

**§95.1117**

(d) *Channel use.* (1) In the 1395–1400 MHz and 1427–1432 MHz bands, no specific channels are specified. Wireless medical telemetry devices may operate on any channel within the bands authorized for wireless medical telemetry use in this part.

(2) In the 608–614 MHz band, wireless medical telemetry devices utilizing broadband technologies such as spread spectrum shall be capable of operating within one or more of the following channels of 1.5 MHz each, up to a maximum of 6 MHz, and shall operate on the minimum number of channels necessary to avoid harmful interference to any other wireless medical telemetry devices.

- 608.0–609.5 MHz
- 609.5–611.0 MHz
- 611.0–612.5 MHz
- 612.5–614.0 MHz

(3) Channel usage is on a co-primary shared basis only, and channels will not be assigned for the exclusive use of any entity.

(4) Authorized health care providers, in conjunction with the equipment manufacturers, must cooperate in the selection and use of frequencies in order to reduce the potential for interference with other wireless medical telemetry devices, or other co-primary users. Operations in the 608–614 MHz band (television channel 37) are not protected from adjacent band interference from broadcast television operating on channels 36 and 38.

(e) *Frequency stability.* Manufacturers of wireless medical telemetry devices are responsible for ensuring frequency stability such that an emission is maintained within the band of operation under all of the manufacturer’s specified conditions.

[65 FR 44008, July 17, 2000, as amended at 67 FR 6194, Feb. 11, 2002; 68 FR 68547, Dec. 9, 2003; 75 FR 19285, Apr. 14, 2010]

**§95.1117 Types of communications.**

(a) All types of communications except voice and video are permitted, on both a unidirectional and bidirectional basis, provided that all such communications are related to the provision of medical care. Waveforms such as electrocardiograms (ECGs) are not considered video.

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(b) Operations that comply with the requirements of this part may be conducted under manual or automatic control, and on a continuous basis.

**§95.1119 Specific requirements for wireless medical telemetry devices operating in the 608–614 MHz band.**

For a wireless medical telemetry device operating within the frequency range 608–614 MHz and that will be located near the radio astronomy observatories listed below, operation is not permitted until a WMTS frequency coordinator specified in §95.1113 has coordinated with, and obtain the written concurrence of, the director of the affected radio astronomy observatory before the equipment can be installed or operated

(a) Within 80 kilometers of:

(1) National Astronomy and Ionosphere Center, Arecibo, Puerto Rico: 18°20’38.28” North Latitude, 66°45’09.42” West Longitude.

(2) National Radio Astronomy Observatory, Socorro, New Mexico: 34°04’43” North Latitude, 107°37’04” West Longitude.

(3) National Radio Astronomy Observatory, Green Bank, West Virginia: 38°26’08” North Latitude, 79°49’42” West Longitude.

(b) Within 32 kilometers of the National Radio Astronomy Observatory centered on:

Very long baseline array stations	Latitude (north)	Longitude (west)
Pie Town, NM .....	34°18’	108°07’
Kitt Peak, AZ .....	31°57’	111°37’
Los Alamos, NM .....	35°47’	106°15’
Fort Davis, TX .....	30°38’	103°57’
North Liberty, IA .....	41°46’	91°34’
Brewster, WA .....	48°08’	119°41’
Owens Valley, CA .....	37°14’	118°17’
Saint Croix, VI .....	17°46’	64°35’
Mauna Kea, HI .....	19°49’	155°28’
Hancock, NH .....	42°56’	71°59’

The National Science Foundation point of contact for coordination is: Spectrum Manager, Division of Astronomical Sciences, NSF Room 1045, 4201 Wilson Blvd., Arlington, VA 22230, telephone: 703–306–1823.