

## § 24.9

power supplied to the antenna and the antenna gain in a given direction relative to an isotropic antenna.

*Fixed Service.* A radiocommunication service between specified fixed points.

*Fixed Station.* A station in the fixed service.

*Land Mobile Service.* A mobile service between base stations and land mobile stations, or between land mobile stations.

*Land Mobile Station.* A mobile station in the land mobile service capable of surface movement within the geographic limits of a country or continent.

*Land Station.* A station in the mobile service not intended to be used while in motion.

*Mobile Service.* A radiocommunication service between mobile and land stations, or between mobile stations.

*Mobile Station.* A station in the mobile service intended to be used while in motion or during halts at unspecified points.

*Narrowband PCS.* PCS services operating in the 901–902 MHz, 930–931 MHz, and 940–941 MHz bands.

*National Geodetic Reference System (NGRS):* The name given to all geodetic control data contained in the National Geodetic Survey (NGS) data base. (Source: National Geodetic Survey, U.S. Department of Commerce)

*PCS Relocator.* A PCS entity that pays to relocate a fixed microwave link from its existing 2 GHz facility to other media or other fixed channels.

*Personal Communications Services (PCS).* Radio communications that encompass mobile and ancillary fixed communication that provide services to individuals and businesses and can be integrated with a variety of competing networks.

*Universal Licensing System.* The Universal Licensing System (ULS) is the consolidated database, application filing system, and processing system for all Wireless Radio Services. ULS supports electronic filing of all applications and related documents by applicants and licensees in the Wireless Radio Services, and provides public access to licensing information.

*UTAM.* The Unlicensed PCS Ad Hoc Committee for 2 GHz Microwave Transition and Management, which coordi-

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nates relocation in the 1910–1930 MHz band.

*Voluntarily Relocating Microwave Incumbent* A microwave incumbent that voluntarily relocates its licensed facilities to other media or fixed channels.

[58 FR 59183, Nov. 8, 1993. Redesignated at 59 FR 18499, Apr. 19, 1994, and amended at 61 FR 29691, June 12, 1996; 62 FR 12757, Mar. 18, 1997; 63 FR 68952, Dec. 14, 1998]

### § 24.9 Operation of certificated signal boosters.

Individuals and non-individuals may operate certificated Consumer Signal Boosters on frequencies regulated under this part provided that such operation complies with all applicable rules under this part and § 20.21 of this chapter. Failure to comply with all applicable rules voids the authority to operate a signal booster.

[78 FR 21564, Apr. 11, 2013]

## Subpart B—Applications and Licenses

### GENERAL FILING REQUIREMENTS

#### § 24.10 Scope.

This subpart contains some of the procedures and requirements for filing applications for licenses in the personal communications services. One also should consult subparts F and G of this part. Other Commission rule parts of importance that may be referred to with respect to licensing and operation of radio services governed under this part include 47 CFR parts 0, 1, 2, 5, 15, 17 and 20.

[59 FR 32854, June 24, 1994]

#### § 24.11 Initial authorization.

(a) An applicant must file a single application for an initial authorization for all markets won and frequency blocks desired.

(b) Blanket licenses are granted for each market and frequency block. Applications for individual sites are not required and will not be accepted.

[59 FR 32854, June 24, 1994, as amended at 63 FR 68952, Dec. 14, 1998]