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(d) Any device used by a station to automatically generate the radiotelephone alarm signal must be certificated by the Commission.

[51 FR 31213, Sept. 2, 1986, as amended at 54 FR 40059, Sept. 29, 1989; 63 FR 36606, July 7, 1998]

§80.223 Special requirements for survival craft stations.

- (a) Survival craft stations capable of transmitting on:
- (1) 2182 kHz must be able to operate with A3E or H3E and J2B and J3E emissions:
- (2) 121.500 MHz must be able to operate with A3E or A3N emission.
- (b) Survival craft stations must be able to receive the frequency and types of emission which the transmitter is capable of using.
- (c) Any EPIRB carried as part of a survival craft must comply with the specific technical and performance requirements for its class contained in subpart V of this chapter.

[68 FR 46966, Aug. 7, 2003, as amended at 73 FR 4482, Jan. 25, 2008]

§ 80.225 Requirements for selective calling equipment.

This section specifies the requirements for voluntary digital selective calling (DSC) equipment and selective calling equipment installed in ship and coast stations, and incorporates by reference ITU-R Recommendation M.476-5, "Direct-Printing Telegraph Equipment in the Maritime Mobile Service, with Annex, 1995; ITU-R Recommendation M.493-11, "Digital Selective-calling System for Use in the Maritime Mobile Service," with Annexes 1 and 2, 2004; ITU-R Recommendation M.541-9, "Operational Procedures for the Use of Digital Selective-Calling Equipment in the Maritime Mobile Service," Annexes 1 through 5, 2004; ITU-R Recommendation $\widetilde{\text{M.625-3}}$, "Direct-Printing Telegraph Equipment Employing Automatic Identification in the Maritime Mobile Service," with Annex, RTCM Paper 56-95/SC101-STD, 'RTCM Recommended Minimum Standards for Digital Selective Calling (DSC) Equipment Providing Minimum Distress and Safety Capability," Version 1.0, August 10, 1995; and IEC 62238, First edition, "Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment. and systems-VHF radioequipment incorporating telephone Digital Selective Calling Class 'D' (DSC)—Methods of testing and required test results," March 2003. ITU-R Recommendations M.476-5 with Annex, M.493-11 with Annexes 1 and 2, M.541-9 with Annexes 1 through 5, and M.625-3 with Annex, RTCM Paper 56-95/SC101-STD Version 1.0, and IEC 62238, First edition, are incorporated by reference. The Director of the Federal Register approves this incorporation by reference in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. Copies of these standards can be inspected at the Federal Communications Commission, 445 12th Street, SW., Washington, DC (Reference Information Center) or at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call 202-741-6030, or go to: http:// www.archives.gov/federal register/

code of federal regulations/
ibr locations.html. The ITU-R Recommendations can be purchased from
the International Telecommunication
Union (ITU), Place des Nations, CH1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland. The RTCM
standards can be purchased from the
Radio Technical Commission for Maritime Services (RTCM), 1800 N. Kent
Street, Suite 1060, Arlington, Virginia
22209, http://www.rtcm.org, e-mail
pubs@rtcm.org.

(a) The requirements for DSC equipment voluntarily installed in coast or ships stations are as follows:

(1) Prior to March 25, 2009, DSC equipment must meet the requirements of the following standards in order to be approved for use:

(i) RTCM Paper 56-95/SC101-STD, RTCM Recommended Minimum Standards for Digital Selective Calling (DSC) Equipment Providing Minimum Distress and Safety Capability," Version 1.0, August 10, 1995, and ITU-R Recommendation M.493-10, "Digital Selective-calling System for Use in the Maritime Mobile Service," with Annexes 1 and 2, 2000 (including only equipment classes A, B, D, and E); or

(ii) ITU-R Recommendation M.493-11, "Digital Selective-calling System for Use in the Maritime Mobile Service," with Annexes 1 and 2, 2004, and, in the

case of Class D DSC equipment only, IEC 62238, First edition, "Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems—VHF radiotelephone equipment incorporating (DSC)—Methods of testing and required test results," March 2003.

- (2) Beginning March 25, 2009, the Commission will not accept new applications (but will continue to process then-pending applications) for certification of non-portable DSC equipment that does not meet the requirements of Recommendation M.493-11. "Digital Selective-calling System for Use in the Maritime Mobile Service,' with Annexes 1 and 2, 2004, and, in the case of Class D DSC equipment only, IEC 62238, First edition, "Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems-VHF radiotelephone equipment incorporating Class 'D' Digital Selective Calling (DSC)—Methods of testing and required
- test results,'' March 2003.
 (3) Beginning March 25, 2012, the Commission will not accept new applications (but will continue to process then-pending applications) for certification of handheld, portable DSC equipment that does not meet the requirements of ITU-R Recommendation M.493-11, "Digital Selective-calling System for Use in the Maritime Mobile Service," with Annexes 1 and 2, 2004, and, in the case of Class D DSC equipment only, IEC 62238, First edition, 'Maritime navigation and radiocommunication equipment and systems—VHF radiotelephone equipment incorporating Class 'D' Digital Selective Calling (DSC)—Methods of testing and required test results,' March 2003.
- (4) The manufacture, importation, sale or installation of non-portable DSC equipment that does not comply with either of the standards referenced in paragraph (a)(2) of this section is prohibited beginning March 25, 2011.
- (5) The manufacture, importation, or sale of handheld, portable DSC equipment that does not comply with either of the standards referenced in paragraph (a)(3) of this section is prohibited beginning March 25, 2015.
- (6) Approved DSC equipment that has been manufactured, sold, and installed

in conformity with the requirements of this section may be used indefinitely.

