this subpart, except for those stations authorized pursuant to paragraph (g) of this section and EAbased and MTA-based SMR systems. will be assigned co-channel frequencies solely on the basis of distance between fixed stations. In addition, contour overlap as detailed in paragraph (d) of this section will be the basis for geographic separation between fixed stations operating on adjacent-channel frequencies in the 809-817 MHz/854-862 MHz sub-band, except where such fixed stations meet the distance separation criteria set out in this paragraph (b).

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(1) Except as indicated in paragraph (b)(4) of this section, no station in Channel Blocks A through V shall be less than 169 km (105 mi) distant from a co-channel station that has been granted channel exclusivity and authorized 1 kW ERP on any of the following mountaintop sites: Santiago Peak, Sierra Peak, Mount Lukens, Mount Wilson (California). Except as indicated in paragraph (b)(4) of this section, no incumbent licensee in Channel Blocks F1 through V that has received the consent of all affected parties or a certified frequency coordinator to utilize an 18 dBµV/m signal strength interference contour shall be less than 229 km (142 mi) distant from a co-channel station that has been granted channel exclusivity and authorized 1 kW ERP on any of the following mountaintop sites: Santiago Peak, Sierra Peak, Mount Lukens, Mount Wilson (California).

(2) The separation between co-channel stations that have been granted exclusivity and that are located at high sites in California north of 35° N Latitude and west of 118° W Longitude shall be determined as follows:

(i) Required co-channel separations between common antenna sites are given by table 1. A channel group assigned to a station on a site listed in the vertical column may not be re-assigned to a station on a site listed in the horizontal column if there is an "X" in the box created by the intersection of the vertical and horizontal lines. The geographic coordinates listed in the table represent an average for each particular site; all locations within 1.6 km (1 mi) of the coordinates will be considered to be at that site.

(ii) Required co-channel separations involving antenna sites not listed in table 1 shall be determined by Commission staff on a case by case basis. The interference potential of proposed assignments will be evaluated considering parameters such as antenna height, effective radiated power, terrain irregularities, and market conditions.

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§90.621

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Site Name	Big Rock Ridge Mt. Tamalpais Wolfback Ridge	Wolfback Ridge Mt. Diablo Critic Poob	Volimer Peak Roundtop	Clay Jones Bldg. San Bruno Mrn.	Skega Peak	Black Mountain Mt II	Mt. Chual	Loma Prieta	Toro Peak Mission Ridge	Tuscan Buttes Forest Reach	Sutter Buttee	Wolf Mtn	Chantry Hill	Pouler Peak	Mt. 080	Mt. Bullion	Meadow Lakes	Bear Mtn	Joaquin Ridge	Blue Bidae	Pheasant Hill	Granite Peak		Mc Kittrick Peak
West Long1tude	122-36-17 122-35-11 122-29-56	122-29-56	122-13-11	122-24-52 122-26-08	122-18-20	122-08-33	121-49-58	121-50-29	121-52-03	122-05-37	121-49-02	121-05-58	122-02-39	120-35-06	121-22-26	120-03-45	119-25-39	119-16-59	120-24-03	118-50-19	118-47-08	118-49-20	119-30-55	119-45-48
North Latitude	38-03-40 37-55-44 37-50-57	37-52-54 37-51-12	37-52-58 37-51-00	37-43-33 37-41-21	37-24-39	37-19-13	37-07-09	37-06-40	37-29-15	40-15-46 39-51-50	39-12-17	39-08-01	<u>38-52-15</u> 38-24-20	38-01-15	37-30-31	37-32-32	37-04-10	36-44-38	36-18-10	36-17-07	35-38-29	35-33-09	35-17-17	12-11-66

(3) Except as indicated in paragraph (b)(4) of this section, stations in Channel Blocks A through V that have been granted channel exclusivity and are located in the State of Washington at the locations listed in the table below shall be separated from co-channel stations by a minimum of 169 km (105 mi). Except as indicated in paragraph (b)(4) of this section, incumbent licensees in Channel Blocks F1 through V that have received the consent of all affected par-

ties or a certified frequency coordinator to utilize an 18 dB μ V/m signal strength interference contour, have been granted channel exclusivity and are located in the State of Washington at the locations listed in the table below shall be separated from co-channel stations by a minimum of 229 km (142 mi). Locations within one mile of the geographical coordinates listed in the table below will be considered to be at that site.

