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- (5) If weather information is provided by an automated unicom:
- (i) Weather sensors must be placed in order to adequately represent the weather conditions at the airport(s) to be served:
- (ii) The weather information must be proceeded by the word "advisory;"
- (iii) The phrase "automated advisory" must be included when the weather information was gathered by real-time sensors or within the last minute; and,
- (iv) The time and date of the last update must be included when the weather information was not gathered within the last minute.
- (c) Only one automated unicom may be operated at an uncontrolled airport. Prior to the operation of an automated unicom at an airport with more than one unicom licensee, all of the licensees at that airport must sign a letter of agreement stating which licensee(s) control the automated unicom operations, and, if control is to be shared among several operators, how that control will be divided or scheduled. The original or a copy of the letter of agreement must be kept with each licensees' station records. Within 90 days of the date upon which a new unicom operator is licensed at an airport where more than one unicom is authorized. and an automated unicom is being operated, an amended letter of agreement that includes the new licensee's signature must be signed or automated unicom operations must cease.

 $[64~{\rm FR}~27475,~{\rm May}~20,~1999]$

Subpart H—Aeronautical Multicom Stations

§ 87.237 Scope of service.

(a) The communications of an aeronautical multicom station (multicom) must pertain to activities of a temporary, seasonal or emergency nature involving aircraft in flight. Communications are limited to directing or coordinating ground activities from the air or aerial activities from the ground. Air-to-air communications will be authorized if the communications are directly connected with the air-to-ground or ground-to-air activities described above. Multicom communica-

tions must not include those air/ground communications provided for elsewhere in this part.

- (b) If there is not unicom and an applicant is unable to meet the requirements for a unicom license, the applicant will be eligible for a multicom license
- (1) The multicom license becomes invalid when a unicom is established at the landing area.
- (2) Multicoms must not be used for ATC purposes other than the relay of ATC information between the pilot and air traffic controller. Relaying of ATC information is limited to the following:
- (i) Revisions of proposed departure time;
- (ii) Takeoff, arrival flight plan cancellation time;
- (iii) ATC clearances, provided a letter of agreement is obtained from the FAA by the licensee of the multicom.
- (3) Communications by a multicom must be limited to the safe and expeditious operation of private aircraft, pertaining to the conditions of runways, types of fuel available, wind conditions, weather information, dispatching or other information. On a secondary basis, multicoms may transmit communications which pertain to efficient portal-to-portal transit of an aircraft such as requests for ground transportation, food or lodging.

§87.239 Supplemental eligibility.

Each applicant for a multicom may be required to demonstrate why such a station is necessary, based on the scope of service defined above.

[63 FR 68957, Dec. 14, 1998]

§87.241 Frequencies.

- (a) 121.500 MHz: emergency and distress only;
 - (b) 122.850 or 122.900 MHz;
- (c) 122.925 MHz: available for assignment to communicate with aircraft when coordinating foresty management and fire suppression, fish and game management and protection, and environmental monitoring and protection.