(b) Manufacturers of Class C DSC equipment to be used on United States vessels must affix a clearly discernible permanent plate or label visible from the operating controls containing the following:

WARNING. This equipment is designed to generate a digital maritime distress and safety signal to facilitate search and rescue. To be effective as a safety device, this equipment must be used only within communication range of a shore-based VHF marine channel 70 distress and safety watch system. The range of the signal may vary but under normal conditions should be approximately 20 nautical miles.

- (c) Selective calling equipment, other than that designed in accordance with paragraph (a) of this section, is authorized as follows:
- (1) Equipment used in conjunction with the Automated Maritime Telecommunications System (AMTS) in the band 216–220 MHz,
- (2) Equipment used to perform a selective calling function during narrowband direct-printing (NB-DP) operations in accordance with ITU-R Recommendation M.476-5, "Direct-Printing Telegraph Equipment in the Maritime Mobile Service," with Annex, 1995, or ITU-R Recommendation M.625-3, "Direct-Printing Telegraph Equipment Employing Automatic Identification in the Maritime Mobile Service." with Annex, 1995, ITU-R Recommendation M.493-11, "Digital Selective-calling System for Use in the Maritime Mobile Service," with Annexes 1 and 2, 2004, and
- (3) Equipment functioning under the provisions of §80.207(a) includes the brief use of radiotelegraphy, including keying only the modulating audio frequency, tone signals, and other signalling devices to establish or maintain communications provided that:
- (i) These signalling techniques are not used on frequencies designated for general purpose digital selective calling (DSC) and distress and safety DSC calling as listed in §80.359;
- (ii) The authorized radiotelephone emission bandwidth is not exceeded;
- (iii) Documentation of selective calling protocols must be available to the general public; and,

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(iv) Harmful interference is not caused to stations operating in accordance with the International Radio Regulations.

[54 FR 10009, Mar. 9, 1989, as amended at 62 FR 40306, July 28, 1997; 68 FR 46966, Aug. 7, 2003; 73 FR 4482, Jan. 25, 2008]

§80.227 Special requirements for protection from RF radiation.

As part of the information provided with transmitters for ship earth stations, manufacturers of each such unit must include installation and operating instructions to help prevent human exposure to radiofrequency (RF) radiation in excess of the RF exposure guidelines specified in §1.1307(b) of the Commission's Rules.

[53 FR 28225, July 27, 1988]

§ 80.229 Special requirements for automatic link establishment (ALE).

Brief signalling for the purposes of measuring the quality of a radio channel and thereafter establishing communication shall be permitted within the 2 MHz-30 MHz band. Public coast stations providing high seas service are authorized by rule to use such signalling under the following conditions:

- (a) The transmitter power shall not exceed 100 W ERP;
- (b) Transmissions must sweep linearly in frequency at a rate of at least 60 kHz per second, occupying any 3 kHz bandwidth for less than 50 milliseconds;
- (c) The transmitter shall scan the band no more than four times per hour;
- (d) Transmissions within 6 kHz of the following protected frequencies and frequency bands must not exceed 10 μW peak ERP:
 - (1) Protected frequencies (kHz)

2091.0	4188.0	6312.0	12290.0	16420.0
2174.5	4207.5	8257.0	12392.0	16522.0
2182.0	5000.0	8291.0	12520.0	16695.0
2187.5	5167.5	8357.5	12563.0	16750.0
2500.0	5680.0	8364.0	12577.0	16804.5
3023.0	6215.0	8375.0	15000.0	20000.0
4000.0	6268.0	8414.5	16000.0	25000.0
4177 5	6282 0	10000 0		

(2) Protected bands (kHz)

4125.0-4128.0 8376.25-8386.75 13360.0-13410.0 25500.0-25670.0

- (e) The instantaneous signal, which refers to the peak power that would be measured with the frequency sweep stopped, along with spurious emissions generated from the sweeping signal, must be attenuated below the peak carrier power (in watts) as follows:
- (1) On any frequency more than 5 Hz from the instantaneous carrier frequency, at least 3 dB;
- (2) On any frequency more than 250 Hz from the instantaneous carrier frequency, at least 40 dB; and
- (3) On any frequency more than 7.5 kHz from the instantaneous carrier frequency, at least 43 + 10log₁₀ (peak power in watts) db.

[62 FR 40307, July 28, 1997]

§80.231 Technical Requirements for Class B Automatic Identification System (AIS) equipment.

(a) Class B Automatic Identification System (AIS) equipment must meet the technical requirements of the International Electro-technical Commission (IEC) 62287-1 International Standard, "Maritime navigation and radio communication equipment and systems-Class B shipborne equipment of the Automatic Identification System-Part 1: Carrier-sense time division multiple access (CSTDMA) techniques," First Edition 2006-03. The Director of the Federal Register approves this incorporation by reference in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. Copies of this standard can be inspected at the Federal Communications Commission, 445 12th Street, SW., Washington, DC (Reference Information Center), call 1-888-225-5322 or at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call 202-741-6030, or go to: http://www.archives.gov/federal_register/ code of federal regulations/

ibr locations.html. IEC publications can be purchased from the International Electro-technical Commission, 3 Rue de Varembe, CH-1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland, or from the American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 West 43rd Street, New York, NY 10036, telephone (212) 642-4900, http://www.ansi.org.

(b) In addition to the labels or other identifying information required under §§ 2.925 and 2.926 of this chapter, each