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shall be made 45 days prior to commencing operation of the unit. The notification shall state the geographical coordinates of the unit.

(2) After receipt of such notifications, the Commission will allow the Arecibo Observatory a period of 20 days for comments or objections. The operator will be required to make reasonable efforts in order to resolve or mitigate any potential interference problem with the Arecibo Observatory. If the Commission determines that an operator has satisfied its responsibility to make reasonable efforts to protect the Observatory from interference, the unit may be allowed to operate.

[48 FR 24894, June 3, 1983, as amended at 62 FR 55535, Oct. 27, 1997; 70 FR 31374, June 1, 2005]

§ 95.406 (CB Rule 6) Are there any special restrictions on the location of my CB station?

(a) If your CB station is located on premises controlled by the Department of Defense you may be required to comply with additional regulations imposed by the commanding officer of the installation.

(b) If your C/B station will be constructed on an environmentally sensitive site, or will be operated in such a manner as to raise environmental problems, under §1.1307 of this chapter, you must provide an environmental assessment, as set forth in §1.1311 of this chapter, and undergo the environmental review, §1.1312 of this chapter, before commencement of construction.

 $[48\ FR\ 24894,\ June\ 3,\ 1983,\ as\ amended\ at\ 55\ FR\ 20398,\ May\ 16,\ 1990]$

HOW TO OPERATE A CB STATION

§ 95.407 (CB Rule 7) On what channels may I operate?

(a) Your CB station may transmit only on the following channels (frequencies):

Channel	Frequency (megahertz— MHz)
1	26.965
2	26.975
3	26.985
4	27.005
5	27.015
6	27.025
7	27.035

Channel	Frequency (megahertz— MHz)
8	27.055
9	127.065
10	27.075
11	27.085
12	27.105
13	27.115
14	27.125
15	27.135
16	27.155
17	27.165
18	27.175
19	27.185
20	27.205
21	27.215
22	27.225
23	27.255
24	27.235
25	27.245
26	27.265
27	27.275
28	27.285
29	27.295
30	27.305
31	27.315
32	27.325
33	27.335
34	27.345
35	27.355
36	27.365
37	27.375
38	27.385
39	27.395
40	27.405

¹ See paragraph (b) of this section.

- (b) Channel 9 may be used only for emergency communications or for traveler assistance.
- (c) You must, at all times and on all channels, give priority to emergency communication messages concerning the immediate safety of life or the immediate protection of property.
- (d) You may use any channel for emergency communications or for traveler assistance.
- (e) You must share each channel with other users.
- (f) The FCC will not assign any channel for the private or exclusive use of any particular CB station or group of stations.
- (g) The FCC will not assign any channel for the private of exclusive use of CB stations transmitting single sideband or AM.

§95.408 (CB Rule 8) How high may I put my antenna?

(a) Antenna means the radiating system (for transmitting, receiving or both) and the structure holding it up

(tower, pole or mast). It also means everything else attached to the radiating system and the structure.

- (b) If your antenna is mounted on a hand-held portable unit, none of the following limitations apply.
- (c) If your antenna is installed at a fixed location, it (whether receiving, transmitting or both) must comply with either one of the following:
- (1) The highest point must not be more than 6.10 meters (20 feet) higher than the highest point of the building or tree on which it is mounted; or
- (2) The highest point must not be more than 18.3 meters (60 feet) above the ground.
- (d) If your CB station is located near an airport, and if your antenna structure is more than 6.1 meters (20 feet) high, you may have to obey additional restrictions. The highest point of your antenna must not exceed one meter above the airport elevation for every hundred meters of distance from the nearest point of the nearest airport runway. Differences in ground elevation between your antenna and the airport runway may complicate this formula. If your CB station is near an http://wireless2.fcc.gov/ airport. see UlsApp/AsrSearch/towairSearch.jsp help you figure the maximum allowable height of your antenna. Consult part 17 of this chapter for more information.

Warning: Installation and removal of CB station antennas near powerlines is dangerous. For your safety, follow the installation directions included with your antenna.

[48 FR 24894, June 3, 1983, as amended at 48 FR 41416, Sept. 15, 1983; 80 FR 53752, Sept. 8, 2015]

§ 95.409 (CB Rule 9) What equipment may I use at my CB station?

- (a) You must use an FCC certificated CB transmitter at your CB station. You can identify an FCC certificated transmitter by the certification label placed on it by the manufacturer. You may examine a list of certificated equipment on the FCC Web site at http://www.fcc.gov/encyclopedia/citizensband-cb-service. Use of a transmitter which is not FCC certificated voids your authority to operate the station.
- (b) You must not make, or have made, any internal modification to a

certificated CB transmitter. (See CB Rule 25, §95.425). Any internal modification to a certificated CB transmitter cancels the certification, and use of such a transmitter voids your authority to operate the station.

[48 FR 24894, June 3, 1983, as amended at 63 FR 36610, July 7, 1998; 80 FR 53752, Sept. 8, 2015]

§95.410 (CB Rule 10) How much power may I use?

(a) Your CB station transmitter power output must not exceed the following values under any conditions:

AM (A3)—4 watts (carrier power) SSB—12 watts (peak envelope power)

- (b) If you need more information about the power rule, see the technical rules in subpart E of part 95.
- (c) Use of a transmitter which has carrier or peak envelope power in excess of that authorized voids your authority to operate the station.

§ 95.411 (CB Rule 11) May I use power amplifiers?

- (a) You may not attach the following items (power amplifiers) to your certificated CB transmitter in any way:
- (1) External radio frequency (RF) power amplifiers (sometimes called linears or linear amplifiers); or
- (2) Any other devices which, when used with a radio transmitter as a signal source, are capable of amplifying the signal.
- (b) There are no exceptions to this rule and use of a power amplifier voids your authority to operate the station.
- (c) The FCC will presume you have used a linear or other external RF power amplifier if—
- (1) It is in your possession or on your premises; and
- (2) There is other evidence that you have operated your CB station with more power than allowed by CB Rule 10, §95.410.
- (d) Paragraph (c) of this section does not apply if you hold a license in another radio service which allows you to operate an external RF power amplifier.

[48 FR 24894, June 3, 1983, as amended at 63 FR 36610, July 7, 1998]