90 days of the filing of the last responsive pleading.

(e) Upon assignment by the Chief Administrative Law Judge, Administrative Law Judges, including the Chief Judge, will act as settlement judges in appropriate cases. See 47 CFR 1.244 of this chapter.

[29 FR 6442, May 16, 1964, as amended at 37 FR 19372, Sept. 20, 1972; 41 FR 14870, Apr. 8, 1976; 56 FR 792, Jan. 9, 1991; 62 FR 4170, Jan. 29, 1997]

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 76 FR 60671, Sept. 29, 2011, §0.341 was amended by adding paragraph (f), effective Oct. 31, 2011. For the convenience of the user, the added text is set forth as follows:

\S 0.341 Authority of administrative law judge.

* * * * *

- (f)(1) For program carriage complaints filed pursuant to §76.1302 of this chapter that the Chief, Media Bureau refers to an administrative law judge for an initial decision, the presiding administrative law judge shall release an initial decision in compliance with one of the following deadlines:
- (i) 240 calendar days after a party informs the Chief Administrative Law Judge that it elects not to pursue alternative dispute resolution as set forth in §76.7(g)(2) of this chapter or
- (ii) If the parties have mutually elected to pursue alternative dispute resolution pursuant to \$76.7(g)(2) of this chapter, within 240 calendar days after the parties inform the Chief Administrative Law Judge that they have failed to resolve their dispute through alternative dispute resolution.
- (2) The presiding administrative law judge may toll these deadlines under the following circumstances:
- (i) If the complainant and defendant jointly request that the presiding administrative law judge toll these deadlines in order to pursue settlement discussions or alternative dispute resolution or for any other reason that the complainant and defendant mutually agree justifies tolling; or
- (ii) If complying with the deadline would violate the due process rights of a party or would be inconsistent with fundamental fairness: or
- (iii) In extraordinary situations, due to a lack of adjudicatory resources available at the time in the Office of Administrative Law Judges.

§ 0.347 Record of actions taken.

The official record of all actions taken by an Administrative Law

Judge, including initial and recommended decisions and actions taken pursuant to \$0.341, is contained in the original docket folder, which is maintained in the Reference Information Center of the Consumer and Governmental Affairs Bureau.

 $[64\ FR\ 60722,\ Nov.\ 8,\ 1999,\ as\ amended\ at\ 67\ FR\ 13221,\ Mar.\ 21,\ 2002]$

CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE

§ 0.351 Authority delegated.

The Chief Administrative Law Judge shall act on the following matters in proceedings conducted by hearing examiners:

- (a) Initial specifications of the time and place of hearings where not otherwise specified by the Commission and excepting actions under authority delegated by §0.296.
- (b) Designation of the hearing examiner to preside at hearings.
- (c) Orders directing the parties or their attorneys to appear at a specified time and place before the hearing examiner for an initial prehearing conference in accordance with §1.251(a) of this chapter. (The administrative law judge named to preside at the hearing may order an initial prehearing conference although the Chief Administrative Law Judge may not have seen fit to do so and may order supplementary prehearing conferences in accordance with §1.251(b) of this chapter.)
- (d) Petitions requesting a change in the place of hearing where the hearing is scheduled to begin in the District of Columbia or where the hearing is scheduled to begin at a field location and all appropriate proceedings at that location have not been completed. (See §1.253 of this chapter.) However, if all parties to a proceeding concur in holding all hearing sessions in the District of Columbia rather than at any field location, the presiding administrative law judge may act on the request.
- (e) In the absence of the administrative law judge who has been designated to preside in a proceeding, to discharge the administrative law judge's functions
- (f) All pleadings filed, or matters which arise, after a proceeding has been designated for hearing, but before a law judge has been designated, which