#### Federal Communications Commission

(g) The FCC may waive specific distance separation requirements of paragraphs (d) through (f) of this section if the applicant submits an engineering analysis which demonstrates that terrain effects and/or operation with less effective radiated power would satisfy the applicable minimum desired to undesired signal strength ratios at the Grade B contours of the protected TV stations. For this purpose, the Grade B contour of a TV station is deemed to be a circle with a 89 kilometer (55 mile) radius, centered on the protected TV station location, and along which the median TV signal field strength is 64 dBuV/m. In any showing intended to demonstrate compliance with the minimum desired to undesired signal ratio requirements of this section, all predicted field strengths must have been determined using the UHF TV propagation curves contained in part 73 of this chapter.

[59 FR 59507, Nov. 17, 1994, as amended at 63 FR 68947, Dec. 14, 1998]

#### §22.659 Effective radiated power limits.

The purpose of the rules in this section, which limit effective radiated power (ERP), is to reduce the likelihood that interference to television reception from public mobile operations on these channels will occur. The protected TV station locations specified in this section are the locations of record as of September 1974, and these do not change even though the TV stations may have been subsequently relocated.

(a) Maximum ERP. The ERP of base transmitters must not exceed 100 Watts under any circumstances. The ERP of mobile transmitters must not exceed 60 Watts under any circumstances.

(b) Co-channel protection from base transmitters. The ERP of base transmit-

ters in the New York-Northeastern New Jersey urban area must not exceed the limits in the tables referenced in paragraphs (b)(2) and (b)(3) of this section. The limits depend upon the height above average terrain of the base transmitter antenna and the distance between the base transmitter and the nearest protected TV station location in paragraph (b)(1) of this section.

(1) The protected TV station locations are as follows (all coordinates are referenced to North American Datum 1983 (NAD83)):

Control transmitter frequency range	Protected TV station location
470–476 MHz. 476–482 MHz.	Washington, DC, 38°57'17.4" N. Lat. 77°00'15.9" W. Long. Lancaster, PA, 40°15'45.3" N. Lat. 76°27'47.9" W. Long.

(2) Tables E-8 and E-9 of this section apply to base transmitters in the New York-Northeastern New Jersey urban area that transmit on channels in the 476-482 MHz range.

(3) Tables E-10 and E-11 of this section apply to base transmitters in the New York-Northeastern New Jersey urban area that transmit on channels in the 470-476 MHz range.

(c) Adjacent channel protection from base transmitters. The ERP of base transmitters must not exceed the limits in Table E-12 of this section. The limits depend upon the height above average terrain of the base transmitter antenna and the distance between the base transmitter and the nearest protected TV station location specified in paragraph (c)(1) of this section.

(1) The protected TV station locations are as follows (all coordinates are referenced to North American Datum 1983 (NAD83)):

Control transmitter fre- quency range	Protected TV station location	TV channel
	Hanover, NH, 43°42′30.3″ N. Lat. 72°09′14.3″ W. Long Lancaster, PA, 40°15′45.3″ N. Lat. 76°27′47.9″ W. Long	(15) (15)
	Scranton, PA, 41°10′58.3″ N. Lat. 75°52′19.7″ W. Long Hanover, NH, 43°42′30.3″ N. Lat. 72°09′14.3″ W. Long	(16) (15)

NOTE: Coordinates are referenced to North American Datum 1983 (NAD83).

## §22.659

# 47 CFR Ch. I (10-1-08 Edition)

(2) Table E–12 of this section applies to base transmitters in the New York-Northeastern New Jersey urban area.

### TABLE E-8-MAXIMUM ERP (WATTS) FOR BASE TRANSMITTERS (HAAT 152 METERS OR LESS)

Distance to protected TV etc.	Antenna height above average terrain in meters (feet)										
Distance to protected TV sta- tion in kilometers (miles)	15 (50)	30 (100)	46 (150)	61 (200)	76 (250)	91 (300)	107 (350)	122 (400)	137 (450)	152 (500)	
209 (130)	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	
201 (125)	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	850	750	725	
193 (120)	1000	1000	1000	1000	900	750	675	600	550	500	
185 (115)	1000	1000	800	725	600	525	475	425	375	350	
177 (110)	850	700	600	500	425	375	325	300	275	225	
169 (105)	600	475	400	325	275	250	225	200	175	150	
161 (100)	400	325	275	225	175	150	140	125	110	100	
153 (95)	275	225	175	125	110	95	80	70	60	50	
145 (90)	175	125	100	75	50						

See §22.659(b)(2). This table is for antenna heights of 152 meters (500 feet) or less above average terrain. For antenna heights between those in the table, use the next higher antenna height. For distances between those in the table, use the next lower distance.

	TABLE E-9-MAXIMUM ERP	(WATTS) FOR BASE 1	FRANSMITTERS (HAAT	MORE THAN 152 METERS)
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	Antenna	a height al	bove aver	age terrair	762 (2500) 71 30 11 3 2	s (feet)	
Distance to protected TV station in kilometers (miles)	152 (500)	305 (1000)	457 (1500)	610 (2000)		914 (3000)	
209 (130)	1000	447	219	117	71	46	
193 (120)	500	209	95	50	30	19	
177 (110)	225	91	35	19	11	8	
161 (100)	100	30	10	5	3	2	
153 (95)	50	13	5	3	2	1	

See §22.659(b)(2). This table is for antenna heights of more than 152 meters (500 feet) above average terrain. For intermediate values of height and/or distance, use linear interpolation to obtain the maximum permitted ERP.

