number or, if the ship is not documented, the call sign of the on-board station.

- (ii) The company control group, composed of three letters taken from AAA through ZZZ, which must be transmitted one time.
- (iiii) The actuation instruction group, composed of two letters taken from AA through ZZ, which must be transmitted one time.
- (iv) The termination of transmission group, composed of the control character "EM", which must be transmitted twice.
 - (c) The receiving system must:
- (1) Reject any actuation instruction until it recognizes and accepts the company control group.
- (2) Reject any company control group until it recognizes and accepts the documentation number group.
- (d) The emission employed must be G2D. The provisions applicable to G3E emission are also applicable to G2D emission.
- (e) The binary information must be applied to the carrier as frequency-shift keying (FSK) of the standard tones 1070 and 1270 Hz. "0" (low) must correspond to 1070 Hz and "1" (high) must correspond to 1270 Hz. The signalling rate must be 300 bits per second.
- (f) The alphabet employed must be the United States of America Standard Code for Information Interchange (USASCII), contained in the United States of America Standards Institute publication USAS X3.4–1968.
- (1) The bit sequence must be least significant bit first to most significant bit (bit 1 through 7), consecutively.
- (2) The character structure must consist of 8 bits (seven bits plus one character parity bit) having equal time intervals.
 - (3) "Odd" parity is required.

MOBILE-SATELLITE STATIONS

§80.1185 Supplemental eligibility for mobile-satellite stations.

Stations in the maritime mobile-satellite service must meet the eligibility requirements contained in this section.

- (a) A station license for a ship earth station may be issued to:
- (1) The owner or operator of a ship.
- (2) A corporation proposing to furnish a nonprofit radio communication

service to its parent corporation, to another subsidiary of the same parent, or to its own subsidiary, where the party to be served is the owner or operator of the ship aboard which the ship earth station is to be installed and operated.

(b) A station license for a portable ship earth station may be issued to the owner or operator of portable earth station equipment proposing to furnish satellite communication services on board more than one ship or fixed offshore platform located in the marine environment.

[52 FR 27003, July 17, 1987, as amended at 54 FR 49995, Dec. 4, 1989]

§80.1187 Scope of communication.

Ship earth stations must be used for telecommunications related to the business or operation of ships and for public correspondence of persons on board. Portable ship earth stations are authorized to meet the business, operational and public correspondence telecommunication needs of fixed offshore platforms located in the marine environment as well as ships. The types of emission are determined by the INMARSAT organization.

[52 FR 27003, July 17, 1987]

§80.1189 Portable ship earth stations.

- (a) Portable ship earth stations are authorized to operate on board more than one ship. Portable ship earth stations are also authorized to be operated on board fixed offshore platforms located in international or United States domestic waters.
- (b) Portable ship earth stations must meet the rule requirements of ship earth stations with the exeception of eligibility.
- (c) Where the license of the portable ship earth station is not the owner of the ship or fixed platform on which the station is located, the station must be operated with the permission of the owner or operator of the ship or fixed platform.

 $[52 \; \mathrm{FR} \; 27003, \; \mathrm{July} \; 17, \; 1987]$