

## Federal Communications Commission

## § 51.5

- 51.715 Interim transport and termination pricing.
- 51.717 [Reserved]

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AUTHORITY: 47 U.S.C. 151–55, 201–05, 207–09, 218, 220, 225–27, 251–54, 256, 271, 303(r), 332, 1302.

SOURCE: 61 FR 45619, Aug. 29, 1996, unless otherwise noted.

### Subpart A—General Information

#### § 51.1 Basis and purpose.

(a) *Basis*. These rules are issued pursuant to the Communications Act of 1934, as amended.

(b) *Purpose*. The purpose of these rules is to implement sections 251 and 252 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, 47 U.S.C. 251 and 252.

#### § 51.3 Applicability to negotiated agreements.

To the extent provided in section 252(e)(2)(A) of the Act, a state commission shall have authority to approve an interconnection agreement adopted by

negotiation even if the terms of the agreement do not comply with the requirements of this part.

#### § 51.5 Terms and definitions.

Terms used in this part have the following meanings:

*Act*. The Communications Act of 1934, as amended.

*Advanced intelligent network*. *Advanced intelligent network* is a telecommunications network architecture in which call processing, call routing, and network management are provided by means of centralized databases located at points in an incumbent local exchange carrier's network.

*Advanced services*. The term "advanced services" is defined as high speed, switched, broadband, wireline telecommunications capability that enables users to originate and receive high-quality voice, data, graphics or video telecommunications using any technology.

*Arbitration, final offer*. *Final offer arbitration* is a procedure under which each party submits a final offer concerning the issues subject to arbitration, and the arbitrator selects, without modification, one of the final offers by the parties to the arbitration or portions of both such offers. "Entire package final offer arbitration," is a procedure under which the arbitrator must select, without modification, the entire proposal submitted by one of the parties to the arbitration. "Issue-by-issue final offer arbitration," is a procedure under which the arbitrator must select, without modification, on an issue-by-issue basis, one of the proposals submitted by the parties to the arbitration.

*Billing*. *Billing* involves the provision of appropriate usage data by one telecommunications carrier to another to facilitate customer billing with attendant acknowledgements and status reports. It also involves the exchange of information between telecommunications carriers to process claims and adjustments.

*Binder or binder group*. Copper pairs bundled together, generally in groups of 25, 50 or 100.

*Business line*. A business line is an incumbent LEC-owned switched access line used to serve a business customer, whether by the incumbent LEC itself