affiliate, has authority to make decisions or otherwise engage in practices or activities that determine, or significantly influence, the nature or types of services offered by such licensee, the terms upon which such services are offered, or the prices charged for such services.

(iv) Any licensee or its affiliate who enters into a joint marketing arrangement with another licensee or its affiliate shall be considered to have an attributable interest in the other licensee's holdings if it has authority to make decisions or otherwise engage in practices or activities that determine or significantly influence the nature or types of services offered by the other licensee, the terms upon which such services are offered, or the prices charged for such services.

(v) Limited partnership interests shall be attributed to limited partners and shall be calculated according to both the percentage of equity paid in and the percentage of distribution of profits and losses.

(vi) Debt and instruments such as warrants, convertible debentures, options, or other interests (except nonvoting stock) with rights of conversion to voting interests shall not be attributed unless and until converted or unless the Commission determines that these interests confer *de facto* control.

(5) The following interests shall be attributable to holders, except to lessees and sublessees for the purpose of qualifying to bid on reserved licenses offered in the Incentive Auction, discussed in paragraph (c) of this section, on the basis of status as a non-nationwide provider:

(i) Long-term *de facto* transfer leasing arrangements as defined in §1.9003 of this chapter and long-term spectrum manager leasing arrangements as identified in §1.9020(e)(1)(ii) that enable commercial use shall be attributable to lessees, lessors, sublessees, and sublessors for purposes of this section.

(ii) [Reserved]

(c) 600 MHz Band holdings. (1) The Commission will reserve licenses for up to 30 megahertz of the 600 MHz Band, offered in the Incentive Auction authorized by Congress pursuant to 47 U.S.C. 309(j)(8)(G), for otherwise qualified bidders who do not hold an attrib-

# 47 CFR Ch. I (10-1-20 Edition)

utable interest in 45 megahertz or more of the total 134 megahertz of below-1-GHz spectrum which consists of the cellular (50 megahertz), the 700 MHz (70 megahertz), and the SMR (14 megahertz) spectrum in a Partial Economic Area (PEA), as calculated on a county by county population-weighted basis, utilizing 2010 U.S. Census data. The amount of reserved and unreserved 600 MHz Band licenses will be determined based on the market-based spectrum reserve set forth in Policies Regarding Mobile Spectrum Holdings, Report and Order, FCC 14-63, WT Docket No. 12-269, adopted May 15, 2014, as well as subsequent Public Notices. Nothing in this paragraph will limit, or may be construed to limit, an otherwise qualified bidder that is a non-nationwide provider of mobile wireless services from bidding on any reserved or unreserved license offered in the Incentive Auction.

(2) For a period of six years, after initial licensing, no 600 MHz Band license, regardless of whether it is reserved or unreserved, may be transferred, assigned, partitioned, disaggregated, or long term leased to any entity that, after consummation of the transfer, assignment, or leased on a long term basis, would hold an attributable interest in one-third or more of the total suitable and available below-1-GHz spectrum as calculated on a county by county population-weighted basis in the relevant license area, utilizing 2010 U.S. Census data.

(3) For a period of six years, after initial licensing, no 600 MHz Band reserved license may be transferred, assigned, partitioned, disaggregated, or leased on a long term basis to an entity that was not qualified to bid on that reserved spectrum license under paragraph (c)(1) of this section at the time of the Incentive Auction short-form application deadline.

[79 FR 40002, July 11, 2014, as amended at 80 FR 61970, Oct. 14, 2015]

# § 20.23 Contraband wireless devices in correctional facilities.

(a) Good faith negotiations. CMRS licensees must negotiate in good faith with entities seeking to deploy a Contraband Interdiction System (CIS) in a correctional facility. Upon receipt of a

## **Federal Communications Commission**

good faith request by an entity seeking to deploy a CIS in a correctional facility, a CMRS licensee must negotiate toward a lease agreement. If, after a 45 day period, there is no agreement, CIS providers seeking Special Temporary Authority (STA) to operate in the absence of CMRS licensee consent may file a request for STA with the Wireless Telecommunications Bureau (WTB), accompanied bv evidence demonstrating its good faith, and the unreasonableness of the CMRS licensee's actions, in negotiating an agreement. The request must be served on the CMRS licensee no later than the filing of the STA request, and the CMRS licensee may file a response with WTB, with a copy served on the CIS provider at that time, within 10 days of the filing of the STA request. If WTB determines that the CIS provider has negotiated in good faith, yet the CMRS licensee has not negotiated in good faith, WTB may issue STA to the entity seeking to deploy the CIS, notwithstanding lack of accompanying CMRS licensee consent.

(b) [Reserved]

[82 FR 22761, May 18, 2017]

# PART 22—PUBLIC MOBILE SERVICES

# Subpart A—Scope and Authority

Sec.

- 22.1 Basis and purpose.
- 22.3 [Reserved]
- 22.5 Citizenship.
- 22.7 General eligibility.
- 22.9 Operation of certificated signal boosters.

22.99 Definitions.

## Subpart B—Licensing Requirements and Procedures

#### APPLICATIONS AND NOTIFICATIONS

- 22.107 General application requirements.
- 22.131 Procedures for mutually exclusive ap-
- plications. 22.143 Construction prior to grant of appli-
- cation. 22.150 Standard pre-filing technical coordi-
- nation procedure.
- 22.165 Additional transmitters for existing systems.
- 22.169 International coordination.

COMPETITIVE BIDDING PROCEDURES

- 22.201 Paging geographic area authorizations are subject to competitive bidding.
- 22.203-22.211 [Reserved] Filing of Long-form applications.
- 22.21322.215[Reserved]
- 22.217
- Bidding credits for small businesses. 22.221Eligibility for partitioned licenses.
- 22.223 Designated entities.
- Certifications, disclosures, records 22 225 maintenance, and definitions.
- 22.227 Petitions to deny and limitations on settlements.
- 22.229 Designated entities.

#### Subpart C—Operational and Technical Requirements

# **OPERATIONAL REQUIREMENTS**

- 22.301[Reserved]
- 22,303 [Reserved]
- 22.305 Operator and maintenance require-
- ments.
- 22.307Operation during emergency.
- 22.313 Station identification. 22 321
- [Reserved] 22.325[Reserved]

## TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS

- 22.351Channel assignment policy.
- 22.352 Protection from interference.
- 22.353Blanketing interference.
- 22.355Frequency tolerance.
- 22.357Emission types.
- 22.359 Emission limitations.
- 22.365 Antenna structures; air navigation safety.
- 22.377 Certification of transmitters.
- 22.379 RF exposure.
- 22.383 In-building radiation systems.

## Subpart D [Reserved]

#### Subpart E—Paging and Radiotelephone Service

- 22.501 Scope.
- 22.503 Paging geographic area authorizations.
- 22.507 Number of transmitters per station.
- 22.509 Procedures for mutually exclusive applications in the Paging and Radiotelephone Service.
- 22.511 Construction period for the Paging and Radiotelephone Service.
- 22.513 Partitioning and disaggregation.
- 22.515 Permissible communications paths.
- 22 527 Signal boosters.
- 22.529 Application requirements for the Paging and Radiotelephone Service.

#### PAGING OPERATION

- 22.531 Channels for paging operation.
- 22 535 Effective radiated power limits.
- 22.537Technical channel assignment criteria.

#### Pt. 22