§ 61.17 Applications for special permission.

- (a) All issuing carriers that file applications for special permission, associated documents, such as transmittal letters, requests for special permission, and supporting information, shall file those documents electronically.
- (b) Applications for special permission must contain:
- (1) A detailed description of the tariff publication proposed to be put into effect:
- (2) A statement citing the specific rules and the grounds on which waiver is sought;
 - (3) A showing of good cause; and
- (4) The appropriate Illustrative tariff pages the issuing carrier wishes to either revise or add as new pages to its tariff
- (c) An application for special permission must be addressed to "Secretary, Federal Communications Commission, Washington, DC 20554." The Electronic Tariff Filing System will accept filings 24 hours a day, seven days a week. The official filing date of a publication received by the Electronic Tariff Filing System will be determined by the date and time the transmission ends. If the transmission ends after the close of a business day, as that term is defined in §1.4(e)(2) of this chapter, the filing will be date and time stamped as of the opening of the next business day.
- (d) In addition, except for issuing carriers filing tariffing fees electronically, for special permission applications requiring fees as set forth in part 1, subpart G of this chapter, issuing carriers must submit the original of the application letter (without attachments), FCC Form 159, and the appropriate fee to the address set forth in §1.1105 of this chapter.
- (e) In addition, if an issuing carrier applies for special permission to revise joint tariffs, the application must state that it is filed on behalf of all carriers participating in the affected service. Applications must be numbered consecutively in a series separate from FCC tariff numbers and Letters of Transmittal, bear the signature of the officer or agent of the carrier, and be in the following format:

Application No.	
Abbiication No.	

Secretary,	Federal	Communications	Commis-
sion, Washin	gton, DC	20554.	

Attention: Wireline Competition Bureau (here provide the statements required by section 61.17(b)).

(Exact name of carrier) _	
(Name of officer or agent)	
(Title of officer or agent)	

(f) If approved, the issuing carrier must comply with all terms and use all authority specified in the grant. If a carrier elects to use less than the authority granted, it must apply to the Commission for modification of the original grant. If a carrier elects not to use the authority granted within sixty days of its effective date, the original grant will be automatically cancelled by the Commission.

[76 FR 43211, July 20, 2011]

Subpart C—General Rules for Nondominant Carriers

§61.18 Scope.

(Date)

The rules in this subpart apply to all nondominant carriers.

[64 FR 46587, Aug. 26, 1999]

§ 61.19 Detariffing of international and interstate, domestic interexchange services.

- (a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraphs (b) through (e) of this section, or by Commission order, carriers that are nondominant in the provision of international and interstate, domestic interexchange services shall not file tariffs for such services.
- (b) Carriers that are nondominant in the provision of international and domestic, interstate, interexchange services are permitted to file tariffs for dial-around 1+ services. For the purposes of this paragraph, dial-around 1+ calls are those calls made by accessing the interexchange carrier through the use of that carrier's carrier access code.
- (c) Carriers that are nondominant in the provision of international and domestic, interstate, interexchange services are permitted to file a tariff for such services applicable to those customers who contact the local exchange carrier to designate an interexchange

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carrier or to initiate a change with respect to their primary interexchange carrier. Such tariff will enable the interexchange carrier to provide service to the customer until the interexchange carrier and the customer consummate a written agreement, but in no event shall the interexchange carrier provide service to its customer pursuant to such tariff for more than 45 days.

- (d) Carriers that are nondominant in the provision of international inbound collect calls to the United States are permitted to file a tariff for such services.
- (e) Carriers that are nondominant in the provision of "on-demand" Mobile Satellite Services are permitted to file a tariff for such services applicable to those customers that have not entered into pre-existing service contracts designating a specific provider for such services.

 $[66\;\mathrm{FR}\;16881,\,\mathrm{Mar.}\;28,\,2001]$

§ 61.20 Method of filing publications.

- (a) All issuing carriers that file tariffs shall file all tariff publications and associated documents, such as transmittal letters, requests for special permission, and supporting information, electronically in accordance with the requirements set forth in §§61.13 through 61.17.
- (b) In addition, except for issuing carriers filing tariffing fees electronically, for all tariff publications requiring fees as set forth in part 1, subpart G of this chapter, issuing carriers must submit the original of the cover letter (without attachments), FCC Form 159, and the appropriate fee to the address set forth in §1.1105 of this chapter.

[76 FR 43211, July 20,2011]

§61.25 References to other instruments.

In addition to the cross-references permitted pursuant to §61.74, a non-dominant carrier may cross-reference in its tariff publication only the rate provisions of another carrier's FCC tariff publication, provided that the following conditions are met:

(a) The tariff being cross-referenced must be on file with the Commission and in effect;

- (b) The issuing carrier must specifically identify in its tariff the cross-referenced tariff by Carrier Name and FCC Tariff Number;
- (c) The issuing carrier must specifically identify in its tariff the rates being cross-referenced so as to leave no doubt as to the exact rates that will apply, including but not limited to any applicable credits, discounts, promotions: and
- (d) The issuing carrier must keep its cross-references current.

[64 FR 46588, Aug. 26, 1999]

§ 61.26 Tariffing of competitive interstate switched exchange access services.

- (a) *Definitions*. For purposes of this section, the following definitions shall apply:
- (1) CLEC shall mean a local exchange carrier that provides some or all of the interstate exchange access services used to send traffic to or from an end user and does not fall within the definition of "incumbent local exchange carrier" in 47 U.S.C. 251(h).
- (2) Competing ILEC shall mean the incumbent local exchange carrier, as defined in 47 U.S.C. 251(h), that would provide interstate exchange access services, in whole or in part, to the extent those services were not provided by the CLEC.
- (3) Switched exchange access services shall include:
- (i) The functional equivalent of the ILEC interstate exchange access services typically associated with the following rate elements: Carrier common line (originating); carrier common line (terminating); local end office switching; interconnection charge; information surcharge; tandem switched transport termination (fixed); tandem switched transport facility (per mile); tandem switching;
- (ii) The termination of interexchange telecommunications traffic to any end user, either directly or via contractual or other arrangements with an affiliated or unaffiliated provider of interconnected VoIP service, as defined in 47 U.S.C. 153(25), or a non-interconnected VoIP service, as defined in 47 U.S.C. 153(36), that does not itself seek to collect reciprocal compensation charges