## Federal Communications Commission

San Francisco 482.0125 ..... 485 0125 488.0125 ..... 491.0125 482.0375 ..... 485.0375 488.0375 ..... 491.0375 482.0625 ..... 488.0625 ..... 485 0625 491.0625 482.0875 ..... 485.0875 488.0875 ..... 491.0875 482.1125 ..... 488.1125 ..... 485.1125 491.1125 482.1375 ..... 485.1375 488.1375 ..... 491.1375 482.1625 ..... 485.1625 488.1625 ..... 491.1625 482.1875 ..... 485.1875 488.1875 ..... 491.1875 482.2125 ..... 485.2125 488.2125 ..... 491.2125 482.2375 ..... 488.2375 ..... 485 2375 491.2375 482.2625 ..... 488.2625 ..... 485.2625 491.2625 488.2875 ..... 491.2875 482.2875 ..... 485.2875 Washington, DC 494.0125 ..... 488.0125 ..... 491.0125 497.0125 488.0375 ..... 491.0375 494.0375 ..... 497.0375 494.0625 ..... 488.0625 ..... 491.0625 497.0625 488.0875 ..... 494.0875 ..... 491.0875 497.0875 488.1125 ..... 494.1125 ..... 497.1125 491.1125 488.1375 ..... 491 1375 494.1375 ..... 497 1375 488.1625 ..... 494.1625 ..... 491.1625 497.1625 488.1875 ..... 491 1875 494.1875 ..... 497.1875 488.2125 ..... 494.2125 ..... 497.2125 491.2125 488.2375 ..... 494.2375 ..... 497.2375 491.2375 488.2625 ..... 491.2625 494.2625 ..... 497.2625 488.2875 ..... 491.2875 494.2875 ..... 497.2875

[59 FR 59507, Nov. 17, 1994; 60 FR 9890, Feb. 22, 1995, as amended at 61 FR 54099, Oct. 17, 1996; 65 FR 17448, Apr. 3, 2000]

## §22.623 System configuration.

This section requires a minimum configuration for point-to-multipoint systems using the channels listed in §22.621.

(a) 928–960 MHz. The channels may be assigned, individually or paired, only to fixed transmitters in a system that controls at least four public mobile base transmitters that transmit on the same channel. If a 932–933 MHz channel and a 941–942 MHz channel are assigned as a pair, the 941–942 MHz channel must be assigned only to control transmitters; the 932–933 MHz channel may be assigned to control or fixed relay transmitters.

(b) 470–512 MHz. These channels may be assigned only individually (unpaired), to control transmitters that directly control at least four public mobile base transmitters that transmit on the same channel. Fixed relay transmitters are not authorized.

(c) Selection and assignment. The FCC selects and assigns a channel when granting applications for authorization to operate a new station to transmit in the 470–512, 932–933 and 941–942 MHz frequency ranges. Applicants having a preference may request the assignment of a specific channel or channel pair, but the FCC may in some cases be unable to satisfy such requests.

## §22.625 Transmitter locations.

This section governs where point-tomultipoint transmitters on the channels listed in §22.621 may be located.

(a) 928–960 MHz. In this frequency range, the required minimum distance separation between co-channel fixed transmitters is 113 kilometers (70 miles).

(b) 470–512 MHz. The purpose of the rule in paragraph (b)(1) of this section is to define the areas in which the 470–512 MHz channels are allocated for public mobile use. The purpose of the rules in paragraphs (b)(2) and (b)(3) of this section is to reduce the likelihood that interference to television reception from public mobile operations on these channels will occur.

(1) Control transmitter locations. Control transmitter locations must be within 80 kilometers (50 miles) of the designated locations in this paragraph.

Urban area	N. latitude	W. longitude
Boston, MA	42°21′24.4″	71°03′22.2″
Chicago, IL	41°52'28.1"	87°38′22.2″
Cleveland, OH	41°29′51.2″	81°41′49.5″
Dallas, TX	32°47′09.5″	96°47'38.0"
Detroit, MI	42°19′48.1″	83°02′56.7″
Houston, TX	29°45'26.8"	95°21'37.8"
Los Angeles, CA	34°03′15.0″	18°14′31.3″
Miami, FL	25°46'38.6"	80°11′31.2″
New York, NY	40°45'6.4"	73°59'37.5″
Philadelphia, PA	39°56'58.4"	75°09'19.6"
Pittsburgh, PA	40°26'19.2"	79°59′59.2″
San Francisco-Oakland, CA	37°46'38.7"	122°24′43.9″
Washington, DC	38°53′51.4″	77°00′31.9″

NOTE: Coordinates are referenced to North American Datum 1983 (NAD 83).

(2) Protection from intermodulation interference. Control transmitter locations must be at least 1.6 kilometers (1 mile) from the main transmitter locations of all TV stations transmitting on TV channels separated by 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, or 8 TV channels from the TV channel containing the frequencies on which the control station will transmit. This requirement is intended to reduce the likelihood of intermodulation interference.

(3) Co-channel protection from control transmitters with high antennas. This paragraph applies only to control transmitters that utilize an antenna height of more than 152 meters (500 feet) above average terrain. The distance between the location of such a control transmitter and the applicable protected TV station location specified

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