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bands must be capable of being programmed to operate on all of the designated nationwide narrowband Interoperability channels pursuant to the standards specified in this part.

- (1) Mobile and portable transmitters that are designed to operate only on the Low Power Channels specified in §90.531 (b)(3) and (4) are exempt from this Interoperability channel requirement.
- (2) Mobile and portable transmitters that are designed to operate only in the data mode must be capable of operation on the data Interoperability channels specified in §90.531(b)(1)(i); but need not be capable of voice operation on other Interoperability channels.
- (3) Mobile and portable transmitters that are designed to operate only in the voice mode do not have to operate on the data Interoperability channels specified in §90.531(b)(1)(i).
- (b) Mobile and portable transmitters designed for data are not required to be voice capable, and vice versa.

[67 FR 61005, Sept. 27, 2002, as amended at 72 FR 48863, Aug. 24, 2007; 79 FR 71326, Dec. 2, 2014]

## § 90.548 Interoperability Technical Standards.

- (a) Transmitters designed after August 11, 2014 to operate on the narrowband interoperability achannels in the 769-775 and 799-805 MHz band (see §90.531) shall conform to the following technical standards (transmitters certified prior to this date are grandfathered):
- (1) Transmitters designed for voice operation shall include a 12.5 kilohertz bandwidth mode of operation conforming to the following standards: ANSI/TIA-102.BAAA-A-2003 and ANSI/TIA-102.BABA-2003.
- (2) Transmitters designed for data transmission shall include a 12.5 kilohertz bandwidth mode of operation conforming to the following standards: ANSI/TIA-102.BAEA-B-2012, ANSI/TIA-102.BAEB-A-2005, and ANSI/TIA-102.BAEE-B-2010.
- (b) The Director of the Federal Register approves these incorporations by reference in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. Material in-

corporated by reference may be inspected at the Federal Communications Commission, 445 12th Street SW., Washington, DC (Reference Information Center) [202–418–0270] or at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call 202–741–6030, or go to: http://www.archives.gov/federal\_register/code\_of\_federal\_regulations/ibr\_locations.html.

- (1) TIA/EIA, 2500 Wilson Boulevard, Arlington, VA 22201 703–907–7974. These standards are also available from Global Engineering Documents, 15 Inverness Way East, Englewood, CO 80112; or the American National Standards Institute, 25 West 43rd Street, Fourth Floor, New York, NY 10036, www.ansi.org.
- (i) ANSI/TIA-102.BAAA-A-2003, Project 25 FDMA-Common Air Interface, approved September 2003.
- (ii) ANSI/TIA-102.BABA-2003, Project 25 Vocoder Description, approved December 2003.
- (iii) ANSI/TIA-102.BAEA-B-2012, Project 25 Data Overview—New Technology Standards Project—Digital Radio Technical Standards, approved June 2012.
- (iv) ANSI/TIA-102.BAEB-A-2005, Project 25 Packet Data Specification— New Technology Standards Project— Digital Radio Technical Standards, approved March 2005.
- (v) ANSI/TIA-102.BAEE-B-2010, Project 25 Radio Management Protocols—New Technology Standards Project—Digital Radio Technical Standards, approved May 2010.
  - (2) [Reserved]
- (c) Equipment certified by the P25 Compliance Assessment Program is presumed to comply with this section.

[79 FR 39340, July 10, 2014, as amended at 79 FR 71326, Dec. 2, 2014]

## § 90.549 Transmitter certification.

Transmitters operated in the 758–775 MHz and 788–805 MHz frequency bands must be of a type that have been authorized by the Commission under its certification procedure as required by §90.203.

[79 FR 600, Jan. 6, 2014]