NOTE: Coordinates are referenced to North American Datum 1983 (NAD83).

Site name	North latitude	West longitude
Mount Constitution	48° 40′ 47.4″	122° 50' 28.7"
Lyman Mountain	48° 35′ 41.4″	122° 09' 39.6"
Cultus Mountain	48° 25' 30.4"	122° 08' 58.5"
Gunsite Ridge	48° 03' 22.4"	121° 51' 41.5"
Gold Mountain	47° 32' 51.3"	122° 46' 56.5"
Buck Mountain	47° 47′ 05.3″	122° 59' 34.6"
Cougar Mountain	47° 32' 39.4"	122° 06' 34.4"
Squak Mountain	47° 30′ 14.4″	122° 03' 34.4"
Tiger Mountain	47° 30′ 13.4″	121° 58' 32.4"
Devils Mountain	48° 21' 52.4"	122° 16' 06.6"
McDonald Mountain	47° 20' 11.3"	122° 51' 30.5"
Maynard Hill	48° 00' 58.3"	122° 55' 35.6"
North Mountain	47° 19' 07.3"	123° 20' 48.6"
Green Mountain	47° 33′ 40.3″	122° 48' 31.5"
Capitol Peak	46° 58' 21.3"	123° 08' 21.5"
Rattlesnake Mountain	47° 28' 09.4"	121° 49' 17.4"
Three Sisters Mountain	47° 07′ 19.4″	121° 53' 34.4"
Grass Mountain	47° 12′ 14.1″	121° 47′ 42.4″
Spar Pole Hill	47° 02′ 51.4″	122° 08' 39.4"

(4) Upon an applicant's specific request to the Commission or a frequency coordinator, co-channel stations may be separated by less than 113 km (70 mi) by meeting certain transmitter ERP and antenna height criteria. The following table indicates separations assignable to such co-channel stations for various transmitter power and antenna height combinations. The minimum separation permitted is 88 km (55 mi). Applicants will provide the Commission with a statement that the application is submitted for consideration under the table, a list of all co-channel stations within 113 km (70 mi), and the DHAATs and ERPs for these stations and the applicant's proposed station. Applicants seeking to be licensed for stations located at distances less than those prescribed in the table are required to secure a waiver and must submit with the application, in addition to the above, an interference analysis, based upon any of the generally-accepted terrain-based propagation models, that shows that cochannel stations would receive the same or greater interference protection than provided in the table. Requests for separations less than 88 km (55 mi) must also include an analysis of interference potential from mobile transmitters to existing co-channel base station receivers. Applicants seeking a waiver must submit with their application a certificate of service indicating that concurrent with the submission of the application to the Commission or a coordinator, all co-channel licensees

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within the applicable area were served with a copy of the application and all attachments thereto. Licensees thus served may file an opposition to the application within 30 days from the date the application is filed with the Commission.

(i) The directional height of the antenna above average terrain (DHAAT) is calculated from the average of the antenna heights above average terrain from 3 to 16 km (2 to 10 mi) from the proposed site along a radial extending in the direction of the existing station and the radials 15 degrees to either side of that radial.

(ii) Except for the sites listed in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, additional co-channel distance separation must be afforded to an existing station from an applicant wishing to locate a station less than 113 km (70 mi) from a co-channel station, where either the applicant's or the existing station is located at sites with DHAATs of 458 m (1500 ft) and above. The separation between short-spaced co-channel stations shall be determined as follows:

(A) Calculate the DHAAT in each direction between every existing cochannel station with 113 km (70 mi) and the proposed station.

(B) In the table, locate the approximate ERP and DHAAT values for the proposed and existing stations.

(C) When DHAAT values are greater than 458 m (1500 ft), use the required separation for 305 m (1000 ft) and add 1.6 km (1 mi) for every 30.5 km (100 ft), or increment thereof, of DHAAT above 458 m (1500 ft) to the distance indicated in the table. If both the proposed existing stations have DHAATs of 458 m (1500 ft) or more, the additional distance is separately determined for each station and the combined distance is added to the distance obtained from the table. Protection to existing stations will be afforded only up to 113 km (70 mi).

