will appear showing you the date and time of your filing and your submission ID. Print this verification for your records as proof of online filing.

- (e) Step 5: Pay for your application.
- (1) Most applications require that you pay a fee to us before we can begin processing your application. You can determine the amount of your fee in three ways:
 - (i) You can refer to §1.1107.
- (ii) You can refer to the International and Satellite Services fee guide located at http://www.fcc.gov/fees/appfees.html. or
- (iii) You can run a draft Form 159 through IBFS, in association with a filed application, and the system will automatically enter your required fee on the form.
- (2) A complete FCC Form 159 must accompany all fee payments. You must provide the FRN for both the applicant and the payer. You also must include your IBFS Submission ID number on your FCC Form 159 in the box labeled "FCC Code 2." In addition, for applications for transfer of control or assignment of license, call signs involved in the transaction must be entered into the "FCC Code 1" box on the FCC Form 159. (This may require the use of multiple rows on the FCC Form 159 for a single application where more than one call sign is involved.)
- (i) You may use a paper version of FCC Form 159. or
- (ii) You can generate a pre-filled FCC Form 159 from IBFS using your IBFS Submission ID. For specific instructions on using IBFS to generate your FCC Form 159, go to the IBFS Web site (http://www.fcc.gov/ibfs) and click on the "Getting Started" button.
 - (3) You have 3 payment options:
- (i) Pay by credit card (through IBFS or by regular mail).
- (ii) Pay by check, bank draft or money order, or
- (iii) Pay by wire transfer or other electronic payments.
- (4) You have 14 calendar days from the date you file your application in IBFS to submit your fee payment to U.S. Bank. Your FCC Form 159 must be stamped "received" by U.S. Bank by the 14th day. If not, we will dismiss your application.

- (5) If you send your Form 159 and payment to U.S. Bank in paper form, you should mail your completed Form 159 and payment to the address specified in §1.1107 of the Commission's rules. If you file electronically, do not send copies of your application with your payment and Form 159.
- (6) For more information on fee payments, refer to Payment Instructions found on the IBFS Internet site at http://www.fcc.gov/ibfs.
- (7) Step 5 is not applicable if your application is fee exempt.

[73 FR 9029, Feb. 19, 2008]

§ 1.10010 Do I need to send paper copies with my electronic applications?

- (a) If you file electronically through IBFS, the electronic record is the official record.
- (b) If you file electronically, you do not need to submit paper copies of your application.
- (c) If you submit paper copies of your application with your payment, we will consider them as copies and may not retain them.

§ 1.10011 Who may sign applications?

- (a) "Signed" in this section refers to electronically filed applications. An electronic application is "signed" when there is an electronic signature. An electronic signature is the typed name of the person "signing" the application, which is then electronically transmitted via IBFS.
- (b) For all electronically filed applications, you (or the signor) must actually sign a paper copy of the application, and keep the signed original in your files for future reference.
- (c) You only need to sign the original of applications, amendments, and related statements of fact.
- (d) Sign applications, amendments, and related statements of fact as follows (either electronically or manually):
- (1) By you, if you are an individual;
- (2) By one of the partners, if you are a partnership;
- (3) By an officer, director, or duly authorized employee, if you are a corporation; or
- (4) By a member who is an officer, if you are an unauthorized association.

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- (e) If you file applications, amendments, and related statements of fact on behalf of eligible government entities, an elected or appointed official who may sign under the laws of the applicable jurisdiction must sign the document. Eligible government entities are:
- (1) States and territories of the United States.
- (2) Political subdivisions of these states and territories,
 - (3) The District of Columbia, and
 - (4) Units of local government.
- (f) If you are either physically disabled or absent from the United States, your attorney may sign applications, amendments and related statements of facts on your behalf.
- (1) Your attorney must explain why you are not signing the documents.
- (2) If your attorney states any matter based solely on his belief (rather than knowledge), your attorney must explain his reasons for believing that such statements are true.
- (g) It is unnecessary to sign applications, amendments, and related statements of fact under oath. However, willful false statements are punishable by a fine and imprisonment, 18 U.S.C. 1001, and by administrative sanctions.

§1.10012 When can I file on IBFS?

IBFS is available 24 hours a day, seven (7) days a week for filing.

§1.10013 How do I check the status of my application after I file it?

You can check the status of your application through the "Search Tools" on the IBFS homepage. The IBFS homepage is located at www.fcc.gov/ibfs.

§1.10014 What happens after officially filing my application?

- (a) We give you an IBFS file number.
- (b) We electronically route your application to an analyst who conducts an initial review of your application. If your application is incomplete, we will either dismiss the application, or contact you by telephone, letter or email to ask for additional information within a specific time. In cases where we ask for additional information, if we do not receive it within the specified time, we will dismiss your application. In either case, we will dismiss your application without prejudice, so that you may file again with a complete application.
- (c) If your application is complete, and we verify receipt of your payment, it will appear on an "Accepted for Filing" Public Notice, unless public notice is not required. An "Accepted for Filing" Public Notice gives the public a certain amount of time to comment on your filing. This period varies depending upon the type of application.
- (1) Certain applications do not have to go on an "Accepted for Filing" Public Notice prior to initiation of service, but instead are filed as notifications to the Commission of prior actions by the carriers as authorized by the rules. Examples include pro forma notifications of transfer of control and assignment and certain foreign carrier notifications.
- (2) Each "Accepted for Filing" Public Notice has a report number. Examples of various types of applications and their corresponding report number (the "x" represents a sequential number) follow

Type of application	Report No.
325–C Applications	325–xxxxx.
Accounting Rate Change	ARC-xxxxx.
Foreign Carrier Affiliation Notification	FCN-xxxxx.
International High Frequency	IHF-xxxxx.
Recognized Operating Agency	ROA-xxxxx.
Satellite Space Station	SAT-xxxxx.
Satellite Earth Station	SES-xxxxx.
International Telecommunications:	
Streamlined	TEL-xxxxxS.
Non-streamlined	TEL-xxxxNS and/or DA.
Submarine Cable Landing:	
Streamlined	SCL-xxxxxS.
Non-streamlined	SCL-xxxxNS and/or DA.