§87.109

§87.109 Station logs.

- (a) A station at a fixed location in the international aeronautical mobile service must maintain a log in accordance with Annex 10 of the ICAO Convention.
- (b) A station log must contain the following information:
- (1) The name of the agency operating the station.
- (2) The identification of the station.
- (3) The date.
- (4) The time of opening and closing the station.
- (5) The frequencies being guarded and the type of watch (continuous or scheduled) being maintained on each frequency.
- (6) Except at intermediate mechanical relay stations where the provisions of this paragraph need not be complied with, a record of each communication showing text of communication, time communications completed, station(s) communicated with, and frequency used.
- (7) All distress communications and action thereon.
- (8) A brief description of communications conditions and difficulties, including harmful interference. Such entries should include, whenever practicable, the time at which interference

was experienced, the character, radio frequency and identification of the interfering signal.

- (9) A brief description of interruption to communications due to equipment failure or other troubles, giving the duration of the interruption and action taken.
- (10) Such additional information as may be considered by the operator to be of value as part of the record of the stations operations.
- (c) Stations maintaining written logs must also enter the signature of each operator, with the time the operator assumes and relinquishes a watch.

[69 FR 32879, June 14, 2004]

§87.111 Suspension or discontinuance of operation.

The licensee of any airport control tower station or radionavigation land station must notify the nearest FAA regional office upon the temporary suspension or permanent discontinuance of the station. The FAA regional office must be notified again when service resumes.

[69 FR 32880, June 14, 2004]

Subpart D—Technical Requirements

§87.131 Power and emissions.

The following table lists authorized emissions and maximum power. Power must be determined by direct measurement.

Class of station	Frequency band/ frequency	Authorized emission(s) 9	Maximum power ¹
Aeronautical advisory	VHF	A3E	10 watts. 10
Aeronautical multicom	VHF	A3E	10 watts.
Aeronautical enroute and aeronautical fixed.	HF	R3E, H3E, J3E, J7B, H2B, J2D	6 kw.
	HF	A1A, F1B, J2A, J2B	1.5 kw.
	VHF	A3E, A9W G1D, A2D.	
Aeronautical search and rescue	VHF	A3E	10 watts.
	HF	R3E, H3E, J3E	100 watts.
Operational fixed	VHF	G3E, F2D	30 watts.
Flight test land	VHF	A3E	200 watts.
•	UHF	F2D, F9D, F7D	25 watts.3
	HF	H2B, J3E, J7D, J9W	6.0 kw.
Aviation support	VHF	A3E	50 watts.
Airport control tower	VHF	A3E, G1D, G7D	50 watts.
	Below 400 kHz	A3E	15 watts.
Aeronautical utility mobile	VHF	A3E	10 watts.
Radionavigation land test	108.150 MHz	A9W	1 milliwatt.
	334.550 MHz	A1N	1 milliwatt.
	Other VHF	M1A, XXA, A1A, A1N, A2A, A2D, A9W	1 watt.
	Other UHF	M1A, XXA, A1A, A1N, A2A, A2D, A9W	1 watt.
	5031.0 MHz	F7D	1 watt.
Radionavigation land	Various 4	Various 4	Various. 4

	E		
Class of station	Frequency band/ frequency	Authorized emission(s) 9	Maximum power 1
	Aeronautical Frequencies		
Aircraft (Communication)	UHF VHF HF	F2D, F9D, F7D	25 watts. 55 watts. 400 watts. 100 watts.
		Marine Frequencies ⁵	
	156.300 MHz	G3E	5 watts. 5 watts.
(Radionavigation)	MF ⁶ HF ⁶ Various ⁷ UHF	R3E, H3E, J3E, J2B, F1B	1000 watts. 250 watts. Various. ⁷ 60 watts. ⁸ Various. ²

¹The power is measured at the transmitter output terminals and the type of power is determined according to the emission

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§87.133 Frequency stability.

(a) Except as provided in paragraphs (c), (d), (f), and (g) of this section, the carrier frequency of each station must be maintained within these tolerances:

Frequency band (lower limit exclusive, upper limit inclusive), and categories of stations	Toler- ance 1	Tolerance
(1) Band-9 to 535 kHz: Aeronautical stations	100	100
Aircraft stations	200	100
Survival craft stations on 500 kHz.	5,000	20 Hz ³
Radionavigation stations(2) Band-1605 to 4000 kHz: Aeronautical fixed stations:	100	100
Power 200 W or less	100	1008
Power above 200 W	50	50 ⁸
Aeronautical stations:		
Power 200 W or less	1007	1007,8
Power above 200 W	507	50 ^{7,8}
Aircraft stations	1007	1007
Survival craft stations on 2182 kHz.	200	20 Hz ³

Frequency band (lower limit exclusive, upper limit inclusive), and categories of stations	Toler- ance ¹	Tolerance ²
(3) Band-4 to 29.7 MHz:		
Aeronautical fixed stations:		
Power 500 W or less	50	
Power above 500 W	15	
Single-sideband and Inde-	_	
pendent-sideband emission:		
Power 500 W or less		50 Hz
Power above 500 W		20 Hz
Class F1B emissions		10 Hz
Other classes of emission:		
Power 500 W or less		20
Power above 500 W		10
Aeronautical stations:		
Power 500 W or less	⁷ 100	100 ⁷
Power above 500 W	⁷ 50	50 ⁷
Aircraft stations	⁷ 100	100 ⁷
Survival craft stations on 8364	200	50 Hz ³
kHz.		
(4) Band-29.7 to 100 MHz:		
Aeronautical fixed stations:		
Power 200 W or less	50	
Power above 200 W	30	
Power 50 W or less		30

 ¹ he power is measured at the transmitter output terminals and the type of power is determined according to the emission designator as follows:

 (i) Mean power (pY) for amplitude modulated emissions and transmitting both sidebands using unmodulated full carrier.
 (ii) Peak envelope power (pX) for all emission designators other than those referred to in paragraph (i) of this note.

 2 Power and antenna height are restricted to the minimum necessary to achieve the required service.
 3 Transmitter power may be increased to overcome line and duplexer losses but must not exceed 25 watts delivered to the antenna.

³ Transmitter power may be increased to overcome into any depress.

4 Frequency, emission, and maximum power will be determined after coordination with appropriate Government agencies.

5 To be used with airborne marine equipment certificated for part 80 (ship) and used in accordance with part 87.

6 Applicable only to marine frequencies used for public correspondence.

7 Frequency, emission, and maximum power will be determined by appropriate standards during the certification process.

8 Power may not exceed 60 watts per carrier, as measured at the input of the antenna subsystem, including any installed diplexer. The maximum EIRP may not exceed 2000 watts per carrier.

9 Excludes automatic link establishment.

10 Power is limited to 0.5 watt, but may not exceed 2 watts when station is used in an automatic unattended mode.