SHORT-SPACING SEPARATION TABLE

Proposed station	Di	stance	e betw	een sta	ations	(km) 1	2
ERP (watts)/ DHAAT(m) ³	E	xisting	statio	n DHA	AT (m	eters)	3
	305	215	150	108	75	54	37
1000/305 1000/215 1000/150	113 113 113	113 113 113	113 113 113	113 113 113	113 113 112	113 113 108	113 110 103

SHORT-SPACING SEPARATION TABLE— Continued

	Di	stance	betw	een sta	ations	(km) 1	2			
Proposed station ERP (watts)/	E	Existing station DHAAT (meters) ³								
DHAÀT(m) ^{'3}	305	215	150	108	75	54	37			
1000/108	113	113	113	110	107	103	98			
1000/75	113	112	108	103	100	96	91			
1000/54	113	109	105	100	97	93	88			
1000/37	109	104	100	95	92	88	88			
500/305	113	113	113	113	113	113	110			
500/215	113	113	113	112	109	105	100			
500/150	113	112	108	103	100	96	91			
500/108	112	107	103	98	95	91	88			
500/75	107	102	98	93	90	88	88			
500/54	103	98	94	89	88	88	88			
500/37	99	94	90	88	88	88	88			
250/305	113	113	113	112	109	105	100			
250/215	113	113	107	102	99	95	90			
250/150	109	104	100	95	92	88	88			
250/108	105	100	96	91	88	88	88			
250/75	99	94	90	88	88	88	88			
250/54	95	90	88	88	88	88	88			
250/37	91	88	88	88	88	88	88			
125/305	113	111	107	102	99	95	90			
125/215	108	103	99	94	91	88	88			
125/150	103	98	94	89	88	88	88			
125/108	98	93	89	88	88	88	88			
125/75	93	88	88	88	88	88	88			
125/54	88	88	88	88	88	88	88			
125/37	88	88	88	88	88	88	88			
62/305	108	103	99	94	91	88	88			
62/215	103	98	94	89	88	88	88			
62/150	97	92	88	88	88	88	88			
62/108	92	88	88	88	88	88	88			
62/75	88	88	88	88	88	88	88			
62/54	88	88	88	88	88	88	88			
62/37	88	88	88	88	88	88	88			

¹ Separations for stations on Santiago Peak, Sierra Peak, Mount Lukens, and Mount Wilson (CA) and the locations in the State of Washington listed in paragraph (b)(3) of this section are 56 km (35 mi) greater than those listed in the table above. In the event of conflict between this table and the table of additional California high elevation sites shown in paragraph (b)(2) of this section, the latter will apply. ² Distances shown are derived from the R–6602 curves and are based upon a percurrence of the 22 dBU (E56 10) inter-

²Distances shown are derived from the R-6602 curves and are based upon a non-overlap of the 22 dBu (F50,10) interference contour of the proposed station with the 40 dBu (F50,50) contour of the existing station(s). No consideration is given to the 40 dBu service contour of the proposed station and the 22 dBu contour of the existing station(s). The minimum separation of stations will be 88 km (55 mi).

³ All existing stations are assumed to operate with 1000 watts ERP. When the ERP and/or DHAAT of a proposed station or the DHAAT of an existing station is not indicated in the table, the next higher value(s) must be used.

(5) The separation between co-channel systems may be less than the separations defined above if an applicant submits with its application letters of concurrence indicating that the applicant and each co-channel licensee within the specified separation agree to accept any interference resulting from the reduced separation between their systems. Each letter from a co-channel licensee must certify that the system of the concurring licensee is constructed and fully operational. The applicant must also submit with its application a certificate of service indi§90.621

cating that all concurring co-channel licensees have been served with an actual copy of the application.

(6) A station located closer than the distances provided in this section to a co-channel station that was authorized as short-spaced under paragraph (b)(4) of this section shall be permitted to modify its facilities as long as the station does not extend its 22 dBu contour beyond its maximum 22 dBu contour (i.e., the 22 dBu contour calculated using the station's maximum power and antenna height at its original location) in the direction of the short-spaced station.

