§61.59 Effective period required before changes.

(a) Except as provided in (1, 1) or except as otherwise authorized by the Commission, new rates or regulations must be effective for at least 30 days before a dominant carrier will be permitted to make any change.

(b) Changes to rates and regulations that have not yet become effective, *i.e.*, are pending, may not be made unless the effective date of the proposed changes is at least 30 days after the scheduled effective date of the pending revisions.

(c) Changes to rates and regulations that have taken effect but have not been in effect for at least 30 days may not be made unless the scheduled effective date of the proposed changes is at least 30 days after the effective date of the existing regulations.

[64 FR 46592, Aug. 26, 1999]

Subpart F—Specific Rules for Tariff Publications of Dominant and Nondominant Carriers

§61.66 Scope.

The rules in this subpart apply to all carriers, unless otherwise noted.

[64 FR 46592, Aug. 26, 1999]

§61.68 Special notations.

(a) A tariff filing must contain a statement of the authority for any matter to be filed on less than the notice required in §61.58. The following must be used:

Issued on not less than _____ days' notice under authority of ____ (specific reference to the special permission, decision, order or section of these rules).

If all the matter in a tariff publication is to become effective on less than the notice required in §61.58, specific reference to the Commission authority must be shown on the title page. If only a part of the tariff publication is to become effective on less than the notice required in §61.58, reference to the Commission authority must appear on the same page(s), and be associated with the pertinent matter.

(b) When a portion of any tariff publication is issued in order to comply with the Commission order, the fol47 CFR Ch. I (10–1–09 Edition)

lowing notation must be associated with that portion of the tariff publication:

In compliance with the order of the Federal Communications Commission in ____ (a specific citation to the applicable order should be made).

§61.69 Rejection.

When a tariff publication is rejected by the Commission, its number may not be used again. This includes, but is not limited to, such publications as tariff numbers or specific page revision numbers. The rejected tariff publication may not be referred to as either cancelled or revised. Within five business days of the release date of the Commission's Order rejecting such tariff publication, the issuing carrier shall file tariff revisions removing the rejected material, unless the Commission's Order establishes a different date for this filing. The publication that is subsequently issued in lieu of the rejected tariff publication must bear the notation:

In lieu of ____, rejected by the Federal Communications Commission.

[64 FR 46592, Aug. 26, 1999]

§61.72 Public information requirements.

(a) Issuing carriers must make available accurate and timely information pertaining to rates and regulations subject to tariff filing requirements.

(b) Issuing carriers must, at a minimum, provide a telephone number for public inquiries about information contained in its tariffs. This telephone number should be made readily available to all interested parties.

(c) Any issuing carrier that is an incumbent local exchange carrier, and chooses to establish an Internet web site, must make its tariffs available on that web site, in addition to the Commission's web site.

[64 FR 46592, Aug. 26, 1999]

§61.73 Duplication of rates or regulations.

A carrier concurring in schedules of another carrier must not publish conflicting or duplicative rates or regulations.