### TABLE E-10-MAXIMUM ERP (WATTS) FOR BASE TRANSMITTERS (HAAT 152 METERS OR LESS)

Distance to protected TV ate	Antenna height above average terrain in meters (feet)									
Distance to protected TV sta- tion in kilometers (miles)	15 (50)	30 (100)	46 (150)	61 (200)	76 (250)	91 (300)	107 (350)	122 (400)	137 (450)	152 (500)
261 (162)	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
257 (160)	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	800
249 (155)	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	875	775	700	625	575
241 (150)	1000	1000	950	775	725	625	550	500	450	400
233 (145)	850	750	650	575	500	440	400	350	320	300
225 (140)	600	575	465	400	350	300	275	250	230	225
217 (135)	450	400	335	300	255	240	200	185	165	150
209 (130)	350	300	245	200	185	160	145	125	120	100
201 (125)	225	200	170	150	125	110	100	90	80	75
193 (120)	175	150	125	105	90	80	70	60	55	50

See §22.659(b)(3). This table applies for antenna heights of 152 meters (500 feet) or less above average terrain. For antenna heights between those in the table, use the next higher antenna height. For distances between those in the table, use the next lower distance.

TABLE E-11-MAXIMUM ERF	י (Watts) for Base אין	TRANSMITTERS (HAAT	MORE THAN 152 METERS)
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		Antenna height above average terrain in meters (feet)								
	152 (500)	305 (1000)	457 (1500)	610 (2000)	762 (2500)	914 (3000)				
261 (162)	1000	501	282	170	110	71				
241 (150)	400	209	110	60	36	23				
225 (140)	225	102	50	28	16	10				
209 (130)	100	48	21	11	7	5				
193 (120)	50	19	9	5	3	2				

See §22.659(b)(3). This table is for antenna heights of more than 152 meters (500 feet) above average terrain. For intermediate values of height and/or distance, use linear interpolation to obtain the maximum permitted ERP.

#### Federal Communications Commission

#### §22.709

Distance to protected TV station in kilo	Antenna height above average terrain in meters (feet)									
Distance to protected TV station in kilo- meters (miles)	30 (100)	46 (150)	61 (200)	76 (250)	91 (300)	107 (350)	122 (400)	137 (450)	152 (500)	
108 (67)	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	
106 (66)	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	750	
105 (65)	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	825	650	600	
103 (64)	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	775	625	500	400	
101 (63)	1000	1000	1000	1000	440	400	350	320	300	
100 (62)	1000	1000	1000	525	375	250	200	150	125	
98 (61)	1000	700	450	250	200	125	100	75	50	
97 (60)	1000	425	225	125	100	75	50			

TABLE E-12-MAXIMUM ERP (WATTS) FOR BASE TRANSMITTERS

See §22.659(c)(2). This table applies to base transmitters in the New York-Northeastern New Jersey urban areas. This table is for antenna heights of 152 meters (500 feet) or less above average terrain. For antenna heights between those in the table, use the next higher antenna height. For distances between those in the table, use the next lower distance.

[59 FR 59507, Nov. 17, 1994, as amended at 63 FR 68947, Dec. 14, 1998]

## Subpart F—Rural Radiotelephone Service

## §22.701 Scope.

The rules in this subpart govern the licensing and operation of stations and systems in the Rural Radiotelephone Service. The licensing and operation of these stations and systems is also subject to rules elsewhere in this part that apply generally to the Public Mobile Services. In case of conflict, however, the rules in this subpart govern.

#### §22.702 Eligibility.

Existing and proposed communications common carriers are eligible to hold authorizations to operate conventional central office, interoffice and rural stations in the Rural Radiotelephone Service. Subscribers are also eligible to hold authorizations to operate rural subscriber stations in the Rural Radiotelephone Service.

[69 FR 75170, Dec. 15, 2004]

#### §22.703 Separate rural subscriber station authorization not required.

A separate authorization is not required for rural subscriber stations for which the effective radiated power does not exceed 60 Watts and for which FAA notification of construction or alteration of the antenna structure is not required (see criteria in §17.7 of this chapter). Authority to operate such rural subscriber stations is conferred by the authorization of the central office or base station from which they receive service.

# §22.705 Rural radiotelephone system configuration.

Stations in the Rural Radiotelephone Service are authorized to communicate as follows:

(a) Rural subscriber stations are authorized to communicate with and through the central office station(s) with which they are associated. However, where the establishment of a central office station in this service is not feasible, rural subscriber stations may be authorized to communicate with and through a base station in the Paging and Radiotelephone Service.

(b) Central office stations may communicate only with rural subscriber stations.

(c) Interoffice stations may communicate only with other interoffice stations.

# § 22.709 Rural radiotelephone service application requirements.

In addition to information required by Subparts B and D of this part, FCC Form 601 applications for authorization to operate a station in the Rural Radiotelephone Service must contain the applicable supplementary information described in this section.

(a) Interoffice stations. Applications for authority to operate a new interoffice station or to add transmitters or points of communications to an existing interoffice station must contain an exhibit demonstrating that the requested facilities would be used only