SECTION 8 RENTAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS ANNOUNCEMENT OF AWARDS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2016—Continued

Housing agency	Address	Units	Award
TN: MEMPHIS HOUSING AUTHORITY TN: TENNESSEE HOUSING DEV AGENCY	P.O. BOX 3664, MEMPHIS, TN 38103502 DEADERICK STREET, 3RD FLOOR, NASH-VILLE, TN 37243.	359 15	2,309,174 79,630
VA: RICHMOND REDEVELOPMENT & H/A	901 CHAMBERLAYNE PARKWAY, P.O. BOX 26887, RICHMOND, VA 23261.	132	1,031,437
WA: HA OF THE CITY OF BREMERTON	600 PARK AVENUE, BREMERTON, WA 98337	30	220,381
WA: HOUS AUTH OF THE CITY OF TACOMA	902 SOUTH "L" STREET, SUITE 2C, TACOMA, WA 98405.	48	427,018
WA: HOUS AUTH OF THE CITY OF YAKIMA	810 N 6TH AVE., YAKIMA, WA 98902	32	136,551
Total for Termination/Opt-out Vouchers		2,003	14,994,664
Total for Housing TP		5,098	48,949,103
	CPD TPV		
	SRO—Replacement		
CO: FORT COLLINS HSG AUTH	1715 W. MOUNTAIN AVE., FORT COLLINS, CO 80521.	12	97,598
OH: CUYAHOGA MHA	8120 KINSMAN ROAD, CLEVELAND, OH 44104	3	18,674
VQ: VIRGIN ISLANDS HOUSING AUTHORITY	P.O. BOX 7668, ST. THOMAS, VI 00801	7	60,273
WA: SEATTLE HOUSING AUTHORITY	120 SIXTH AVENUE NORTH, P.O. BOX 19028, SE- ATTLE, WA 98109.	74	497,333
Total for SRO—Replacement		96	673,878
Total for CPD TPV		96	673,878
Grand Total		9,606	86,970,667

[FR Doc. 2017–07390 Filed 4–11–17; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4210–67–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Office of the Secretary

[133D5670LC DS10100000 DLCAP0000.000000 WBS DX.10120]

Land Buy-Back Program for Tribal Nations Under Cobell Settlement

AGENCY: Office of the Secretary, Interior. **ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: The Land Buy-Back Program for Tribal Nations will host its annual Listening Session on April 25, 2017, at the Tulalip Resort Casino's hotel in Tulalip, Washington. As described below, the Program hopes to receive feedback from tribes and individuals on critical issues related to Program implementation, future efforts to reduce land fractionation, and its 2016 Status Report.

DATES: The Listening Session will take place from 1 p.m. to 5 p.m. on April 25, 2017, at the Tulalip Resort Casino's hotel in Tulalip, WA.

ADDRESSES: The Listening Session will be held at the Tulalip Resort Casino's hotel, 10200 Quil Ceda Blvd., Tulalip, WA 98271. The 2016 Status Report on

the Program is available at https://www.doi.gov/sites/doi.gov/files/uploads/2016_buy-back_program_final_0.pdf.
Submit written feedback on the Program by email to buybackprogram@ios.doi.gov or by mail to U.S.
Department of the Interior Land Buy-Back Program for Tribal Nations, 1849 C Street NW., MS-3543, Washington, DC 20240.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Tribal staff can contact Michael Estes at (202) 642-0912 or at buybackprogram@ ios.doi.gov with questions regarding Program implementation. Landowners should contact the Trust Beneficiary Call Center at 1-888-678-6836 with questions or to express their interest in Program participation. Persons who use a telecommunications device for the deaf (TDD) may call the Federal Relay Service at 1-800-877-8339 to contact the above individual during normal business hours. The Service is available 24 hours a day, seven days a week, to leave a message or question with the above individual. You will receive a reply during normal business hours.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

The Land Buy-Back Program for Tribal Nations (Buy-Back Program) is the Department of the Interior's (Department) collaborative effort with Indian Country to realize the historic opportunity afforded by the *Cobell* Settlement—a \$1.9 billion Trust Land Consolidation Fund—to compensate individuals who willingly choose to sell fractional land interests for fair market value. Consolidated interests are immediately restored to tribal trust ownership for uses benefiting the reservation community and tribal members.

