

**§ 32.7899**

(Federal, state and local) of extraordinary items that have been deferred in accordance with § 32.22.

[67 FR 5700, Feb. 6, 2002]

**§ 32.7899 Content of accounts.**

Jurisdictional differences and non-regulated income amounts shall be included in Accounts 7910 and 7990.

**§ 32.7910 Income effect of jurisdictional ratemaking differences—net.**

This account shall include the impact on revenues and expenses of the jurisdictional ratemaking practices which vary from those of this Commission. All entries recorded in this account shall be recorded net of the applicable income tax effects and shall be supported by appropriate subsidiary records, where necessary, as provided for in § 32.13(e) of subpart B.

**§ 32.7990 Nonregulated net income.**

(a) This account shall be used by those companies who offer nonregulated activities that do not involve the joint or common use of assets or resources used in the provision of both regulated and nonregulated products and services, and which have not established a separate subsidiary for that purpose.

(b) All revenue and expenses (including taxes) incurred in these nonregulated activities shall be recorded on separate books of account for such operations. Only the net of the total revenues and total expenses shall be recorded in this account, with a contra debit or credit to account 1406.3.

[52 FR 6562, Mar. 4, 1987]

**Subpart G—Glossary**

**§ 32.9000 Glossary of terms.**

When used in this system of accounts:

*Accelerated depreciation* means a depreciation method or period of time, including the treatment given cost of removal and gross salvage, used in calculating depreciation deductions on income tax returns which is different from the depreciation method or period of time prescribed by this Commission for use in calculating depreciation ex-

pense recorded in a company's books of account.

*Account* means a specific element of a chart of accounts used to record, classify and accumulate similar financial transactions resulting from the operations of the entity. "Accounts" or "these accounts" refer to the accounts of this system of accounts.

*Accounting system* means the total set of interrelated principles, rules, requirements, definitions, accounts, records, procedures and mechanisms necessary to operate and evaluate the entity from a financial perspective. An accounting system generally consists of a chart of accounts, various parallel subsystems and subsidiary records. An accounting system is utilized to provide the necessary financial information to users to meet judiciary and other responsibilities.

*Affiliated companies* means companies that directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control or are controlled by, or are under common control with, the accounting company. See also Control.

*Amortization* means the systematic recoveries, through ratable charges to expense, of the cost of assets.

*Associated equipment* means that equipment which functions with a specific type of plant or with two (2) or more types of plant, e.g., switching equipment, network power equipment, circuit equipment, common channel network signaling equipment or network operations equipment. Associated equipment shall be classified to the account appropriate for the type of equipment with which it is predominately used rather than on its own characteristics.

Illustrative examples of associated equipment are:

- Alarm and signal apparatus
- Auxiliary framing
- Cable and cable racks
- Distributing frames and equipment thereon
- Frame and aisle lighting equipment (not permanently attached to the building)
- Relay racks and panels

*Basic service area* means the minimum specified calling area for which a tariff is prescribed.

*Book cost* means the amount at which property is recorded in these accounts,