set forth in paragraph (b)(2) of this section.

- (b) A licensee that holds the license for CMA672-A must be providing signal coverage and offering service as follows (and in applying these geographic construction benchmarks, the licensee is to count total land area):
- (1) To at least 35% of the geographic area of CMA672-A within four years of the grant of such authorization; and
- (2) To at least 70% of the geographic area of its license authorization by the end of the license term.
- (c) After it has met each of the requirements of paragraphs (b)(1) and (b)(2), respectively, of this section, the licensee that holds the license for CMA672-A must notify the FCC that it has met the requirement by submitting FCC Form 601, including GIS map files and other supporting documents showing compliance with the requirement. See §1.946 of this chapter. See also §22.953.
- (d) Failure to meet the construction requirements set forth in paragraphs (b)(1) and (b)(2) of this section by each of the applicable deadlines will result in automatic termination of the license for CMA672-A and its return to the Commission for future re-licensing subject to competitive bidding procedures. The licensee that fails to meet each requirement of this section by the applicable deadline set forth in paragraphs (b)(1) and (b)(2) shall be ineligible to regain the license for CMA672-A

 $[79 \; \mathrm{FR} \; 72153, \; \mathrm{Dec.} \; 5, \; 2014]$

§ 22.961 Cellular licenses subject to competitive bidding.

- (a) The following applications for Cellular licensed area authorizations are subject to competitive bidding:
- (1) Mutually exclusive applications for Unserved Area filed after July 26, 1993; and
- (2) Mutually exclusive applications for the initial authorization for CMA672–A (Chambers, TX).
- (b) The competitive bidding procedures set forth in §22.229 and the general competitive bidding procedures set forth in subpart Q of part 1 of this chapter will apply.

[79 FR 72153, Dec. 5, 2014]

§§ 22.962-22.969 [Reserved]

§ 22.970 Unacceptable interference to part 90 non-cellular 800 MHz licensees from cellular radiotelephone or part 90-800 MHz cellular systems.

- (a) Definition. Except as provided in 47 CFR 90.617(k), unacceptable interference to non-cellular part 90 licensees in the 800 MHz band from cellular radiotelephone or part 90-800 MHz cellular systems will be deemed to occur when the below conditions are met:
- (1) A transceiver at a site at which interference is encountered:
- (i) Is in good repair and operating condition, and is receiving:
- (A) A median desired signal of -104 dBm or higher, as measured at the R.F. input of the receiver of a mobile unit; or
- (B) A median desired signal of -101 dBm or higher, as measured at the R.F. input of the receiver of a portable *i.e.* hand-held unit; and, either
 - (ii) Is a voice transceiver:
- (A) With manufacturer published performance specifications for the receiver section of the transceiver equal to, or exceeding, the minimum standards set out in paragraph (b) of this section, below: and:
- (B) Receiving an undesired signal or signals which cause the measured Carrier to Noise plus interference (C/(I + N)) ratio of the receiver section of said transceiver to be less than 20 dB, or,
- (iii) Is a non-voice transceiver receiving an undesired signal or signals which cause the measured bit error rate (BER) (or some comparable specification) of the receiver section of said transceiver to be more than the value reasonably designated by the manufacturer.
- (2) Provided, however, that if the receiver section of the mobile or portable voice transceiver does not conform to the standards set out in paragraph (b) of this section, then that transceiver shall be deemed subject to unacceptable interference only at sites where the median desired signal satisfies the applicable threshold measured signal power in paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section after an upward adjustment to account for the difference in receiver section performance. The upward adjustment shall be equal to the increase in