Since the Program began making offers in December 2013, more than \$1.1 billion has been paid to landowners, over 680,000 fractional interests have been consolidated (representing a 23 percent reduction), and the equivalent of nearly 2.1 million acres of land have been transferred to tribal governments. Tribal ownership is now greater than 50 percent in more than 13,500 tracts of land. The Program recently released its annual Status Report, which highlights the steps taken to date to consolidate fractional interests: (https:// www.doi.gov/sites/doi.gov/files/ uploads/2016 buy-back program final 0.pdf).

The Buy-Back Program's implementation schedule currently includes 105 locations through mid-2021, which reflects more than 96 percent of all landowners with fractional interests and more than 98 percent of both the purchasable fractional interests and equivalent acres

in Program-eligible areas: (https://www.doi.gov/buybackprogram/program-implementation-schedule).

Éven with the Program's significant progress to date—and the results expected through its congressional funding authorization in 2022—the resources created by the *Cobell* Settlement will not be sufficient to purchase all fractional interests across Indian Country. Sustained Departmental, congressional, and tribal attention will be necessary to address fractionation and maximize the value of the land base for the benefit of tribal communities.

II. Listening Session Agenda

The participation and engagement of tribal nations and landowners have been critical to the success of the Buy-Back Program, and the significant results to date stem directly from that collaboration. The purpose of the upcoming Listening Session is to gather input from Indian Country on Program implementation, and to discuss steps to continue to address fractionation and the challenges it poses for tribal sovereignty and effective land use. The Listening Session agenda is as follows:

9:00 a.m.—11:00 a.m.—Landowner Outreach Event (Subject matter experts will conduct an informational session to include appraisals, acquisitions, and financial education)

9:00 a.m.—1:00 p.m.—Resource Tables open (Staff available to provide information about the Program, register willing sellers, and answer landowner questions)

1:00 p.m.—Listening Session begins; Opening Remarks; Program Presentation

1:50 p.m.—Comment Period—Tribal Leaders; Comment Period—Individual Landowners & General Public

3:30 p.m.—Presentation on Future of Consolidation Work

3:50 p.m.—Comment Period—Tribal Leaders; Comment Period—Individual Landowners & General Public

5:00 p.m.—Listening Session ends; Resource Tables re-open 5:30 p.m.—Resource Tables close

III. Seeking Tribal and Individual Input

Tribal input has been critical to making necessary enhancements to the Buy-Back Program. Feedback received from tribes and individuals has led directly to many of the measures incorporated since the creation of the Program. This includes feedback received from tribal leaders who most recently testified during the Senate Committee on Indian Affairs' oversight hearing in December 2016 regarding Program implementation (https://

www.doi.gov/sites/doi.gov/files/ uploads/dep_sec_testimony_before_ scia_2016.pdf).

The Program intends to make progress in a number of areas over the coming year (further explored in the "Next Steps" section of the 2016 Status Report). Tribes, landowners and others may provide written feedback on the Buy-Back Program. While the Program welcomes ongoing feedback, comments received by May 31, 2017, will be most helpful. While feedback is welcome related to any aspect of the Program, the following areas are of particular interest:

1. Locations Where Implementations May Occur. Based on tribal feedback, the Program has used various criteria to determine the best sequence of implementation, including: Severity of fractionation (a location's number of fractionated tracts, interests, and acres); degree of ownership overlap between locations or geographic proximity; diversity of geographic locations to maximize efficiency, resources, and learning opportunities; appraisal complexity; overall interest of the tribe as demonstrated through the fiscal year (FY) 2014 open solicitation and FY 2016 Planning Initiative periods; number of owners who have demonstrated an interest in selling fractional interests; and cost and time efficiency.

