

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 180

Environmental protection,
Administrative practice and procedure,
Agricultural commodities, Pesticides
and pests, Reporting and recordkeeping
requirements.

Dated: July 14, 2016.

Susan Lewis,

*Director, Registration Division, Office of
Pesticide Programs.*

Therefore, 40 CFR chapter I is
amended as follows:

PART 180—[AMENDED]

■ 1. The authority citation for part 180
continues to read as follows:

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 321(q), 346a and 371.

■ 2. In § 180.593, add alphabetically the
commodity “Soybean, seed” to the table
in paragraph (a) to read as follows:

**§ 180.593 Etoxazole; tolerances for
residues.**

(a) * * *

Commodity	Parts (per million)
* * * *	*
Soybean, seed	0.02
* * * *	*

* * * *

[FR Doc. 2016-17786 Filed 7-26-16; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

**DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND
SECURITY****Federal Emergency Management
Agency****44 CFR Part 64**

[Docket ID FEMA-2016-0002; Internal
Agency Docket No. FEMA-8439]

Suspension of Community Eligibility

AGENCY: Federal Emergency
Management Agency, DHS.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This rule identifies
communities where the sale of flood
insurance has been authorized under
the National Flood Insurance Program
(NFIP) that are scheduled for
suspension on the effective dates listed
within this rule because of
noncompliance with the floodplain
management requirements of the
program. If the Federal Emergency
Management Agency (FEMA) receives
documentation that the community has
adopted the required floodplain

management measures prior to the
effective suspension date given in this
rule, the suspension will not occur and
a notice of this will be provided by
publication in the **Federal Register** on a
subsequent date. Also, information
identifying the current participation
status of a community can be obtained
from FEMA’s Community Status Book
(CSB). The CSB is available at <http://www.fema.gov/fema/csb.shtm>.

DATES: The effective date of each
community’s scheduled suspension is
the third date (“Susp.”) listed in the
third column of the following tables.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: If
you want to determine whether a
particular community was suspended
on the suspension date or for further
information, contact Patricia Suber,
Federal Insurance and Mitigation
Administration, Federal Emergency
Management Agency, 500 C Street SW.,
Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646-4149.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The NFIP
enables property owners to purchase
Federal flood insurance that is not
otherwise generally available from
private insurers. In return, communities
agree to adopt and administer local
floodplain management measures aimed
at protecting lives and new construction
from future flooding. Section 1315 of
the National Flood Insurance Act of
1968, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 4022,
prohibits the sale of NFIP flood
insurance unless an appropriate public
body adopts adequate floodplain
management measures with effective
enforcement measures. The
communities listed in this document no
longer meet that statutory requirement
for compliance with program
regulations, 44 CFR part 59.
Accordingly, the communities will be
suspended on the effective date in the
third column. As of that date, flood
insurance will no longer be available in
the community. We recognize that some
of these communities may adopt and
submit the required documentation of
legally enforceable floodplain
management measures after this rule is
published but prior to the actual
suspension date. These communities
will not be suspended and will continue
to be eligible for the sale of NFIP flood
insurance. A notice withdrawing the
suspension of such communities will be
published in the **Federal Register**.

In addition, FEMA publishes a Flood
Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) that
identifies the Special Flood Hazard
Areas (SFHAs) in these communities.
The date of the FIRM, if one has been
published, is indicated in the fourth
column of the table. No direct Federal
financial assistance (except assistance

pursuant to the Robert T. Stafford
Disaster Relief and Emergency
Assistance Act not in connection with a
flood) may be provided for construction
or acquisition of buildings in identified
SFHAs for communities not
participating in the NFIP and identified
for more than a year on FEMA’s initial
FIRM for the community as having
flood-prone areas (section 202(a) of the
Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973,
42 U.S.C. 4106(a), as amended). This
prohibition against certain types of
Federal assistance becomes effective for
the communities listed on the date
shown in the last column. The
Administrator finds that notice and
public comment procedures under 5
U.S.C. 553(b), are impracticable and
unnecessary because communities listed
in this final rule have been adequately
notified.

Each community receives 6-month,
90-day, and 30-day notification letters
addressed to the Chief Executive Officer
stating that the community will be
suspended unless the required
floodplain management measures are
met prior to the effective suspension
date. Since these notifications were
made, this final rule may take effect
within less than 30 days.

National Environmental Policy Act.
This rule is categorically excluded from
the requirements of 44 CFR part 10,
Environmental Considerations. No
environmental impact assessment has
been prepared.

Regulatory Flexibility Act. The
Administrator has determined that this
rule is exempt from the requirements of
the Regulatory Flexibility Act because
the National Flood Insurance Act of
1968, as amended, Section 1315, 42
U.S.C. 4022, prohibits flood insurance
coverage unless an appropriate public
body adopts adequate floodplain
management measures with effective
enforcement measures. The
communities listed no longer comply
with the statutory requirements, and
after the effective date, flood insurance
will no longer be available in the
communities unless remedial action
takes place.

