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Channel No.	Center frequency (MHz)
232	216.8575
233	216.8625
234	216.8675
235	216.8725
236	216.8775
237	216.8825
238	216.8875
239	216.8925
240	216.8975
241	216.9025
242	216.9075
243	216.9125
244	216.9175
245	216.9225
246	216.9275
247	216.9325
248	216.9375
249	216.9425
250	216.9475
251	216.9525
252	216.9575
253	216.9625
254	216.9675
255	216.9725
256	216.9775
257	216.9825
258	216.9875
259	216.9925
260	216.9975

(2) LPRS transmitters operating on narrowband channels must be maintained within a frequency stability of 1.5 parts per million.

[61 FR 46567, Sept. 4, 1996]

# § 95.630 WMTS Transmitter frequencies.

WMTS transmitters may operate in the frequency bands specified as follows:

 $608\text{--}614~\mathrm{MHz}$ 

 $1395\text{--}1400~\mathrm{MHz}$ 

1427--1429.5~MHz except at the locations listed in  $\S 90.259 (\text{b}) (4)$  where WMTS may operate in the 1429–1431.5 MHz band.

[69 FR 39868, July 1, 2004]

## §95.631 Emission types.

- (a) A GMRS transmitter must transmit only emission types A1D, F1D, G1D, H1D, J1D, R1D, A3E, F3E, G3E, H3E, J3E or R3E. A non-voice emission is limited to selective calling or tone-operated squelch tones to establish or continue voice communications. See §95.181 (g) and (h).
- (b) An R/C transmitter may transmit any appropriate non-voice emission which meets the emission limitations of \$95.633.

- (c) A CB transmitter may transmit only emission types A1D, H1D, J1D, R1D, A3E, H3E, J3E, R3E. A non-voice emission is limited to selective calling or tone-operated squelch tones to establish or continue voice communications. See §95.412 (b) and (c).
- (d) An FRS unit may transmit only emission type F3E or F2D. A non-voice emission is limited to selective calling or tone-operated squelch tones to establish or continue voice communications, digital data transmission of location information or text messaging.
- (e) No GMRS or CB transmitter shall employ a digital modulation or emission.
- (f) No GMRS, CB or R/C transmitter shall transmit non-voice data.
- (g) An LPRS station may transmit any emission type appropriate for communications in this service. Two-way voice communications, however, are prohibited.
- (h) A MedRadio station may transmit any emission type appropriate for communications in this service. Voice communications, however, are prohibited.
- (i) A WMTS station may transmit any emission type appropriate for communications in this service, except for video and voice. Waveforms such as electrocardiograms (ECGs) are not considered video.
- (j) A MURS transmitter must transmit only emission types A1D, A2B, A2D, A3E, F2B, F1D, F2D, F3E, G3E. Emission types A3E, F3E and G3E include selective calling or tone-operated squelch tones to establish or continue voice communications. MURS transmitters are prohibited from transmitting in the continuous carrier mode.
- (k) DSRCS-OBUs are governed under subpart L of this part.

[53 FR 36789, Sept. 22, 1988. Redesignated and amended at 61 FR 28769, June 6, 1996, and further redesignated and amended at 61 FR 46567, 46568, Sept. 4, 1996; 64 FR 69930, Dec. 15, 1999; 65 FR 44008, July 17, 2000; 65 FR 53190, Sept. 1, 2000; 65 FR 60877, Oct. 13, 2000; 67 FR 63289, Oct. 11, 2002; 68 FR 9901, Mar. 3, 2003; 69 FR 46446, Aug. 3, 2004; 74 FR 22706, May 14, 20091

# § 95.632 MURS transmitter frequencies.

(a) The MURS transmitter channel frequencies are 151.820 MHz, 151.880

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MHz, 151.940 MHz, 154.570 MHz, 154.600 MHz.