The Buy-Back Program's implementation schedule includes 105 locations through mid-2021. However, the Program continually evaluates its resources and progress and will determine whether the schedule should be updated, to include adding locations not currently scheduled, removing locations on the existing schedule, and/ or returning to locations where purchase offers have already been sent. This evaluation will consider the potential for unused funds reserved for implementation costs and whether and how such funds could be used to further address fractionation. The Program will actively monitor sales and actual or anticipated costs of implementation at less fractionated or more complicated locations (e.g., those that involve restricted fee interests, unique laws such as the Five Tribes in Eastern Oklahoma, and site-specific appraisals). The Program seeks feedback on what factors should be taken into consideration as it plans for future implementation with any remaining resources it may have.

2. Off-Reservation Tracts (e.g., Public Domain). Under the Settlement, fractional interests acquired by the Program will be held in trust for the tribe with jurisdiction over the land. However, tribal jurisdiction over off-reservation allotments may be unclear

or even disputed. In its 2014 Status Report and Federal Register Notices dated November 24, 2014, and March 3, 2015, the Program requested feedback on whether and if so, how, the Program should incorporate off-reservation tracts, including any suggested standards or processes that could be applied. Tribal feedback encouraged the Program to consider acquisition of offreservation interests. The Program's 2016 Status Report states that the Program would consider inclusion of off-reservation tracts if tribal jurisdiction exists, acquisition meets the Program's implementation factors, and

As contemplated in its 2016 Status Report, the Program seeks further input on implementation of this policy. First, given the Program's limited resources, the Program requests input on the relative priority of dedicating financial resources to off-reservation tracts when there is a significant amount of fractionated land located within reservation boundaries. Prioritizing the Program's limited resources toward addressing on-reservation fractional interests may better facilitate more efficient administration of the individual Indian trust and the longstanding "policy of the United States to encourage and assist the consolidation of land ownership . . . in a manner consistent with the policy of maintaining the trust status of allotted lands. . . ." (25 U.S.C. 2216(a)). Second, the Program also requests input on the approach the Program will use for determining if tribal jurisdiction exists, assuming that resources are available to pursue off-reservation lands and consistent with Program priorities. In order to determine whether there is tribal jurisdiction, the Program proposes to consider various factors relative to the off-reservation tract(s) at issue, such

- a. Treaties, statutes, executive orders, patents, or other legal instruments or laws applicable to the tract;
- b. Whether the tract is held in trust or restricted status:
- c. Whether the tribe seeking to participate in the Program has an ownership interest in the tract and how the interest was acquired;
- d. Whether another tribe or tribes own an interest in the tract and how the interest was acquired;
- e. Tribal membership of the individuals who own fractional interests in the tract;
- f. Types of governmental services provided to the tract and by whom (tribe, federal, state, county, or other government);

- g. Whether a local BIA office serves or performs activities relative to the tract;
- h. Whether the tract is located within an original or other reservation boundary:
- i. Whether the tract is adjacent to a reservation boundary;
- j. The distance of the tract from a reservation boundary if not within or adjacent to a reservation boundary;
- k. Whether tribal jurisdiction is recognized by other tribes, counties, and/or states; and;
- Whether there are competing claims of jurisdiction over the tract involving other tribes, including past or current litigation.

The above factors are intended to be applied on a case-by-case basis in an uncomplicated fashion, recognizing the unique goals and parameters of the *Cobell* Settlement Agreement and the Claims Resolution Act of 2010.