(7) Offset frequencies in the 811-821/ 856-866 MHz band for use only within U.S./Mexico border area, as designated in §90.619(a), shall be considered cochannel with non-offset frequencies in this band as designated in §90.613. New applications for frequencies in this band for stations adjacent to the U.S./ Mexico border area must comply with the co-channel separation provisions of this section.

(c) Conventional systems authorized on frequencies in the Public Safety (except for those systems that have participated in a formal regional planning process as described in §90.16) and Business/Industrial/Land Transportation categories which have not met the loading levels necessary for channel exclusivity will not be afforded co-channel protection.

(d) Geographic separation between fixed stations operating on adjacent channels in the 809-817/854-862 MHz Mid-Band segment must be based on lack of contour overlap as detailed in paragraphs (d)(1) through (4), unless the co-channel distance separation criteria in paragraph (b) of this section are met.

(1) Forward contour analysis. An applicant seeking to license a fixed station on a channel in the 809-817 MHz/854-862 MHz band segment will only be granted if the applicant's proposed interference contour creates no overlap with the 40 dBu F(50,50) contour of an incumbent operating a fixed station on an upperor lower-adjacent channel. The applicant's interference contour is determined using the dBu level listed in the appropriate table in paragraph (d)(3) of

this section. For this analysis the applicant shall plot the interference contour of its proposed fixed station at its proposed ERP but assume that any adjacent-channel incumbent licensee is operating at the maximum permitted ERP for the licensed antenna height.

(2) Reciprocal contour analysis. In addition to the contour analysis described in paragraph (d)(1) of this section, any applicant seeking to license a fixed station on a channel in the 809-817 MHz/854-862 MHz band segment must also pass a reciprocal contour analysis. Under the reciprocal analysis, the interference contour. F(50.10) of an incumbent operating a fixed station on an upper- or lower-adjacent channel must create no contour overlap with the proposed 40 dBu F(50,50) contour of the applicant's fixed station. The incumbent's interference contour is determined using the dBu level listed in the appropriate table in paragraph (d)(3) of this section. For this analysis the applicant shall plot the coverage

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contour of its fixed station, F(50,50), at its proposed ERP and antenna height above average terrain but plot the interference contour, F(50,10), of any adjacent-channel incumbent licensee at its maximum permitted ERP for the licensed antenna height.

(3) Contour matrix. Interference contour levels for the contour analysis described in paragraphs (d)(1) and (2) of this section are determined using Table 4 or Table 5 to this paragraph (d)(3). Table 4 is used to determine the interference contour F(50,10) level of a fixed station operating on a 12.5 kilohertz bandwidth channel while Table 5 is used to determine the interference contour F(50.10) level of a fixed station operating on a 25 kilohertz bandwidth channel. The dBu level of the interference contour is determined by crossreferencing the modulation type of the station operating on the 25 kilohertz bandwidth channel with the modulation type of the station operating on the 12.5 kilohertz bandwidth channel.

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Table 4 to Paragraph (d)(3) – Interference Contour Level for Fixed Station	ı
Operating on 12.5 kilohertz Bandwidth Channel	

Interference Conto	our	12.5 kilo	hertz Bandw	Bandwidth	ogy of 12.5 k	ilohertz						
(12.5 kilohertz into 25 k	ilohertz	Channel Transmitter Emission										
channel)		111/2E2E	11K3F3E 8K10F1E 7K60FXE 4K00F1E 11K0F7E									
		or less	8K10F1D	7K60FXD	4K00F1D	11K0F7D						
		01 1035	8K70D1W	7K60F7E		11K0F7W						
25 kilohertz Technolo	gy on		9K80D7W	7K60F7D		111101 / 11						
25 kilohertz Bandwidth			, 100D / II	7K60F7W								
				8K30F1E								
				8K30F1D								
		Transmitter			Transmitter							
Transmitter Emission			Interferenc	e Contour [d	Bu F (50,10)]						
16K0F3E or 20K0F3E	Receiver	28	25	28	NA	23						
10K0F1E or 10K0F1D	Receiver	40	36	40	NA	28						
12K5F9W	Receiver	40	36	40	NA	32						
16K0F1E or 16K0F1D	Receiver	70	65	65	NA	NA						
18K3D7W or	Receiver											
17K7D7D		28	25	28	NA	20						
12.5 kilohertz Bandwid	dth											
Technology on 25 kilo	hertz											
Bandwidth Channel												
Transmitter Emission			Interferenc	e Contour [d	Bu F (50,10)]						
11K3F3E or less	Receiver	65	65	65	NA	70						
8K10F1E, 8K10F1D, 8K70D1W, 9K80D7W, 9K80D1E or 9K80D1D	Receiver	NA	75	75	NA	NA						
7K60FXE, 7K60FXD, 7K60F7E, 7K60F7D, 7K60F7W, 8K30F1E or 8K30F1D	Receiver	NA	75	75	NA	NA						
4K00F1E or 4K00F1D	Receiver	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA						
11K0F7E, 11K0F7D or 11K0F7W	Receiver	60	55	60	NA	NA						

