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codes or ciphers intended to obscure the meaning of communications.

[56 FR 56172, Nov. 1, 1991. Redesignated at 59 FR 18975, Apr. 21, 1994]

§ 97.219 Message forwarding system.

- (a) Any amateur station may participate in a message forwarding system, subject to the privileges of the class of operator license held.
- (b) For stations participating in a message forwarding system, the control operator of the station originating a message is primarily accountable for any violation of the rules in this part contained in the message.
- (c) Except as noted in (d) of this section, for stations participating in a message forwarding system, the control operators of forwarding stations that retransmit inadvertently communications that violate the rules in this part are not accountable for the violative communications. They are, however, responsible for discontinuing such communications once they become aware of their presence.
- (d) For stations participating in a message forwarding system, the control operator of the first forwarding station must:
- (1) Authenticate the identity of the station from which it accepts communications on behalf of the system; or
- (2) Accept accountability for any violation of the rules in this part contained in messages it retransmits to the system.

[59 FR 18975, Apr. 21, 1994]

§ 97.221 Automatically controlled digital station.

(a) This rule section does not apply to an auxiliary station, a beacon sta-

tion, a repeater station, an earth station, a space station, or a space telecommand station.

- (b) A station may be automatically controlled while transmitting a RTTY or data emission on the 6 m or shorter wavelength bands, and on the 28.120–28.189 MHz, 24.925-24.930 MHz, 21.090-21.100 MHz, 18.105-18.110 MHz, 14.0950-14.0995 MHz, 14.1005-14.112 MHz, 10.140-10.150 MHz, 7.100-7.105 MHz, or 3.585-3.600 MHz segments.
- (c) A station may be automatically controlled while transmitting a RTTY or data emission on any other frequency authorized for such emission types provided that:
- (1) The station is responding to interrogation by a station under local or remote control: and
- (2) No transmission from the automatically controlled station occupies a bandwidth of more than 500 Hz.

[60 FR 26001, May 16, 1995, as amended at 72 FR 3082, Jan. 24, 2007]

Subpart D—Technical Standards

§ 97.301 Authorized frequency bands.

The following transmitting frequency bands are available to an amateur station located within 50 km of the Earth's surface, within the specified ITU Region, and outside any area where the amateur service is regulated by any authority other than the FCC.

(a) For a station having a control operator who has been granted a Technician, Technician Plus, General, Advanced, or Amateur Extra Class operator license, who holds a CEPT radio amateur license, or who holds any class of IARP:

Wavelength band	ITU—Region 1	ITU—Region 2	ITU—Region 3	Sharing requirements see § 97.303 (Paragraph)
VHF	MHz	MHz	MHz	
6 m	144–146	50–54	50–54 144–148	(a) (a) (a), (e) (a)
UHF	MHz	MHz	MHz	
70 cm	430–440 1240–1300 2300–2310	420–450 902–928 1240–1300 2300–2310	420–450 1240–1300 2300–2310	(b), (h), (i)

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Wavelength band	ITU—Region 1	ITU—Region 2	ITU—Region 3	Sharing requirements see § 97.303 (Paragraph)
Do	2390–2450	2390–2450	2390–2450	(a), (b), (j)
SHF	GHz	GHz	GHz	
9 cm	3.4–3.475 5.650–5.850 10.00–10.50 24.00–24.25	3.3–3.5	3.3–3.5	(a), (b), (k), (l) (a), (b), (m) (a), (c), (i), (n) (a), (b), (i), (o)
6 mm	47.0–47.2	47.0–47.2	47.0–47.2 76–81	(b), (c), (h), (k), (r) (p) (b), (c), (h), (k) (b), (c), (h), (k), (q) (k)

(b) For a station having a control operator who has been granted an Amateur Extra Class operator license, who holds a CEPT radio amateur license, or who holds a Class 1 IARP license:

Wavelength band	ITU—Region 1	ITU—Region 2	ITU—Region 3	Sharing requirements see § 97.303 (Paragraph)
MF	kHz	kHz	kHz	
160 m	1810–1850	1800–2000	1800–2000	(a), (b), (c).
HF	MHz	MHz	MHz	
80 m	3.50–3.60	3.50–3.60		(a) (a) (a), (t). (d).

(c) For a station having a control operator who has been granted an operator license of Advanced Class:

Wavelength band	ITU—Region 1	ITU—Region 2	ITU—Region 3	Sharing requirements see § 97.303 (Paragraph)
MF	kHz	kHz	kHz	
160 m	1810–1850	1800–2000	1800–2000	(a), (b), (c).
HF	MHz	MHz	MHz	
80 m	3.525–3.60	3.525–3.60 3.70–4.00 7.025–7.300 10.10–10.15 14.025–14.150 14.175–14.350 18.068–18.168 21.025–21.20 21.225–21.450 24.89–24.99 28.0–29.7	3.525–3.60 3.700–3.90 7.025–7.200 10.10–10.15 14.025–14.150. 14.175–14.350. 18.068–18.168. 21.025–21.20. 21.225–21.450. 24.89–24.99. 28.0–29.7.	(a) (a) (b) (d).

(d) For a station having a control operator who has been granted an operator license of General Class:

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Wavelength band	ITU—Region 1	ITU—Region 2	ITU—Region 3	Sharing requirements see § 97.303 (Paragraph)
MF	kHz	kHz	kHz	
160 m	1810–1850	1800–2000	1800–2000	(a), (b), (c)
HF	MHz	MHz	MHz	
80 m	3.525–3.60	3.525-3.60	3.525–3.60	(a) (a) (a) (a) (d)

(e) For a station having a control operator who has been granted an operator license of Novice Class, Technician Class, or Technician Plus Class:

Wavelength band	ITU—Region 1	ITU—Region 2	ITU—Region 3	Sharing requirements see § 97.303 (Paragraph)
HF	MHz	MHz	MHz	
80 m	3.525–3.60	3.525–3.60	3.525–3.60	(a) (a), (t)
VHF	MHz	MHz	MHz	
1.25 m		222–225		(a)
UHF	MHz	MHz	MHz	
23 cm	1270–1295	1270–1295	1270–1295	(h), (i)

[54 FR 25857, June 20, 1989; 54 FR 39535, Sept. 27, 1989]

EDITORIAL NOTE: For FEDERAL REGISTER citations affecting $\S97.301$, see the List of CFR Sections Affected, which appears in the Finding Aids section of the printed volume and on GPO Access.

§ 97.303 Frequency sharing requirements.

The following is a summary of the frequency sharing requirements that apply to amateur station transmissions on the frequency bands specified in §97.301 of this part. (For each ITU Region, each frequency band allocated to the amateur service is designated as either a secondary service or a primary service. A station in a secondary service must not cause harmful interference to, and must accept interference from, stations in a primary service. See §§2.105 and 2.106 of the FCC

Rules, United States Table of Frequency Allocations for complete requirements.)

(a) Where, in adjacent ITU Regions or sub-Regions, a band of frequencies is allocated to different services of the same category (i.e., primary or secondary allocations), the basic principle is the equality of right to operate. Accordingly, stations of each service in one Region or sub-Region must operate so as not to cause harmful interference to any service of the same or higher category in the other Regions or sub-Regions. (See ITU Radio Regulations, edition of 2004, No. 4.8.)