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by circumstances beyond the licensee's control, or

- (2) If there are no applicable milestones for implementation of the licensed satellite system specified in §§ 25.164(a) and/or (b), the expiration of the required date of completion of construction or other required action specified in the authorization, or after any additional time authorized by the Commission, if a certification of completion of the required action has not been filed with the Commission unless a request for an extension of time has been filed with the Commission but has not been acted on.
- (b) The expiration of the license period, unless an application for renewal of the license has been filed with the Commission pursuant to §25.120(e); or
- (c) The removal or modification of the facilities which renders the station not operational for more than 90 days, unless specific authority is requested.

[56 FR 24016, May 28, 1991, as amended at 68 FR 51507, Aug. 27, 2003]

§ 25.162 Cause for termination of interference protection.

The protection from interference afforded by the registration of a receiving earth station shall be automatically terminated if:

- (a) The request for registration is not submitted to the Commission within 3 months of the completion of the frequency coordination process, except as provided for in §25.203:
- (b) The receiving earth station is not constructed and placed into service within 6 months after completion of coordination;
- (c) The Commission finds that the station has been used less than 50% of the time during any 12 month period;
- (d) The Commission finds that the station has been used for an unlawful purpose or otherwise in violation of the Commission's rules, regulations or policies;
- (e) The Commission finds that the actual use of the facility is inconsistent with what was set forth in the registrant's application; or
- (f) The Commission finds that the frequency coordination exhibit, upon which the granted registration is based, is incomplete or does not con-

form with established coordination procedures.

§25.163 Reinstatement.

- (a) A station authorization terminated in whole or in part under the provisions of §25.161 may be reinstated if the Commission, in its discretion, determines that reinstatement would best serve the public interest, convenience and necessity. Petitions for reinstatement will be considered only if:
- (1) The petition is filed within 30 days after the expiration date set forth in §25.161(a) or §25.161(b), whichever is applicable;
- (2) The petition explains the failure to file a timely notification or renewal application; and
- (3) The petition sets forth with specificity the procedures which have been established to insure timely filings in the future.
- (b) A special temporary authorization shall automatically terminate upon the expiration date specified therein, or upon failure of the grantee to comply with any special terms or conditions set forth in the authorization. Temporary operation may be extended beyond the termination date only upon application to the Commission.

§ 25.164 Milestones.

- (a) Licensees of geostationary orbit satellite systems other than DBS and DARS satellite systems, including GSO MSS satellite systems, licensed on or after August 27, 2003 will be required to comply with the schedule set forth in paragraphs (a)(1) through (a)(4) of this section in implementing their satellite systems, unless a different schedule is established by Title 47, Chapter I, or by Commission Order, or by Order adopted pursuant to delegated authority. These dates are to be measured from the date the license is issued.
- (1) One year: Enter into a binding non-contingent contract to construct the licensed satellite system.
- (2) Two years: Complete the critical design review of the licensed satellite system.
- (3) Three years: Begin the construction of the satellite.
- (4) Five years: Launch and operate the satellite.

- (b) Licensees of non-geostationary orbit satellite systems other than DBS and DARS satellite systems licensed on or after September 11, 2003, will be required to comply with the schedule set forth in paragraphs (b)(1) through (b)(5) of this section in implementing their satellite systems, unless a different schedule is established by Title 47, Chapter I, or by Commission Order, or by Order adopted pursuant to delegated authority. These dates are to be measured from the date the license is issued.
- (1) One year: Enter into a binding non-contingent contract to construct the licensed satellite system.
- (2) Two years: Complete the critical design review of the licensed satellite system.
- (3) Two years, six months: Begin the construction of the first satellite in the licensed satellite system.
- (4) Three years, six months: Launch and operate the first satellite in the licensed satellite system.
- (5) Six years: Bring all the satellites in the licensed satellite system into operation.
- (c) Licensees of all satellite systems, other than DBS and DARS satellite systems, licensed on or after September 11, 2003, will be required to submit a copy of their binding non-contingent contract with the Commission on or before the date scheduled for entering into such a contract.
- (d) Licensees of all satellite systems, other than DBS and DARS satellite systems, licensed on or after September 11, 2003, will be required to submit information to the Commission sufficient to demonstrate that the licensee has completed the critical design review of the licensed satellite system on or before the date scheduled for entering into such completion.
- (e) Licensees of all satellite systems, other than DBS and DARS satellite systems, licensed on or after September 11, 2003, will be required to submit information to the Commission sufficient to demonstrate that the licensee has commenced physical construction of its licensed spacecraft on or before the date scheduled for such commencement.
- (f) In cases where the Commission grants a satellite authorization in dif-

- ferent stages, such as a license for a satellite system using feeder links or intersatellite links, the earliest of the milestone schedules shall be applied to the entire satellite system.
- (g) Licensees of satellite systems that include both non-geostationary orbit satellites and geostationary orbit satellites, other than DBS and DARS satellite systems, and licensed on or after September 20, 2004 will be required to comply with the schedule set forth in paragraph (a) of this section with respect to the geostationary orbit satellites, and with the schedule set forth in paragraph (b) of this section with respect to the non-geostationary orbit satellites.

[68 FR 51507, Aug. 27, 2003, as amended at 69 FR 51587, Aug. 20, 2004]

§ 25.165 Posting of bonds.

- (a) For all satellite licenses issued after September 20, 2004, other than DBS licenses, DARS licenses, and replacement satellite licenses as defined in paragraph (e), the licensee is required to post a bond within 30 days of the grant of its license. Failure to post a bond will render the license null and void automatically.
- (1) NGSO licensees are required to post a bond in the amount of \$5 million.
- (2) GSO licensees are required to post a bond in the amount of \$3 million.
- (3) Licensees of satellite systems including both NGSO satellites and GSO satellites that operate in the same frequency bands as the NGSO satellites are required to post a bond in the amount of \$5 million.
- (b) The licensee must use a surety company deemed acceptable within the meaning of 31 U.S.C. 9304 et seq. (See, e.g., Department of Treasury Fiscal Service, Companies Holding Certificates of Authority as Acceptable Sureties on Federal Bonds and As Acceptable Reinsurance Companies, 57 FR 29356, July 1, 1992.) The bond must name the U.S. Treasury as beneficiary in the event of the licensee's default. The licensee must provide the Commission with a copy of the performance bond, including all details and conditions.