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Technology on 2	5					
kilohertz Bandwid	lth					
Channels						
Transmitter			Interferenc	e Contour [d	Bu F (50,10)]
Emission						
22K0D7E, 22K0D7D,						
22K0D7W,	Receiver	28	25	28	45	20
22K0DXW or						
22K0G1W						
21K0D1E,						
21K0D1D or	Receiver	28	25	28	NA	20
21K0D1W						
21K7D7E,						
21K7D7D or	Receiver	28	25	28	NA	20
21K0D1W						

Table 5 to Paragraph (d)(3) – Interference Contour Level for Fixed Station Operating on 25 kilohertz Bandwidth Channel

		12.5 kilo	hertz Bandw	idth Technol	ogy of 12.5 I	alohertz			
Interference Con	Bandwidth								
(25 kilohertz into 12.5	kilohertz			Channel					
channel)			Tran	smitter Emis	sion				
		11K3F3E	8K10F1E	7K60FXE	4K00F1E	11K0F7E			
		or less	8K10F1D	7K60FXD	4K00F1D	11K0F7D			
			8K70D1W	7K60F7E		11K0F7W			
25 kilohertz Techno			9K80D7W	7K60F7D					
25 kilohertz Bandwidt	h Channel			7K60F7W					
				8K30F1E					
				8K30F1D					
		Receiver	Receiver	Receiver	Receiver	Receiver			
Transmitter			Interferenc	e Contour [d]	Bu F (50, 10)]			
Emission				Ľ					
16K0F3E or	Transmitter								
20K0F3E		40	50	45	NA	36			
10K0F1E or	Transmitter								
10K0F1D	Transmitter	50	50	50	NA	50			
	T								
12K5F9W	Transmitter	40	50	45	NA	36			
16K0F1E or	Transmitter								
16K0F1D		36	40	40	NA	36			
18K3D7W or	Transmitter								
17K7D7D		25	45	32	NA	23			

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12.5 kilohertz Bandwidth						
Technology on 25 kilohertz						
Bandwidth Channel						
Transmitter		Interference Contour [dBu F (50,10)]				
Emission						
11K3F3E or less	Transmitter	65	NA	75	NA	60
8K10F1E, 8K10F1D,						
8K70D1W,						
9K80D7W,						
9K80D1E or	Transmitter	65	75	70	NA	55
9K80D1D						
7K60FXE,						
7K60FXD, 7K60F7E,						
7K60F7D,						
7K60F7W,	Transmitter	65	75	75	NA	60
8K30F1E or						
8K30F1D						
4K00F1E or						
4K00F1D	Transmitter	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
11K0F7E,						
11K0F7D or	Transmitter	70	NA	NA	NA	NA
11K0F7W						
Section 90.22	21					
Technology on 25						
kilohertz Bandw	vidth					
Channels						
Transmitter		Interference Contour [dBu F (50,10)]				
Emission						
22K0D7E,22K0D7D,						
22K0D7W,						
22K0DXW or	Transmitter	25	28	25	32	23
22K0G1W						
21K0D1E,						
21K0D1D or	Transmitter	25	28	25	NA	23
21K0D1W						
21K7D7E,						
21K7D7D or	Transmitter	23	25	23	NA	20
21K0D1W						

(4) Letters of concurrence. Applicants may submit applications which cause overlap under the forward contour analysis described in paragraph (d)(1)of this section provided the applicant includes a letter of concurrence from each incumbent that receives contour overlap. In the letter of concurrence, the incumbent operator must agree to accept any interference that occurs as a result of the contour overlap. Applicants may also submit applications which receive contour overlap under the reciprocal analysis described in paragraph (d)(2) of this section provided the applicant includes a letter of concurrence from each incumbent that causes contour overlap. In this case, the incumbent operator must state in its letter of concurrence that it does not object to the applicant receiving contour overlap from the incumbent's facility.