Regulatory Classification. This final
rule is not a significant regulatory action
under the criteria of section 3(f) of
Executive Order 12866 of September 30,
1993, Regulatory Planning and Review,
58 FR 51735.

Executive Order 13132, Federalism.
This rule involves no policies that have
federalism implications under Executive
Order 13132.

**Executive Order 12988, Civil Justice
Reform.** This rule meets the applicable
standards of Executive Order 12988.

Paperwork Reduction Act. This rule does not involve any collection of information for purposes of the Paperwork Reduction Act, 44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*

List of Subjects in 44 CFR Part 64

Flood insurance, Floodplains.

Accordingly, 44 CFR part 64 is amended as follows:

PART 64—[AMENDED]

■ 1. The authority citation for part 64 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 4001 *et seq.*;
Reorganization Plan No. 3 of 1978, 3 CFR,

1978 Comp.; p. 329; E.O. 12127, 44 FR 19367, 3 CFR, 1979 Comp.; p. 376.

§ 64.6 [Amended]

■ 2. The tables published under the authority of § 64.6 are amended as follows:

State and location	Community No.	Effective date authorization/cancellation of sale of flood insurance in community	Current effective map date	Date certain Federal assistance no longer available in SFHAs
Region VI				
Arkansas:				
Clay County, Unincorporated Areas	050423	September 19, 1979, Emerg; March 1, 1990, Reg; August 3, 2016, Susp.	Aug. 3, 2016	Aug. 3, 2016.
Corning, City of, Clay County	050030	November 1, 1974, Emerg; July 2, 1980, Reg; August 3, 2016, Susp.	.....do*	Do.
Knobel, Town of, Clay County	050032	July 15, 1975, Emerg; June 25, 1976, Reg; August 3, 2016, Susp.	.....do	Do.
McDougal, City of, Clay County	050033	October 8, 1975, Emerg; June 1, 1987, Reg; August 3, 2016, Susp.	.....do	Do.
Peach Orchard, City of, Clay County	050034	May 29, 1975, Emerg; March 25, 1985, Reg; August 3, 2016, Susp.	.....do	Do.
Piggott, City of, Clay County	050035	May 5, 1975, Emerg; August 4, 1987, Reg; August 3, 2016, Susp.	.....do	Do.
Pollard, City of, Clay County	050036	April 11, 1975, Emerg; August 31, 1982, Reg; August 3, 2016, Susp.	.....do	Do.
Rector, City of, Clay County	050366	March 15, 1976, Emerg; August 31, 1982, Reg; August 3, 2016, Susp.	.....do	Do.
Saint Francis, City of, Clay County	050037	April 22, 1975, Emerg; September 14, 1982, Reg; August 3, 2016, Susp.	.....do	Do.
Success, Town of, Clay County	050289	December 12, 1975, Emerg; August 31, 1982, Reg; August 3, 2016, Susp.	.....do	Do.
Region VII				
Nebraska:				
Colon, Village of, Saunders County	310290	N/A, Emerg; September 21, 2010, Reg; August 3, 2016, Susp.	.....do	Do.
Ithaca, Village of, Saunders County	310198	November 12, 1975, Emerg; May 1, 1987, Reg; August 3, 2016, Susp.	.....do	Do.
Mead, Village of, Saunders County	310301	August 5, 1976, Emerg; September 24, 1984, Reg; August 3, 2016, Susp.	.....do	Do.
Saunders County, Unincorporated Areas.	310195	April 6, 1973, Emerg; December 1, 1978, Reg; August 3, 2016, Susp.	.....do	Do.
Wahoo, City of, Saunders County	310204	August 25, 1972, Emerg; December 1, 1977, Reg; August 3, 2016, Susp.	.....do	Do.
Weston, Village of, Saunders County ...	310205	October 24, 1979, Emerg; July 3, 1985, Reg; August 3, 2016, Susp.	.....do	Do.
Region IX				
California:				
American Canyon, City of, Napa County.	060755	N/A, Emerg; January 11, 1994, Reg; August 3, 2016, Susp.	.....do	Do.
Benicia, City of, Solano County	060368	May 28, 1975, Emerg; May 31, 1977, Reg; August 3, 2016, Susp.	.....do	Do.
Napa, City of, Napa County	060207	July 25, 1975, Emerg; September 5, 1979, Reg; August 3, 2016, Susp.	.....do	Do.
Napa County, Unincorporated Areas	060205	January 29, 1971, Emerg; February 1, 1980, Reg; August 3, 2016, Susp.	.....do	Do.

*.....do and Do. = Ditto.

Code for reading third column: Emerg—Emergency; Reg—Regular; Susp—Suspension.

