### §90.912

- (B) The original licensee may certify that it has or will meet the construction requirements set forth in §90.685(c) for the entire market.
- (C) Applications requesting partial assignments of license for partitioning must include a certification by each party as to which of the above options they select.
- (D) Partitionees must submit supporting documents showing compliance with the respective construction requirements within the appropriate time frames set forth in §90.685(c).
- (E) Failure by any partitionee to meet its respective construction requirements will result in the automatic cancellation of the partitioned license without further Commission action.
- (ii) Requirements for disaggregation. Parties seeking authority disaggregate must submit with their partial assignment application a certification signed by both parties stating which of the parties will be responsible for meeting the construction requirements for the market as set forth in §90.685. Parties may agree to share responsibility for meeting the construction requirements. Parties that accept responsibility for meeting the construction requirements and later fail to do so will be subject to license forfeiture without further Commission
- (f) Certification concerning relocation of incumbent licensees. Parties seeking approval of a partitioning or disaggregation agreement pursuant to this section must include a certification with their partial assignment of license application as to which party will be responsible for meeting the incumbent relocation requirements set forth at §90.699.

[62 FR 41221, July 31, 1997, as amended at 63 FR 68973, Dec. 14, 1998; 67 FR 45377, July 9, 2002]

### § 90.912 Definitions.

- (a) Scope. The definitions in this section apply to §§ 90.910 and 90.911, unless otherwise specified in those sections.
- (b) Small and very small businesses. (1) A small business is an entity that together with its affiliates and controlling interests, has average gross reve-

nues that do not exceed \$15 million for the three preceding years; or

(2) A very small business is an entity that together with its affiliates and controlling interests, has average gross revenues that do not exceed \$3 million for the three preceding years.

[62 FR 41222, July 31, 1997, as amended at 67 FR 45377, July 9, 2002; 68 FR 43001, July 21, 2003]

#### § 90.913 Record maintenance and definitions.

- (a) Records maintenance. All winning bidders qualifying as small or very small businesses, shall maintain at their principal place of business an updated file of ownership, revenue and asset information, including any document necessary to establish eligibility as a small or very small business, as defined in §90.912, and/or consortium of small businesses (or consortium of very small businesses). Licensees (and their successors in interest) shall maintain such files for the term of the license.
- (b) Definitions. The terms small and very small business used in this section are defined in §90.912.

[68 FR 43001, July 21, 2003]

## Subpart W—Competitive Bidding Procedures for the 220 MHz Service

SOURCE: 62 FR 15999, Apr. 3, 1997, unless otherwise noted.

# § 90.1001 220 MHz service subject to competitive bidding.

Mutually exclusive initial applications for 200 MHz geographic area licenses are subject to competitive bidding. The general competitive bidding procedures set forth in part 1, subpart Q of this chapter will apply unless otherwise provided in this subpart.

[67 FR 45377, July 9, 2002]

## §§ 90.1003-90.1015 [Reserved]

#### § 90.1017 Bidding credits for small businesses and very small businesses.

A winning bidder that qualifies as a small business, as defined in §90.1021(b)(1), or a consortium of small businesses may use a bidding credit of

25 percent to lower the cost of its winning bid. A winning bidder that qualifies as a very small business, as defined in §90.1021(b)(2), or a consortium of very small businesses may use a bidding credit of 35 percent to lower the cost of its winning bid.

[68 FR 43001, July 21, 2003]

# § 90.1019 Eligibility for partitioned licenses.

- (a) Eligibility. Parties seeking approval for partitioning and disaggregation shall request authorization for partial assignment of a license pursuant to §1.948 of this chapter. The Commission will consider applications that propose combinations of partitioning and disaggregation.
- (1) Phase I non-nationwide licensees may apply to partition their licensed geographic service area or disaggregate their licensed spectrum after constructing their systems and placing their in operation or commencing service in accordance with the provisions in §90.725(f) of this part.
- (2) Phase I nationwide licensees may apply to partition their licensed geographic service area or disaggregate their licensed spectrum after constructing at least 40 percent of the geographic areas designated in their applications in accordance with the provisions in §90.725(a) of this part.
- (3) Phase II licensees may apply to partition their licensed geographic service area or disaggregate their licensed spectrum at any time following the grant of their licenses.
- (4) Phase I and Phase II licensees authorized to operate on Channels 161 through 170 or Channels 181 through 185 are not eligible to partition their geographic service area or disaggregate their licensed spectrum.
- (b) Partitioning. In the case of partitioning, applicants and licensees must file FCC Form 603 pursuant to §1.948 and list the partitioned service area on a schedule to the application. The geographic coordinates must be specified in degrees, minutes, and seconds to the nearest second of latitude and longitude and must be based upon the 1983 North American Datum (NAD83). In the case where an FCC-recognized service area or county lines are utilized, applicants need only list the specific

- area(s) through use of FCC designations or county names that constitute the partitioned area.
- (c) License term. The license term for a partitioned license area and for disaggregated spectrum shall be the remainder of the original licensee's license term.
- (d) Construction requirements. (1) Requirements for partitioning. Parties seeking authority to partition must meet one of the following construction requirements:
- (i) The partitionee may certify that it will satisfy the applicable construction requirements set forth in §§ 90.767 or 90.769 of this part, as applicable, for the partitioned license area; or
- (ii) The original licensee may certify that it has or will meet its five-year construction requirement and will meet the ten-year construction requirement, as set forth in §§ 90.767 or 90.769 of this part, as applicable, for the entire license area. In that case, the partitionee must only satisfy the requirements for "substantial service," as set forth in §90.743(a)(1) of this part, for the partitioned license area by the end of the original ten-year license term of the licensee.
- (iii) Failure by any partitionee to meet its respective construction requirements will result in the automatic cancellation of the partitioned license without further Commission action (see § 1.946).
- $(2) \quad Requirements \quad for \quad disaggregation.$ Parties seeking authority disaggregate spectrum must certify in FCC Form 601 which of the parties will be responsible for meeting the fiveyear and ten-year construction requirements for the particular market as set forth in §90.767 or §90.769, as applicable. Parties may agree to share responsibility for meeting the construction requirements. If one party accepts responsibility for meeting the construction requirements and later fails to do so, then its license will cancel automatically without further Commission action. If both parties accept responsibility for meeting the construction requirements and later fail to do so, then