- (2) A local exchange carrier that has removed its corridor and interstate intraLATA toll services from its interexchange basket pursuant to §61.42(d)(4)(ii) shall file subsequent tariff filings for corridor or interstate intraLATA toll services on at least one day's notice.
- (e) Non-price cap carriers and/or services. (1) Tariff filings in the instances specified in paragraphs (d)(1) (i), (ii), and (iii) of this section must be made on at least 15 days' notice.
- (i) Tariffs filed in the first instance by new carriers.
- (ii) Tariffs filings involving new rates and regulations not previously filed at, from, to or via points on new lines; at, from to or via new radio facilities; or for new points of radio communication.
- (iii) Tariff filings involving a change in the name of a carrier, a change in Vertical or Horizontal coordinates (or other means used to determine airline mileages), a change in the lists of mileages, a change in the lists of connecting, concurring or other participating carriers, text changes, or the imposition of termination charges calculated from effective tariff provisions. The imposition of termination charges does not include the initial filing of termination liability provisions.
- (2) Tariff filings involving a change in rate structure, a new offering, or a rate increase must be made on at least 45 days' notice.
- (3) Alascom, Inc. shall file its annual tariff revisions for its Common Carrier Services (Alascom Tariff F.C.C No. 11) on at least 35 days' notice.
- (4) All tariff filings not specifically assigned a different period of public notice in this part must be made on at least 35 days' notice.
 - (f) [Reserved]

[49 FR 40869, Oct. 18, 1984, as amended at 54 FR 19844, May 8, 1989; 55 FR 42384, Oct. 19, 1990; 56 FR 1500, Jan. 15, 1991; 56 FR 5956, Feb. 14, 1991; 56 FR 55239, Oct. 25, 1991; 58 FR 36149, July 6, 1993; 59 FR 10304, Mar. 4, 1994; 62 FR 5778, Feb. 7, 1997; 64 FR 46591, Aug. 26, 1999; 64 FR 51266, Sept. 22, 1999; 67 FR 13228, Mar. 21, 2002]

§61.59 Effective period required before changes.

(a) Except as provided in $\S61.58(a)(3)$ or except as otherwise authorized by the Commission, new rates or regula-

tions must be effective for at least 30 days before a dominant carrier will be permitted to make any change.

- (b) Changes to rates and regulations that have not yet become effective, *i.e.*, are pending, may not be made unless the effective date of the proposed changes is at least 30 days after the scheduled effective date of the pending revisions.
- (c) Changes to rates and regulations that have taken effect but have not been in effect for at least 30 days may not be made unless the scheduled effective date of the proposed changes is at least 30 days after the effective date of the existing regulations.

[64 FR 46592, Aug. 26, 1999]

Subpart F—Specific Rules for Tariff Publications of Dominant and Nondominant Carriers

§ 61.66 Scope.

The rules in this subpart apply to all carriers, unless otherwise noted.

[64 FR 46592, Aug. 26, 1999]

§ 61.68 Special notations.

(a) A tariff filing must contain a statement of the authority for any matter to be filed on less than the notice required in §61.58. The following must be used:

Issued on not less than __days' notice under authority of __(specific reference to the special permission, decision, order or section of these rules).

If all the matter in a tariff publication is to become effective on less than the notice required in §61.58, specific reference to the Commission authority must be shown on the title page. If only a part of the tariff publication is to become effective on less than the notice required in §61.58, reference to the Commission authority must appear on the same page(s), and be associated with the pertinent matter.

(b) When a portion of any tariff publication is issued in order to comply with the Commission order, the following notation must be associated with that portion of the tariff publication:

In compliance with the order of the Federal Communications Commission in $_$ (a

§61.69

specific citation to the applicable order should be made).

§61.69 Rejection.

When a tariff publication is rejected by the Commission, its number may not be used again. This includes, but is not limited to, such publications as tariff numbers or specific page revision numbers. The rejected tariff publication may not be referred to as either cancelled or revised. Within five business days of the release date of the Commission's Order rejecting such tariff publication, the issuing carrier shall file tariff revisions removing the rejected material, unless the Commission's Order establishes a different date for this filing. The publication that is subsequently issued in lieu of the rejected tariff publication must bear the notation:

In lieu of ____, rejected by the Federal Communications Commission.

[64 FR 46592, Aug. 26, 1999]

§ 61.72 Public information requirements.

- (a) Issuing carriers must make available accurate and timely information pertaining to rates and regulations subject to tariff filing requirements.
- (b) Issuing carriers must, at a minimum, provide a telephone number for public inquiries about information contained in its tariffs. This telephone number should be made readily available to all interested parties.
- (c) Any issuing carrier that is an incumbent local exchange carrier, and chooses to establish an Internet web site, must make its tariffs available on that web site, in addition to the Commission's web site.

[64 FR 46592, Aug. 26, 1999]

§61.73 Duplication of rates or regulations.

A carrier concurring in schedules of another carrier must not publish conflicting or duplicative rates or regulations.

§ 61.74 References to other instruments.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in this and other sections of this part, no tariff publication filed with the Commission may make reference to any other tariff publication or to any other document or instrument.

- (b) Tariffs for end-on-end through services may reference the tariffs of other carriers participating in the offering.
- (c) Tariffs may reference concurrences for the purpose of starting where rates or regulations applicable to a service not governed by the tariff may be found.
- (d) Tariffs may reference other FCC tariffs that are in effect and on file with the Commission for purposes of determining mileage, or specifying the operating centers at which a specific service is available.
- (e) Tariffs may reference technical publications which describe the engineering, specifications, or other technical aspects of a service offering, provided the following conditions are satisfied:
- (1) The tariff must contain a general description of the service offering, including basic parameters and structural elements of the offering;
- (2) The technical publication includes no rates, regulatory terms, or conditions which are required to be contained in the tariff, and any revisions to the technical publication do not affect rates, regulatory terms, or conditions included in the tariff, and do not change the basic nature of the offering;
- (3) The tariff indicates where the technical publication can be obtained;
- (4) The referenced technical publication is publicly available before the tariff is scheduled to take effect; and
- (5) The issuing carrier regularly revises its tariff to refer to the current edition of the referenced technical publication.

[49 FR 40869, Oct. 18, 1984, as amended at 61 FR 59366, Nov. 22, 1996; 64 FR 46592, Aug. 26, 1999; 66 FR 16881, Mar. 28, 2001]

§61.83 Consecutive numbering.

Carriers should file tariff publications under consecutive FCC numbers. If this cannot be done, a memorandum containing an explanation of the missing number or numbers must be submitted. Supplements to a tariff must