- (b) The authorized bandwidth is 11.25 kHz on frequencies 151.820 MHz, 151.880 MHz and 151.940 MHz. The authorized bandwidth is 20.0 kHz on frequencies 154.570 and 154.600 MHz.
- (c) MURS transmitters must maintain a frequency stability of 5.0 ppm, or 2.0 ppm if designed to operate with a 6.25 kHz bandwidth.

[65 FR 60877, Oct. 13, 2000, as amended at 67 FR 63289, Oct. 11, 2002]

#### §95.633 Emission bandwidth.

- (a) The authorized bandwidth (maximum permissible bandwidth of a transmission) for emission type H1D, J1D, R1D, H3E, J3E or R3E is 4 kHz. The authorized bandwidth for emission type A1D or A3E is 8 kHz. The authorized bandwidth for emission type F1D, G1D, F3E or G3E is 20 kHz.
- (b) The authorized bandwidth for any emission type transmitted by an R/C transmitter is 8 kHz.
- (c) The authorized bandwidth for emission type F3E or F2D transmitted by a FBS unit is 12.5 kHz.
  - (d) For transmitters in the LPRS:
- (1) The authorized bandwidth for narrowband frequencies is 4 kHz and the channel bandwidth is 5 kHz
- (2) The channel bandwidth for standard band frequencies is 25 kHz.
- (3) The channel bandwidth for extra band frequencies is 50 kHz.
- (4) AMTS stations may use the 216.750-217.000 MHz band as a single 250 kHz channel so long as the signal is attenuated as specified in \$95.635(c).
- (e) For transmitters in the MedRadio Service:
- (1) For stations operating in 402–405 MHz, the maximum authorized emission bandwidth is 300 kHz. For stations operating in 401–401.85 MHz or 405–406 MHz, the maximum authorized emission bandwidth is 100 kHz. For stations operating in 401.85–402 MHz, the maximum authorized emission bandwidth is 150 kHz. For stations operating in 413–419 MHz, 426–432 MHz, 438–444 MHz, or 451–457 MHz, the maximum authorized emission bandwidth is 6 megahertz. For stations operating in 2360–2400 MHz, the maximum authorized emission bandwidth is 5 megahertz.

- (2) Lesser emission bandwidths may be employed, provided that the unwanted emissions are attenuated as provided in §95.635. See §§95.627(g), §95.628(h), and 95.639(f) regarding maximum transmitter power and measurement procedures.
- (3) Emission bandwidth will be determined by measuring the width of the signal between points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, that are 20 dB down relative to the maximum level of the modulated carrier. Compliance with the emission bandwidth limit is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a peak detector function with an instrument resolution bandwidth approximately equal to 1.0 percent of the emission bandwidth of the device under measurement.
- (f) The authorized bandwidth for any emission type transmitted by a MURS transmitter is specified as follows:
- (1) Emissions on frequencies 151.820 MHz, 151.880 MHz, and 151.940 MHz are limited to 11.25 kHz.
- (2) Emissions on frequencies 154.570 and 154.600 MHz are limited to 20.0 kHz.
- (3) Provided, however, that all A3E emissions are limited to 8 kHz.
- (g) DSRCS-OBUs are governed under subpart L of this part.

[53 FR 36789, Sept. 22, 1988. Redesignated and amended at 61 FR 28769, June 6, 1996, and further redesignated and amended at 61 FR 46567, 46568, Sept. 4, 1996; 64 FR 69930, Dec. 15, 1999; 65 FR 60878, Oct. 13, 2000; 67 FR 63289, Oct. 11, 2002; 68 FR 9902, Mar. 3, 2003; 69 FR 46446, Aug. 3, 2004; 74 FR 22707, May 14, 2009; 77 FR 4268, Jan. 27, 2012; 77 FR 55733, Sept. 11, 20121

# §95.635 Unwanted radiation.

- (a) In addition to the procedures in part 2, the following requirements apply to each transmitter both with and without the connection of all attachments acceptable for use with the transmitter, such as an external speaker, microphone, power cord, antenna, etc.
- (b) The power of each unwanted emission shall be less than TP as specified in the applicable paragraphs listed in the following table: