## § 90.266

- (1) European Telecommunications Standards Institute, 650 Route des Lucioles, 06921 Sophia Antipolis Cedex, France. A copy of the standard is also available at http://www.etsi.org/deliver/etsi\_en/300400\_300499/30042201/
- 01.03.02 60/en 30042201v010302p.pdf.
  (i) ETSI EN 300 422-1 V1.4.2 (2011-08):
  "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Wireless microphones in the 25 MHz to 3 GHz frequency range; Part 1: Technical characteristics and methods of measurement," Copyright 2011, IBR approved for section 15.236(g).
  - (ii) [Reserved]
  - (2) [Reserved]

(Secs. 4(i) and 303(r), Communications Act of 1934, as amended,  $\S 0.131$  and 0.331 of the Commission's Rules and 5 U.S.C. 553 (b)(3)(B) and (d)(3))

[49 FR 20506, May 15, 1984, as amended at 62 FR 18929, Apr. 17, 1997; 70 FR 21661, Apr. 27, 2005; 80 FR 71731, Nov. 17, 2015]

## § 90.266 Long distance communications on frequencies below 25 MHz.

- (a) The use of any particular frequency between 2 and 25 MHz is limited to those frequencies falling within the bands allocated to the fixed and land mobile services as indicated in §2.106 of the Commission's Rules and Regulations.
- (b) Only in the following circumstances will authority be extended to stations to operate on the frequencies below 25 MHz:
- (1) To provide communications circuits to support operations which are highly important to the national interest and where other means of telecommunication are unavailable;
- (2) To provide standby and/or backup communications circuits to regular domestic communications circuits which have been disrupted by disasters and/or emergencies.
- (c) No protection is afforded to users of these frequencies from harmful interference caused by foreign operations.
- (d) In the event that a complaint of harmful interference resulting from operation of these circuits is received from a foreign source, the offending circuit(s) must cease operation on the particular frequency concerned immediately upon notification by the Commission.

- (e) In order to accommodate the situations described in paragraphs (c) and (d) of this section, the equipment shall be capable of transmitting and receiving on any frequency within the bands between 2 and 25 MHz and capable of immediate change among the frequencies, provided, however, that this requirement does not apply to equipment manufactured prior to August 15, 1983
- (f) Only 2K80J3E, 100HA1A, 100HA1B and those emission types listed in  $\S 90.237(g)$  are permitted.
- (g) Applicants must fulfill eligibility requirements set out in §90.35(c)(1) and submit communications plans pursuant to §90.129(o).
- (h) Exercises or circuits tests which require use of these frequencies for more than seven hours per week cumulative are prohibited unless prior written approval is obtained from the Commission.

[48 FR 32996, July 20, 1983, as amended at 49 FR 48712, Dec. 14, 1984; 52 FR 29856, Aug. 12, 1987; 62 FR 18929, Apr. 17, 1997]

## § 90.267 Assignment and use of frequencies in the 450-470 MHz band for low power use.

- (a) The following frequencies between 450-470 MHz are designated for low-power use subject to the provisions of this section. For purposes of this section these frequencies are referred to as "low power frequencies." Pairs are shown but single frequencies are available for simplex operations.
- (b) Group A1 Frequencies. The Industrial/Business Pool frequencies in Group A1 are available on a coordinated basis, pursuant to  $\S90.35(b)(2)$  and 90.175(b), as follows:
- (1) Group A1 frequencies are available for voice and non-voice operations on a co-primary basis. Base, mobile and operational fixed stations will be authorized on Group A1 frequencies. Fixed stations may be licensed as mobile.
- (2) Within 80 kilometers (50 miles) of the specified coordinates of the top 100 urban areas listed in §90.741 of this chapter ('80 km circles'') only low power operation will be authorized. The coordinates of an operational fixed or base station and the geographic center (latitude and longitude) of a mobile