(e) Frequencies in the 809-817/854-862 MHz bands listed as available for eligibles in the Public Safety and Business/ Industrial/Land Transportation Categories are available for inter-category sharing under the following conditions:

(1) Channels in the Public Safety and Business/Industrial/Land Transportation categories will be available to eligible applicants in those categories only if there are no frequencies in their own category and no public safety systems are authorized on those channels under consideration to be shared.

(2) Notwithstanding paragraph (e)(5)of this section, licensees of channels in the Business/Industrial/Land Transportation category may request a modification of the license, see §1.947 of this chapter, to authorize use of the channels for commercial operation. The licensee may also, at the same time or thereafter, seek authorization to transfer or assign the license, see §1.948 of this chapter, to any person eligible for licensing in the General or SMR categories. Applications submitted pursuant to this paragraph must be filed in accordance with the rules governing other applications for commercial channels, and will be processed in accordance with those rules. Grant of requests submitted pursuant to this paragraph is subject to the following conditions:

(i) A licensee that modifies its license to authorize commercial operations will not be authorized to obtain additional 800 MHz Business/Industrial/ Land Transportation category channels for sites located within 113 km (70 mi.) of the station for which the license was modified, for a period of one year from the date the license is modified. This provision applies to the licensee, its controlling interests and their affiliates, as defined in §1.2110 of this chapter.

(ii) With respect to licenses the initial application for which was filed on or after November 9, 2000, requests submitted pursuant to paragraph (e)(2) of this section may not be filed until five years after the date of the initial license grant. In the case of a license that is modified on or after November 9, 2000 to add 800 MHz Business/Industrial/Land Transportation frequencies or to add or relocate base stations that expand the licensee's interference contour, requests submitted pursuant to paragraph (e)(2) of this section for these frequencies or base stations may not be filed until five years after such

modification. (iii) Requests submitted pursuant to paragraph (e)(2) of this section must include a certification that written notice of the modification application has been provided to all Public Safety licensees, see §90.20(a), with base stations within 113 km (70 mi.) of the site of the channel(s) for which authorization for commercial use is sought that operate within 25 kHz of the center of those channel(s). If, pursuant to paragraph (e)(2) of this section, modification and assignment or transfer applications are filed at different times, the written notice required by this paragraph must be provided each time.

(iv) The applicant must certify that it will take reasonable precautions to avoid causing harmful interference to Public Safety licensees, see §90.20(a), and to take such action as may be necessary to eliminate interference to such licensees caused by its operations. (When an assignment or transfer application is filed pursuant to paragraph (e)(2) of this section, this representation is required only of the assignee or transferee.) Licensees of stations suffering or causing harmful interference are expected to cooperate and resolve this problem by mutually satisfactory arrangements. If the licensees are unable to do so, the Commission may impose restrictions including specifying the transmitter power, antenna height, or area or hours of operation.

(3) Licensees granted authorizations pursuant to paragraph (e)(2) of this section may at any time request modification of the license to authorize use of the channels consistent with the rules governing the category to which they are allocated, provided that the licensee meets the applicable eligibility requirements.

(4) [Reserved]

(5) The frequency coordinator must certify that frequencies are not available in the applicant's own category, and coordination is required from the applicable out-of-category coordinator.

(6) The out-of-category licensee must operate by the rules applicable to the category to which the frequency is allocated.

(f) Licensees of channels in the Business/Industrial/Land Transportation Categories in the 896-901/935-940 MHz bands may request a modification of the license, see §1.947 of this chapter, to authorize use of the channels for commercial operation. The licensee may also, at the same time, or thereafter, seek authorization to transfer or assign the license, see §1.948 of this chapter, to any person eligible for licensing in the General or SMR categories. Applications submitted pursuant to this paragraph must be filed in accordance with the rules governing other applications for commercial channels, and will be processed in accordance with those rules.

(g) Applications for Public Safety systems (both trunked and conventional) in the 806-809/851-854 MHz bands will be assigned and protected based on the criteria established in the appropriate regional plan. See §90.16 and the Report and Order in General Docket 87-112.

(h) [Reserved]

[47 FR 41032, Sept. 16, 1982]

EDITORIAL NOTES: 1. FOR FEDERAL REGISTER citations affecting §90.621, see the List of CFR Sections Affected, which appears in the Finding Aids section of the printed volume and at *www.govinfo.gov*.

2. At 63 FR 68968, Dec. 14, 1998, §90.621 was amended by adding a note before Table 1 and revising the first two columns of Table 1. However, Table 1 of §90.621 as it appears in the October 1, 1998 revision of title 47 parts 80-end is an illustration and cannot be edited for amendments. For the convenience of the user, the revised text is set forth as follows:

§90.621 Selection and assignment of frequencies.

* * * *

(b) * * *

TABLE 1—CO-CHANNEL SEPARATIONS BETWEEN COMMON ANTENNA SITES IN THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA NORTH OF 35° NORTH LATITUDE AND WEST OF 118° WEST LONGITUDE

[NOTE: Coordinates are referenced to North American Datum 1983 (NAD83)]

North latitude	West longitude	* * *
38°03′39.7″	122°36′20.9″	* * *
37°55′43.7″	122°35′14.9″	* * *
37°50′56.7″	122°29′59.9″	* * *
37°52′53.7″	121°55′08.9″	* * *
37°51′11.7″	122°12′33.9″	* * *

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TABLE 1—CO-CHANNEL SEPARATIONS BETWEEN COMMON ANTENNA SITES IN THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA NORTH OF 35° NORTH LATITUDE AND WEST OF 118° WEST LONGITUDE—Continued

[NOTE: Coordinates are referenced to North American Datum 1983 (NAD83)]

North latitude	West longitude	* * *
37°52′57.7″	122°13′14.9″	* * *
37°50'59.7″	122°11′33.9″	* * *
37°43′32.8″	122°24′55.9″	* * *
37°41′20.8″	122°26′11.9″	* * *
37°24′38.8″	122°18′23.9″	* * *
37°19′12.8″	122°08′36.9″	* * *
37°10'36.8″	121°54′27.8″	* * *
37°07′08.8″	121°50′01.8″	* * *
37°06'39.8″	121°50′32.8″	* * *
36°31′44.9″	121°36′27.8″	* * *
37°29'14.8″	121°52′06.8″	* * *
40°15′45.6″	122°05′41.0″	* * *
39°51′49.6″	121°41′23.9″	* * *
39°12′16.6″	121°49′05.9″	* * *
39°08'00.6"	121°06′01.8″	* * *
38°52′14.6″	121°07′42.8″	* * *
38°24′19.7″	122°06′33.9″	* * *
38°01′14.7″	120°35′09.7″	* * *
37°30′30.8″	121°22'29.8″	* * *
37°32'31.8″	120°03′48.6″	* * *
37°04′09.8″	119°25′42.5″	* * *
36°44′37.8″	119°17′02.4″	* * *
36°18′09.8″	120°24′06.6″	* * *
36°17'06.8"	118°50′22.3″	* * *
35°38'28.8"	118°47′11.3″	* * *
35°33'08.8″	118°49′23.3″	* * *
35°17′16.9″	119°30′58.4″	* * *
35°17'26.9"	119°45′51.5″	* * *
35°16′50.9″	119°44′55.5″	* * *

* * * * *

§90.623 Limitations on the number of frequencies assignable for conventional systems.

(a) The maximum number of frequency pairs that may be assigned to a licensee for operation in the conventional mode in a given area is five (5).

(b) Where an applicant proposes to operate a conventional radio system to provide facilities for the use of a single person or entity eligible under subparts B or C of this part, the applicant may be assigned only the number of frequency pairs justified on the basis of the requirement of the proposed single user of the system.

(c) No non-SMR licensee will be authorized an additional frequency pair for a conventional system within 64 kilometers (40 miles) of an existing conventional system, except where:

(1) The additional frequency pair will be used to provide radio facilities to a

*