§ 18.301

Subpart C—Technical Standards

§18.301 Operating frequencies.

ISM equipment may be operated on any frequency above 9 kHz except as indicated in §18.303. The following frequency bands, in accordance with §2.106 of the rules, are allocated for use by ISM equipment:

Tolerance	
±15.0 kHz	
±7.0 kHz	
±163.0 kHz	
±20.0 kHz	
±13.0 MHz	
±50.0 MHz	
±75.0 MHz	
±125.0 MHz	
±250.0 MHz	
±500.0 MHz	
±1.0 GHz	

NOTE: The use of the 6.78 MHz ±15 kHz frequency band is subject to the conditions of footnote 524 of the Table of Allocations. See § 2.106.

§ 18.303 Prohibited frequency bands.

Operation of ISM equipment within the following safety, search and rescue frequency bands is prohibited: 490-510 kHz, 2170-2194 kHz, 8354-8374 kHz, 121.4-121.6 MHz, 156.7-156.9 MHz, and 242.8-243.2 MHz.

§18.305 Field strength limits.

- (a) ISM equipment operating on a frequency specified in §18.301 is permitted unlimited radiated energy in the band specified for that frequency.
- (b) The field strength levels of emissions which lie outside the bands specified in §18.301, unless otherwise indicated, shall not exceed the following:

Equipment	Operating frequency	RF Power gen- erated by equip- ment (watts)	Field strength limit (uV/m)	Distance (meters)
Any type unless otherwise specified	Any ISM frequency	Below 500	25	300
(miscellaneous).	, ,	500 or more	25×SQRT(power/500)	1300
,	Any non-ISM frequency	Below 500	15	300
		500 or more	15×SQRT(power/500)	1300
Industrial heaters and RF stabilized arc	On or below 5,725 MHz	Any	10	1,600
welders.	Above 5,725 MHz	Any	(2)	(2)
Medical diathermy	Any ISM frequency		25	300
	Any non-ISM frequency		15	300
Ultrasonic	Below 490 kHz	Below 500	2,400/F(kHz)	300
		500 or more	2,400/F(kHz)×	³ 300
			SQRT(power/500).	
	490 to 1,600 kHz		24,000/F(kHz)	30
	Above 1,600 kHz		15	30
Induction cooking ranges	Below 90 kHz		1,500	430
	On or above 90 kHz	Any	300	430

¹ Field strength may not exceed 10 μV/m at 1600 meters. Consumer equipment operating below 1000 MHz is not permitted the increase in field strength otherwise permitted here for power over 500 watts.

2 Reduced to the greatest extent possible.

3 Field strength may not exceed 10 μV/m at 1600 meters. Consumer equipment is not permitted the increase in field strength otherwise permitted here for over 500 watts.

(c) The field strength limits for RF lighting devices shall be the following:

Frequency (MHz)	Field strength limit at 30 meters (μV/m)
Non-consumer equipment: 30–88 88–216	30 50 70
Consumer equipment: 30–88	10
88–216 216–1000	15 20

Notes

- 1. The tighter limit shall apply at the boundary between two frequency ranges.
- 2. Testing for compliance with these limits may be made at closer distances, provided a sufficient number of measurements are taken to plot the radiation pattern, to determine the major lobes of radiation, and to determine the expected field strength level at 30, 300, or 1600 meters. Alternatively, if measurements are made at only one closer fixed distance, then the permissible field strength

⁴ Induction cooking ranges manufactured prior to February 1, 1980, shall be subject to the field strength limits for miscellaneous ISM equipment

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limits shall be adjusted using 1/d as an attenuation factor.

[50 FR 36070, Sept. 5, 1985, as amended at 51 FR 17970, May 16, 1986; 52 FR 43197, Nov. 10, 1987]

§18.307 Conduction limits.

For the following equipment, when designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies shall not exceed the limits in the following tables. Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal using a 50 $\mu H/50$ ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

(a) All Induction cooking ranges and ultrasonic equipment:

Frequency of emission (MHz)	Conducted limit (dBμV)	
sion (MHz)	Quasi-peak	Average
0.009–0.05	110	_
0.05-0.15		_
0.15-0.5	66 to 56 *	56 to 46*
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

^{*} Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

(b) All other part 18 consumer devices:

Frequency of emis- sion (MHz)	Conducted I	imit (dBμV)
sion (MHz)	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15–0.5 0.5–5 5–30		56 to 46* 46 50

 $[\]ensuremath{^{\star}}\xspace$ Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

(c) RF lighting devices:

Frequency (MHz)	Maximum RF line voltage measured with a 50 uH/50 ohm LISN (uV)
Non-consumer equipment:	
0.45 to 1.6	1,000
1.6 to 30	3,000
Consumer equipment:	
0.45 to 2.51	250
2.51 to 3.0	3,000
3.0 to 30	250

- (d) If testing with a quasi-peak detector demonstrates that the equipment complies with the average limits specified in the appropriate table in this section, additional testing to demonstrate compliance using an average detector is not required.
- (e) These conduction limits shall apply only outside of the frequency bands specified in §18.301.
- (f) For ultrasonic equipment, compliance with the conducted limits shall preclude the need to show compliance with the field strength limits below 30 MHz unless requested by the Commission.
- (g) The tighter limits shall apply at the boundary between two frequency ranges.

[50 FR 36067, Sept. 5, 1985, as amended at 52 FR 43198, Nov. 10, 1987; 64 FR 37419, July 12, 1999; 67 FR 45671, July 10, 2002]

\$ 18.309 Frequency range of measurements.

(a) For field strength measurements:

Frequency band in which device	Range of frequency measurements		
operates (MHz)	Lowest frequency	Highest frequency	
Below 1.705	Lowest frequency generated in the device, but not lower than 9 kHz.	30 MHz.	
1.705 to 30	Lowest frequency generated in the device, but not lower than 9 kHz.	400 MHz.	
30 to 500	Lowest frequency generated in the device or 25 MHz, whichever is lower.	Tenth harmonic or 1,000 MHz, whichever is higher.	
500 to 1,000	Lowest frequency generated in the device or 100 MHz, which- ever is lower.	Tenth harmonic.	
Above 1,000	do	Tenth harmonic or high- est detectable emis- sion.	