## Federal Communications Commission

### §2.303

Class of station	Composition of call sign	Call sign blocks
Amateur	1 letter, 1 digit, 2 letters 4	K1AA through K0ZZ.
		N1AA through N0ZZ.
		W1AA through W0ZZ.
Do	1 letter, 1 digit, 3 letters <sup>4</sup>	K1AAA through K0ZZZ.
		N1AAA through N0ZZZ.
		W1AAA through W0ZZZ.
Do	2 letters, 1 digit, 1 letter <sup>4</sup>	AA1A through AI0Z.
		KA1A through KZ0Z.
		NA1A through NZ0Z.
		WA1A through WZ0Z.
Do	2 letters, 1 digit, 2 letters 4	AA1AA through AL0ZZ.
		KA1AA through KZ0ZZ.
		NA1AA through NZ0ZZ.
		WA1AA through WZ0ZZ.
Amateur (letter "X" may not follow digit)	2 letters, 1 digit, 3 letters <sup>4</sup>	AA1AAA through AL0ZZZ.
		KA1AAA through KZ0ZZZ.
		NA1AAA through NZ0ZZZ.
		WA1AAA through WZ0ZZZ.
Standard frequency		WWV, WWVB through WWVI, WWVL WWVS.
Personal radio	3 letters, 4 digits, or 4 letters, 4 digits.	KAA0001 through KZZ9999,
		WAA0001 through WPZ9999,
		KAAA0001 through KZZZ9999.
Personal radio, temporary permit	3 letters, 5 digits	KAA00000 through KZZ999999.
Personal radio in trust territories	1 letter, 4 digits	K0001 through K9999.
Business radio temporary permit	2 letters, 7 digits	WT plus local telephone number.
Part 90 temporary permit	2 letters, 7 digits	WT plus local telephone number.
Part 90 conditional permit	2 letters, 7 digits	WT plus local telephone number.
General Mobile Radio Service, temporary permit.	2 letters, 7 digits	WT plus business or residence tele phone number.

NOTE: The symbol 0 indicates the digit zero.

<sup>1</sup> Ships with transmitter-equipped survival craft shall be assigned four letter call signs.
<sup>2</sup> See § 2.303.
<sup>3</sup> A 3 letter call sign now authorized for and in continuous use by a licensee of a standard broadcasting station may continue to be used by that station. The same exception applies also to frequency modulation and television broadcasting stations using 5 letter call signs consisting of 3 letters with the suffix "FM" or "TV".
<sup>4</sup> Plus other identifying data as may be specified.

#### [34 FR 5104, Mar. 12, 1969; as amended at 54 50239, Dec. 5, 1989]

EDITORIAL NOTE: For FEDERAL REGISTER citations affecting §2.302, see the List of CFR Sections Affected in the Finding Aids section of this volume.

#### §2.303 Other forms of identification of stations.

(a) The following table indicates forms of identification which may be used in lieu of call signs by the specified classes of stations. Such recognized means of identification may be one or more of the following: name of station, location of station, operating agency, official registration mark,

flight identification number, selective call number or signal, selective call identification number or signal, characteristic signal, characteristic of emission or other clearly distinguishing form of identification readily recognized internationally. Reference should be made to the appropriate part of the rules for complete information on identification procedures for each service.

Class of station	Identification, other than assigned call sign
Aircraft (U.S. registry) telephone	Registration number preceded by the type of the aircraft, or the radiotelephony designator of the aircraft operating agency followed by the flight identification number.
Aircraft (foreign registry) telephone	Foreign registry identification consisting of five characters. This may be pre- ceded by the radiotelephony designator of the aircraft operating agency or it may be preceded by the type of the aircraft.
Aeronautical	Name of the city, area, or airdrome served together with such additional identi- fication as may be required.
Aircraft survival craft	Appropriate reference to parent aircraft, e.g., the air carrier parent aircraft flight number or identification, the aircraft registration number, the name of the air- craft manufacturer, the name of the aircraft owner, or any other pertinent in- formation.

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Class of station	Identification, other than assigned call sign	
Ship telegraph	When an official call sign is not yet assigned: Complete name of the ship and name of licensee. On 156.65 MHz: Name of ship. Digital selective call.	
Ship telegraph Public coast (radiotelephone) and Limited Coast (Radiotelephone).	Digital selective call. The approximate geographic location in a format approved by the Commission.	
Public coast (radiotelegraph)	Coast station identification number. Coast station identification number.	
Fixed	Geographic location. When an approved method of superimposed identification is used, QTT DE (abbreviated name of company or station).	
Fixed: Rural subscriber service	Assigned telephone number.	
Land mobile: Public safety, forestry conserva- tion, highway maintenance, local govern- ment, shipyard, land transportation, and aviation services.	Name of station licensee (in abbreviated form if practicable), or location of sta- tion, or name of city, area, or facility served. Individual stations may be identi- fied by additional digits following the more general identification.	
Land mobile: Industrial service	Mobile unit cochannel with its base station: Unit identifier on file in the base sta- tion records. Mobile unit not cochannel with its base station: Unit identifier on file in the base station records and the assigned call sign of either the mobile or base station. Temporary base station: Unit designator in addition to base station identification.	
Land mobile: Domestic public and rural radio	Special mobile unit designation assigned by licensee or by assigned telephone number.	
Land mobile: Railroad radio service	Name of railroad, train number, caboose number, engine number, or name of fixed wayside station or such other number or name as may be specified for use of railroad employees to identify a specific fixed point or mobile unit. A railroad's abbreviated name or initial letters may be used where such are in general usage. Unit designators may be used in addition to the station identification to identify an individual unit or transmitter of a base station.	
Land mobile: Broadcasting (remote pickup)	Identification of associated broadcasting station.	
Broadcasting (Emergency Broadcast System)	State and operational area identification.	
Broadcasting (aural STL and intercity relay) Broadcasting (television auxiliary)	Call sign of the broadcasting station with which it is associated. Call sign of the TV broadcasting station with which it is licensed as an auxiliary, or call sign of the TV broadcasting station whose signals are being relayed, or by network identification.	
Broadcasting (television booster) Disaster station	Retransmission of the call sign of the primary station. By radiotelephony: Name, location, or other designation of station when same as that of an associated station in some other service. Two or more separate	
	as that of an associated station in some other service. I wo or more separate units of a station operated at different locations are separately identified by the addition of a unit name, number, or other designation at the end of its au- thorized means of identification.	

(b) Digital selective calls will be authorized by the Commission and will be formed by groups of numbers (0 through 9), however, the first digit must be other than 0, as follows:

(1) Coast station identification number: 4 digits.

(2) Ship station selective call number: 5 digits.

(3) Predetermined group of ship stations: 5 digits.

(c) Ship stations operating under a temporary operating authority shall identify by a call sign consisting of the letter "K" followed by the vessel's Federal or State registration number, or a call sign consisting of the letters "KUS" followed by the vessel's documentation number. However, if the vessel has no registration number or documentation number, the call sign shall consist of the name of the vessel and

the name of the licensee as they appear on the station application form.

[28 FR 12465, Nov. 22, 1963, as amended at 40 FR 57675, Dec. 11, 1975; 41 FR 44042, Oct. 6, 1976; 42 FR 31008, June 17, 1977; 44 FR 62284, Oct. 30, 1979]

## Subpart E—Distress, Disaster, and Emergency Communications

# §2.401 Distress messages.

Each station licensee shall give absolute priority to radiocommunications or signals relating to ships or aircraft in distress; shall cease all sending on frequencies which will interfere with hearing a radiocommunication or signal of distress and except when engaged in answering or aiding the ship or aircraft in distress, shall refrain sending from anv radiocommunications or signals until there is assurance that no interference will be caused with the