| Class of station | Composition of call sign | Call sign blocks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Personal radio | 3 letters, 4 digits, or 4 letters, 4 digits. | KAA0001 through KZZ9999, WAA0001 through WPZ9999, KAAA0001 through KZZZ9999. |
| Personal radio, temporary permit | 3 letters, 5 digits | KAA00000 through KZZ99999. |
| Personal radio in trust territories. | 1 letter, 4 digits | K0001 through K9999. |
| Business radio temporary permit | 2 letters, 7 digits | WT plus local telephone number. |
| Part 90 temporary permit | 2 letters, 7 digits | WT plus local telephone number. |
| Part 90 conditional permit | 2 letters, 7 digits | WT plus local telephone number. |
| General Mobile Radio Service, temporary permit. | 2 letters, 7 digits ............................. | WT plus business or residence telephone number. |
| Note: The symbol 0 indicates the digit zero. |  |  |
| ${ }^{1}$ Ships with transmitter-equipped survival craft shall be assigned four letter call signs. <br> ${ }^{2}$ See §2.303. |  |  |
| be used by that station. The same exception letter call signs consisting of 3 letters with the <br> ${ }^{4}$ Plus other identifying data as may be spec | applies also to frequency modulation and uffix "FM" or "TV". fied. | television broadcasting stations using 5 |

[34 FR 5104, Mar. 12, 1969; as amended at 54 50239, Dec. 5, 1989]
Editorial Note: For Federal Register citations affecting §2.302, see the List of CFR Sections Affected in the Finding Aids section of this volume.

## § 2.303 Other forms of identification of stations.

(a) The following table indicates forms of identification which may be used in lieu of call signs by the specified classes of stations. Such recognized means of identification may be one or more of the following: name of station, location of station, operating agency, official registration mark,
flight identification number, selective call number or signal, selective call identification number or signal, characteristic signal, characteristic of emission or other clearly distinguishing form of identification readily recognized internationally. Reference should be made to the appropriate part of the rules for complete information on identification procedures for each service.

| Class of station | Identification, other than assigned call sign |
| :--- | :--- | | Aircraft (U.S. registry) telephone ................... |
| :--- |
| Aircraft (foreign registry) telephone ................ |
| Aeronautical ................................................. |
| Registration number preceded by the type of the aircraft, or the radiotelephony |
| designator of the aircraft operating agency followed by the flight identification |
| number. |
| Foreign registry identification consisting of five characters. This may be pre- |
| ceded by the radiotelephony designator of the aircraft operating agency or it |
| may be preceded by the type of the aircraft. |


| Class of station | Identification, other than assigned call sign |
| :--- | :--- | | Land mobile: Domestic public and rural radio | Special mobile unit designation assigned by licensee or by assigned telephone <br> number. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Land mobile: Railroad radio service ............... |  |
| Name of railroad, train number, caboose number, engine number, or name of <br> fixed wayside station or such other number or name as may be specified for <br> use of railroad employees to identify a specific fixed point or mobile unit. A |  |
| railroad's abbreviated name or initial letters may be used where such are in |  |
| general usage. Unit designators may be used in addition to the station identi- |  |
| fication to identify an individual unit or transmitter of a base station. |  |

(b) Digital selective calls will be authorized by the Commission and will be formed by groups of numbers (0 through 9), however, the first digit must be other than 0 , as follows:
(1) Coast station identification number: 4 digits.
(2) Ship station selective call number: 5 digits.
(3) Predetermined group of ship stations: 5 digits.
(c) Ship stations operating under a temporary operating authority shall identify by a call sign consisting of the letter " K " followed by the vessel's Federal or State registration number, or a call sign consisting of the letters "KUS" followed by the vessel's documentation number. However, if the vessel has no registration number or documentation number, the call sign shall consist of the name of the vessel and the name of the licensee as they appear on the station application form.
[28 FR 12465, Nov. 22, 1963, as amended at 40 FR 57675, Dec. 11, 1975; 41 FR 44042, Oct. 6, 1976; 42 FR 31008, June 17, 1977; 44 FR 62284, Oct. 30, 1979]

## Subpart E-Distress, Disaster, and Emergency Communications

## § 2.401 Distress messages.

Each station licensee shall give absolute priority to radiocommunications or signals relating to ships or aircraft in distress; shall cease all sending on frequencies which will interfere with hearing a radiocommunication or sig-
nal of distress and except when engaged in answering or aiding the ship or aircraft in distress, shall refrain from sending any radiocommunications or signals until there is assurance that no interference will be caused with the radiocommunications or signals relating thereto; and shall assist the ship or aircraft in distress, so far as possible, by complying with its instructions.

## § 2.402 Control of distress traffic.

The control of distress traffic is the responsibility of the mobile station in distress or of the mobile station which, by the application of the provisions of §2.403, has sent the distress call. These stations may, however, delegate the control of the distress traffic to another station.

## § 2.403 Retransmission of distress message.

Any station which becomes aware that a mobile station is in distress may transmit the distress message in the following cases:
(a) When the station in distress is not itself in a position to transmit the message.
(b) In the case of mobile stations, when the master or the person in charge of the ship, aircraft, or other vehicles carrying the station which intervenes believes that further help is necessary.

