association tariffs for all access elements shall not be deemed to be an average schedule company.
(d) The residue shall be disbursed to telephone companies that are not average schedule companies in accordance with $\S \S 69.607$ through 69.610 .
(e) The association shall submit a report on or before February 1 of each calendar year describing the association's cost study review process for the preceding calendar year as well as the results of that process. For any revisions to cost study results made or recommended by the association that would change the respective carrier's calculated annual common line or traffic sensitive revenue requirement by ten percent or more, the report shall include the following information:
(1) The name of the carrier;
(2) A detailed description of the revisions;
(3) The amount of the revisions;
(4) The impact of the revisions on the carrier's calculated common line and traffic sensitive revenue requirements; and
(5) The carrier's total annual common line and traffic sensitive revenue requirement.
[48 FR 10358, Mar. 11, 1983, as amended at 51 FR 17027, May 8, 1986; 52 FR 21543, June 8, 1987; 54 FR 11537, Mar. 21, 1989; 60 FR 19530, Apr. 19, 1995]

## $\S 69.606$ Computation of average schedule company payments.

(a) Payments shall be made in accordance with a formula approved or modified by the Commission. Such formula shall be designed to produce disbursements to an average schedule company that simulate the disbursements that would be received pursuant to $\S 69.607$ by a company that is representative of average schedule companies.
(b) The association shall submit a proposed revision of the formula for each annual period subsequent to December 31,1986 , or certify that a majority of the directors of the association believe that no revisions are warranted
for such period on or before December 31 of the preceding year.
(47 U.S.C. 154 (i) and (j), 201, 202, 203, 205, 218 and 403 and 5 U.S.C. 553)
[48 FR 10358, Mar. 11, 1983, as amended at 50 FR 41356, Oct. 10, 1985; 55 FR 6990, Feb. 28, 1990]

## §69.607 Disbursement of Carrier Common Line residue.

(a) The association shall compute a monthly net balance for each member telephone company that is not an average schedule company. If such a company has a negative net balance, the association shall bill that amount to such company. If such a company has a positive net balance, the association shall disburse that amount to such company.
(b) The net balance for such a company shall be computed by multiplying a hypothetical net balance for such a company by a factor that is computed by dividing the Carrier Common Line residue by the sum of the hypothetical net balances for such companies.
(c) The hypothetical net balance for each company shall be the sum of the hypothetical net balances for each access element. Such hypothetical net balances shall be computed in accordance with $\S \S 69.608$ to 69.610 .
[48 FR 10358, Mar. 11, 1983, as amended at 51 FR 42237, Nov. 24, 1986]

## § 69.608 Carrier Common Line hypothetical net balance.

The hypothetical net balance shall be equal to a Carrier Common Line revenue requirement for each such company that is computed in accordance with subpart $F$ of this part.

## §69.609 End User Common Line hypothetical net balances.

(a) If the company does not participate in the association tariff for such element, the hypothetical net balance shall be zero.
(b) If the company does participate in the association tariff for such element, the hypothetical net balance shall be computed by multiplying an amount that is computed by deducting access revenues collected by such company for such element from an End User Common Line revenue requirement for such
company that is computed in accordance with subpart $F$ of this part by a factor that is computed by dividing access revenues collected by all such companies for such element by an End User Common Line revenue requirement for all such companies that is computed in accordance with subpart $F$ of this part. For purposes of this calculation, access revenues collected shall include any revenues foregone because of a voluntary reduction made pursuant to §69.104(r)(7).
[48 FR 10358, Mar. 11, 1983, as amended at 66 FR 59733, Nov. 30, 2001]
§69.610 Other hypothetical net balances.
(a) The hypothetical net balance for an access element other than a Common Line element shall be computed as provided in this section.
(b) If the company does not participate in the association tariff for such element, the hypothetical net balance shall be zero.
(c) If the company does participate in the association tariff for such element, the hypothetical net balance shall be computed by deducting access revenues collected for such element from the sum of expense attributable to such element and the element residue apportioned to such company. The element residue shall be apportioned among such companies in the same proportions as the net investment attributable to such element.
(d) The element residue shall be computed by deducting expenses of all participating companies attributable to such element from revenues collected by all participating companies for such element.
[48 FR 10358, Mar. 11, 1983, as amended at 51 FR 42237, Nov. 24, 1986]

## Subpart H—Pricing Flexibility

Source: 64 FR 51267, Sept. 22, 1999, unless otherwise noted.

## $\S 69.701$ Application of rules in this subpart.

The rules in this subpart apply to all incumbent LECs subject to price cap regulation, as defined in $\S 61.3(\mathrm{x})$ of this chapter, seeking pricing flexibility on
the basis of the development of competition in parts of its service area.

## § 69.703 Definitions.

For purposes of this subpart:
(a) Channel terminations. (1) A channel termination between an IXC POP and a serving wire center is a dedicated channel connecting an IXC POP and a serving wire center, offered for purposes of carrying special access traffic.
(2) A channel termination between a LEC end office and a customer premises is a dedicated channel connecting a LEC end office and a customer premises, offered for purposes of carrying special access traffic.
(b) Metropolitan Statistical Area ( $M S A$ ). This term shall have the definition provided in $\S 22.909$ (a) of this chapter.
(c) Interexchange Carrier Point of Presence (IXC POP). The point of interconnection between an interexchange carrier's network and a local exchange carrier's network.
(d) Wire center. For purposes of this subpart, the term "wire center" shall refer to any location at which an incumbent LEC is required to provide expanded interconnection for special access pursuant to $\S 64.1401(\mathrm{a})$ of this chapter, and any location at which an incumbent LEC is required to provide expanded interconnection for switched transport pursuant to $\S 64.1401(\mathrm{~b})(1)$ of this chapter.
(e) Study area. A common carrier's entire service area within a state.

## §69.705 Procedure.

Price cap LECs filing petitions for pricing flexibility shall follow the procedures set forth in $\S 1.774$ of this chapter.

## § 69.707 Geographic scope of petition.

(a) $M S A$. (1) A price cap LEC filing a petition for pricing flexibility in an MSA shall include data sufficient to support its petition, as set forth in this subpart, disaggregated by MSA.
(2) A price cap LEC may request pricing flexibility for two or more MSAs in a single petition, provided that it submits supporting data disaggregated by MSA.
(b) Non-MSA. (1) A price cap LEC will receive pricing flexibility with respect