3. Looking Beyond 2022. The Program anticipates that more than 4 million equivalent purchasable fractionated acres may still exist after it fully expends the Consolidation Fund, which is expected to occur by November 24, 2022 (the date by which the Settlement dictates that any remaining funds be returned to the U.S. Department of the Treasury). Even with the Program's significant progress to date-and the results expected through 2022fractionation will continue to be an extremely complicated, ongoing problem in the long term. The Department will continue to work with Indian Country to explore options for land consolidation and requests tribal input and ideas on potential solutions and options for addressing long-term fractionation.

IV. Additional Resources

The Land Buy-Back Program for Tribal Nations' 2016 Status Report and additional information about the Buy-Back Program is available at: http:// www.doi.gov/buybackprogram. In addition, landowners can contact the Trust Beneficiary Call Center at 888– 678-6836 or visit their local Office of the Special Trustee for American Indians (OST) to ask questions about their land or purchase offers, and learn about financial planning resources. More information and detailed frequently asked questions are available at https://www.doi.gov/ buybackprogram/FAQ to help individuals make informed decisions about their land.

Authority

This notice is published pursuant to the Claims Resolution Act of 2010, Public Law 111–291, 124 Stat. 3064 (2010) and the *Cobell* Settlement Agreement, *Cobell* v. *Salazar*, No. 1:96CV01285–JR (D. DC Dec. 7, 2009).

John H. McClanahan,

Director, Land Buy-Back Program for Tribal Nations.

[FR Doc. 2017–07417 Filed 4–11–17; 8:45 am]

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[LLCON06000-L16100000-DR0000-17X]

Notice of Public Meeting for the Dominguez-Escalante National Conservation Area Advisory Council, Colorado

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of Meeting.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 and the Federal Advisory Committee Act of 1972, the U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management (BLM) Dominguez-Escalante National Conservation Area (NCA) Advisory Council will meet as indicated below.

DATES: The meeting will be held May 3, 2017, from 3:00 p.m. to 6:00 p.m. Public comments regarding matters on the agenda will be held at 4:15 p.m. and 5:30 p.m.

Any adjustments to this meeting schedule will be advertised on the Dominguez-Escalante NCA RMP Web site: http://1.usa.gov/1qKkMVi.

ADDRESSES: The meeting will be held at the Bill Heddles Recreation Center, 530 Gunnison River Drive, Delta, CO 81416.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Collin Ewing, Advisory Council
Designated Federal Official, 2815 H
Road, Grand Junction, CO 81506. Phone:
(970) 244–3049. Email: cewing@blm.gov.
Persons who use a telecommunications
device for the deaf may call the Federal
Relay Service at 1–800–877–8339 to
contact the above individual during
normal business hours. The Service is
available 24 hours a day, seven days a
week, to leave a message or question
with the above individual. You will
receive a reply during normal business
hours.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The tenmember Council advises the Secretary of the Interior, through the BLM, on a variety of planning and management issues associated with the Resource Management Plan (RMP) process for the Dominguez-Escalante NCA and Dominguez Canyon Wilderness.

Topics of discussion during the meeting will include presentations from BLM staff on implementation of the approved RMP, the process for development of new trails, and public comments.

The meeting is open to the public, and the agenda allocates time, as identified above, for public comments. Depending on the number of persons wishing to comment and time available, the time for individual oral comments may be limited at the discretion of the chair. The public may also present written comments to the Council at the meeting.

Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

Gregory P. Shoop,

BLM Colorado Associate State Director. [FR Doc. 2017–07372 Filed 4–11–17; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–JB–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[LLWO220000.L10200000.PK0000]

Renewal of Approved Information Collection; OMB Control No. 1004– 0041

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: 60-Day notice and request for comments.

SUMMARY: In compliance with the Paperwork Reduction Act, the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) invites public comments on, and plans to request approval to continue, the collection of information from applicants for grazing permits and leases, and from holders of grazing permits and leases. The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) has assigned control number 1004–0041 to this information collection.

DATES: Please submit comments on the proposed information collection by June 12, 2017.

ADDRESSES: Comments may be submitted by mail, fax, or electronic mail.

Mail: U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management, 1849 C