Dated: July 11, 2016

Michael M Grimm,

Assistant Administrator for Mitigation,
Federal Insurance and Mitigation
Administration, Department of Homeland
Security, Federal Emergency Management
Agency

[FR Doc. 2016-17732 Filed 7-26-16; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9110-12-P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Federal Emergency Management Agency

44 CFR Part 64

[Docket ID FEMA-2016-0002; Internal
Agency Docket No. FEMA-8437]

Suspension of Community Eligibility

AGENCY: Federal Emergency
Management Agency, DHS.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This rule identifies communities where the sale of flood insurance has been authorized under the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) that are scheduled for suspension on the effective dates listed within this rule because of noncompliance with the floodplain management requirements of the program. If the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) receives documentation that the community has adopted the required floodplain management measures prior to the effective suspension date given in this rule, the suspension will not occur and a notice of this will be provided by publication in the **Federal Register** on a subsequent date. Also, information identifying the current participation status of a community can be obtained from FEMA's Community Status Book (CSB). The CSB is available at <http://www.fema.gov/fema/csb.shtm>.

DATES: The effective date of each community's scheduled suspension is the third date ("Susp.") listed in the third column of the following tables.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: If you want to determine whether a particular community was suspended on the suspension date or for further information, contact Patricia Suber, Federal Insurance and Mitigation Administration, Federal Emergency Management Agency, 500 C Street SW., Washington, DC 20472, (202) 646-4149.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The NFIP enables property owners to purchase Federal flood insurance that is not otherwise generally available from

private insurers. In return, communities agree to adopt and administer local floodplain management measures aimed at protecting lives and new construction from future flooding. Section 1315 of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 4022, prohibits the sale of NFIP flood insurance unless an appropriate public body adopts adequate floodplain management measures with effective enforcement measures. The communities listed in this document no longer meet that statutory requirement for compliance with program regulations, 44 CFR part 59. Accordingly, the communities will be suspended on the effective date in the third column. As of that date, flood insurance will no longer be available in the community. We recognize that some of these communities may adopt and submit the required documentation of legally enforceable floodplain management measures after this rule is published but prior to the actual suspension date. These communities will not be suspended and will continue to be eligible for the sale of NFIP flood insurance. A notice withdrawing the suspension of such communities will be published in the **Federal Register**.

In addition, FEMA publishes a Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) that identifies the Special Flood Hazard Areas (SFHAs) in these communities. The date of the FIRM, if one has been published, is indicated in the fourth column of the table. No direct Federal financial assistance (except assistance pursuant to the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act not in connection with a flood) may be provided for construction or acquisition of buildings in identified SFHAs for communities not participating in the NFIP and identified for more than a year on FEMA's initial FIRM for the community as having flood-prone areas (section 202(a) of the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, 42 U.S.C. 4106(a), as amended). This prohibition against certain types of Federal assistance becomes effective for the communities listed on the date shown in the last column. The Administrator finds that notice and public comment procedures under 5 U.S.C. 553(b), are impracticable and unnecessary because communities listed in this final rule have been adequately notified.

Each community receives 6-month, 90-day, and 30-day notification letters addressed to the Chief Executive Officer stating that the community will be suspended unless the required floodplain management measures are

met prior to the effective suspension date. Since these notifications were made, this final rule may take effect within less than 30 days.

National Environmental Policy Act. This rule is categorically excluded from the requirements of 44 CFR part 10, Environmental Considerations. No environmental impact assessment has been prepared.

Regulatory Flexibility Act. The Administrator has determined that this rule is exempt from the requirements of the Regulatory Flexibility Act because the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, as amended, Section 1315, 42 U.S.C. 4022, prohibits flood insurance coverage unless an appropriate public body adopts adequate floodplain management measures with effective enforcement measures. The communities listed no longer comply with the statutory requirements, and after the effective date, flood insurance will no longer be available in the communities unless remedial action takes place.

Regulatory Classification. This final rule is not a significant regulatory action under the criteria of section 3(f) of Executive Order 12866 of September 30, 1993, Regulatory Planning and Review, 58 FR 51735.

Executive Order 13132, Federalism. This rule involves no policies that have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132.

Executive Order 12988, Civil Justice Reform. This rule meets the applicable standards of Executive Order 12988.

Paperwork Reduction Act. This rule does not involve any collection of information for purposes of the Paperwork Reduction Act, 44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*

List of Subjects in 44 CFR Part 64

Flood insurance, Floodplains.

Accordingly, 44 CFR part 64 is amended as follows:

PART 64—[AMENDED]

■ 1. The authority citation for part 64 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 4001 *et seq.*; Reorganization Plan No. 3 of 1978, 3 CFR, 1978 Comp.; p. 329; E.O. 12127, 44 FR 19367, 3 CFR, 1979 Comp.; p. 376.

§ 64.6 [Amended]

■ 2. The tables published under the authority of § 64.6 are amended as follows: