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to-subscriber transmissions, as provided in §§ 25.257 and 101.103(h).

- (3) 31,075–31,225 MHz is authorized on a primary protected basis and is shared with private microwave point-to-point systems licensed prior to March 11, 1997, as provided in §101.103(b).
- (c) In Block B licenses, the frequencies are authorized as follows:
- (1) On a primary protected basis if LMDS shares the frequencies with systems licensed as Local Television Transmission Service (LTTS) licensed prior to March 11, 1997, as provided in §101.103(b).
- (2) On a co-equal basis with systems not licensed as LTTS prior to March 11, 1997, as provided in §101.103(g).

§ 101.1007 Geographic service areas and number of licenses.

LMDS service areas are Basic Trading Areas (BTAs) as defined in the Rand McNally 1992 Commercial Atlas & Marketing Guide, 123rd Edition, at pages 38–39, that identifies 487 BTAs based on the 50 States and as defined to include the BTA-like areas of the United States Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Guam, Mayaguez/Aguadilla-Ponce, Puerto Rico, San Juan, Puerto Rico, and the Commonwealth of Northern Marinas, for a total of 493 BTAs.

$\S 101.1009$ System operations.

- (a) The licensee may construct and operate any number of fixed stations anywhere within the area authorized by the license without prior authorization, except as follows:
- (1) A station would be required to be individually licensed if:
- (i) International agreements require coordination:
- (ii) Submission of an Environmental Assessment is required under §1.1307 of this chapter.
- (iii) The station would affect areas identified in \$1.924 of this chapter.
- (2) Any antenna structure that requires notification to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) must be registered with the Commission prior to construction under §17.4 of this chapter.
- (b) Whenever a licensee constructs or makes system changes as described in paragraph (a) of this section, the licensee is required to notify the Com-

mission within 30 days of the change under §1.947 of this chapter and include a statement of the technical parameters of the changed station.

[62 FR 23168, Apr. 29, 1997, as amended at 63 FR 68984, Dec. 14, 1998; 69 FR 17959, Apr. 6, 2004]

§ 101.1011 Construction requirements and criteria for renewal expectancy.

- (a) LMDS licensees must make a showing of "substantial service" in their license area within ten years of being licensed. "Substantial" service is defined as service which is sound, favorable, and substantially above a level of mediocre service which might minimally warrant renewal. Failure by any licensee to meet this requirement will result in forfeiture of the license and the licensee will be ineligible to regain it.
- (b) A renewal applicant involved in a comparative renewal proceeding shall receive a preference, commonly referred to as a renewal expectancy, that is the most important comparative factor to be considered in the proceeding as long as the applicant's past record for the relevant license period demonstrates that:
- (1) The renewal applicant has provided "substantial" service during its past license term; and
- (2) The renewal applicant has substantially complied with applicable FCC rules, policies, and the Communications Act of 1934, as amended.
- (c) In order to establish its right to a renewal expectancy, an LMDS renewal applicant involved in a comparative renewal proceeding must submit a showing explaining why it should receive a renewal expectancy. At a minimum, this showing must include:
- (1) A description of its current service in terms of geographic coverage and population served:
- (2) An explanation of its record of expansion, including a timetable of new construction to meet changes in demand for service:
- (3) A description of its investments in its LMDS system; and
- (4) Copies of all FCC orders finding the licensee to have violated the Communications Act or any FCC rule or