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enforcement in conducting any interception of communications or access to call-identifying information.

- (c) Appropriate authorization. The term appropriate authorization means both appropriate legal authorization and appropriate carrier authorization.
- (d) *LEA*. The term *LEA* means law enforcement agency; e.g., the Federal Bureau of Investigation or a local police department.
- (e) Telecommunications carrier. The term telecommunications carrier includes:
- (1) A person or entity engaged in the transmission or switching of wire or electronic communications as a common carrier for hire:
- (2) A person or entity engaged in providing commercial mobile service (as defined in sec. 332(d) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 332(d)));
- (3) A person or entity that the Commission has found is engaged in providing wire or electronic communication switching or transmission service such that the service is a replacement for a substantial portion of the local telephone exchange service and that it is in the public interest to deem such a person or entity to be a telecommunications carrier for purposes of CALEA.

§1.20003 Policies and procedures for employee supervision and control.

A telecommunications carrier shall:

- (a) Appoint a senior officer or employee responsible for ensuring that any interception of communications or access to call-identifying information effected within its switching premises can be activated only in accordance with a court order or other lawful authorization and with the affirmative intervention of an individual officer or employee of the carrier.
- (b) Establish policies and procedures to implement paragraph (a) of this section, to include:
- (1) A statement that carrier personnel must receive appropriate legal authorization and appropriate carrier authorization before enabling law enforcement officials and carrier personnel to implement the interception of communications or access to callidentifying information;

- (2) An interpretation of the phrase "appropriate authorization" that encompasses the definitions of appropriate legal authorization and appropriate carrier authorization, as used in paragraph (b)(1) of this section;
- (3) A detailed description of how long it will maintain its records of each interception of communications or access to call-identifying information pursuant to §1.20004;
- (4) In a separate appendix to the policies and procedures document:
- (i) The name and a description of the job function of the senior officer or employee appointed pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section; and
- (ii) Information necessary for law enforcement agencies to contact the senior officer or employee appointed pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section or other CALEA points of contact on a seven days a week, 24 hours a day basis.
- (c) Report to the affected law enforcement agencies, within a reasonable time upon discovery:
- (1) Any act of compromise of a lawful interception of communications or access to call-identifying information to unauthorized persons or entities; and
- (2) Any act of unlawful electronic surveillance that occurred on its premises.

§ 1.20004 Maintaining secure and accurate records.

- (a) A telecommunications carrier shall maintain a secure and accurate record of each interception of communications or access to call-identifying information, made with or without appropriate authorization, in the form of single certification.
- (1) This certification must include, at a minimum, the following information:
- (i) The telephone number(s) and/or circuit identification numbers involved:
- (ii) The start date and time that the carrier enables the interception of communications or access to call identifying information;
- (iii) The identity of the law enforcement officer presenting the authorization:
- (iv) The name of the person signing the appropriate legal authorization;

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- (v) The type of interception of communications or access to call-identifying information (e.g., pen register, trap and trace, Title III, FISA); and
- (vi) The name of the telecommunications carriers' personnel who is responsible for overseeing the interception of communication or access to call-identifying information and who is acting in accordance with the carriers' policies established under §1.20003.
- (2) This certification must be signed by the individual who is responsible for overseeing the interception of communications or access to call-identifying information and who is acting in accordance with the telecommunications carrier's policies established under \$1.20003. This individual will, by his/her signature, certify that the record is complete and accurate.
- (3) This certification must be compiled either contemporaneously with, or within a reasonable period of time after the initiation of the interception of the communications or access to call-identifying information.
- (4) A telecommunications carrier may satisfy the obligations of paragraph (a) of this section by requiring the individual who is responsible for overseeing the interception of communication or access to call-identifying information and who is acting in accordance with the carriers' policies established under §1.20003 to sign the certification and append the appropriate legal authorization and any extensions that have been granted. This form of certification must at a minimum include all of the information listed in paragraph (a) of this section.
- (b) A telecommunications carrier shall maintain the secure and accurate records set forth in paragraph (a) of this section for a reasonable period of time as determined by the carrier.
- (c) It is the telecommunications carrier's responsibility to ensure its records are complete and accurate.
- (d) Violation of this rule is subject to the penalties of \$1.20008.

[71 FR 38108, July 5, 2006]

§ 1.20005 Submission of policies and procedures and Commission review.

(a) Each telecommunications carrier shall file with the Commission the policies and procedures it uses to com-

- ply with the requirements of this subchapter. These policies and procedures shall be filed with the Federal Communications Commission within 90 days of the effective date of these rules, and thereafter, within 90 days of a carrier's merger or divestiture or a carrier's amendment of its existing policies and procedures.
- (b) The Commission shall review each telecommunications carrier's policies and procedures to determine whether they comply with the requirements of §§ 1.20003 and 1.20004.
- (1) If, upon review, the Commission determines that a telecommunications carrier's policies and procedures do not comply with the requirements established under §§1.20003 and 1.20004, the telecommunications carrier shall modify its policies and procedures in accordance with an order released by the Commission.
- (2) The Commission shall review and order modification of a telecommunications carrier's policies and procedures as may be necessary to insure compliance by telecommunications carriers with the requirements of the regulations prescribed under §§1.20003 and 1.20004.

[71 FR 38108, July 5, 2006]

§ 1.20006 Assistance capability requirements.

- (a) Telecommunications carriers shall provide to a Law Enforcement Agency the assistance capability requirements of CALEA regarding wire and electronic communications and call-identifying information, see 47 U.S.C. 1002. A carrier may satisfy these requirements by complying with publicly available technical requirements or standards adopted by an industry association or standard-setting organization, such as J-STD-025 (current version), or by the Commission.
- (b) Telecommunications carriers shall consult, as necessary, in a timely fashion with manufacturers of its telecommunications transmission and switching equipment and its providers of telecommunications support services for the purpose of ensuring that current and planned equipment, facilities, and services comply with the assistance capability requirements of 47 U.S.C. 1002.