

Proposed Project

Extended Evaluation of the National Tobacco Prevention and Control Public Education Campaign—New—National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion (NCCDPHP), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

Background and Brief Description

In 2012, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) launched the first federally funded, national mass media campaign to educate consumers about the adverse health consequences of tobacco use (the National Tobacco Prevention and Control Public Education Campaign, or “The Campaign”). The Campaign continued in 2013 and 2014 with advertisements known as “Tips from Former Smokers.” Activities for Phase 3 of the campaign are ongoing. To assess the impact of The Campaign in Phases 1–3, CDC obtained OMB approval to conduct a series of longitudinal surveys of smokers and nonsmokers (OMB Control Number 0920–0923, exp. 3/31/2017).

New media activities for Phases 4 and 5 of The Campaign are scheduled to launch in March 2015. To support evaluation of The Campaign through Phase 5, CDC plans to field four new waves of information collection. The surveys will be fielded in English and

Spanish and will occur during late 2015, 2016, and early 2017. Once enrolled in the first wave of data collection, all participants will be re-contacted for follow-up at subsequent survey waves.

The sample for the data collection will originate from two sources: (1) An online longitudinal cohort of smokers and nonsmokers, sampled randomly from postal mailing addresses in the United States (address-based sample, or ABS); and (2) the existing GfK KnowledgePanel, an established long-term online panel of U.S. adults. The ABS-sourced longitudinal cohort will consist of smokers and nonsmokers who have not previously participated in any established online panels to reduce potential panel conditioning bias from previous participation. The new cohort will be recruited by GfK, utilizing similar recruitment methods that are used in the recruitment of KnowledgePanel. The GfK KnowledgePanel will be used in combination with the new ABS-sourced cohort to support larger sample sizes that will allow for more in-depth subgroup analysis, which is a key objective for CDC. All online surveys, regardless of sample source, will be conducted via the GfK KnowledgePanel Web portal for self-administered surveys.

Information will be collected through Web surveys to be self-administered on computers in the respondents’ homes or in another convenient location. Information will be collected about smokers’ and nonsmokers’ awareness of and exposure to specific campaign advertisements; knowledge, attitudes, beliefs related to smoking and secondhand smoke; and other marketing exposure. The surveys will also measure behaviors related to smoking cessation (among the smokers in the sample) and behaviors related to nonsmokers’ encouragement of smokers to quit smoking, recommendations of cessation services, and attitudes about other tobacco and nicotine products.

It is important to evaluate The Campaign in a context that assesses the dynamic nature of tobacco product marketing and uptake of various tobacco products, particularly since these may affect successful cessation rates. Survey instruments may be updated to include new or revised items on relevant topics, including cigars, noncombustible tobacco products, and other emerging trends in tobacco use.

OMB approval is requested for two years. Participation is voluntary and there are no costs to respondents other than their time.

ESTIMATED ANNUALIZED BURDEN HOURS

Type of respondent	Form name	Number of respondents	Number of responses per respondent	Average burden per response (in hours)	Total burden (in hours)
General Population	Screening and Consent Questionnaire.	25,000	1	5/60	2,083
Adults Smokers and Nonsmokers, ages 18–54, in the United States.	Smoker Survey (Wave A)	6,500	1	30/60	3,250
	Smoker Survey (Wave B)	4,000	1	30/60	2,000
	Smoker Survey (Wave C)	4,000	1	30/60	2,000
	Smoker Survey (Wave D)	4,000	1	30/60	2,000
	Nonsmoker Survey (Wave A)	2,500	1	30/60	1,250
	Nonsmoker Survey (Wave B)	2,000	1	30/60	1,000
	Nonsmoker Survey (Wave C)	2,000	1	30/60	1,000
	Nonsmoker Survey (Wave D)	2,000	1	30/60	1,000
Total					15,583

Leroy A. Richardson,

Chief, Information Collection Review Office,
Office of Scientific Integrity, Office of the
Associate Director for Science, Office of the
Director, Centers for Disease Control and
Prevention.

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES**Centers for Disease Control and Prevention**

[60Day–15–0824]

Proposed Data Collections Submitted for Public Comment and Recommendations

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), as part of its

continuing effort to reduce public burden and maximize the utility of government information, invites the general public and other Federal agencies to take this opportunity to comment on proposed and/or continuing information collections, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. To request more information on the below proposed project or to obtain a copy of the information collection plan and instruments, call 404–639–7570 or send

comments to Leroy A. Richardson, 1600 Clifton Road, MS-D74, Atlanta, GA 30333 or send an email to omb@cdc.gov.

Comments submitted in response to this notice will be summarized and/or included in the request for Office of Management and Budget (OMB) approval. Comments are invited on: (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology; and (e) estimates of capital or start-up costs and costs of operation, maintenance, and purchase of services to provide information. Burden means the total time, effort, or financial resources expended by persons to generate, maintain, retain, disclose or provide information to or for a Federal agency. This includes the time needed to review instructions; to develop, acquire, install and utilize technology and systems for the purpose of collecting, validating and verifying information, processing and maintaining information, and disclosing and providing information; to train personnel and to be able to respond to a collection of information, to search data sources, to complete and review the collection of information; and to transmit or otherwise disclose the information. Written comments should be received within 60 days of this notice.

Proposed Project

National Syndromic Surveillance Program (BioSense, OMB Control No. 0920-0824, Expiration Date 10/31/2015)—Revision—Center for Surveillance, Epidemiology and

Laboratory Services (CSELS), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

Background and Brief Description

The BioSense Program was created by congressional mandate as part of the Public Health Security and Bioterrorism Preparedness and Response Act of 2002 and was launched by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) in 2003. The BioSense Program has since been expanded into the National Syndromic Surveillance Program (NSSP) to promote the use of high-quality syndromic surveillance data for improved nationwide all-hazard situational awareness for public health decision making and enhanced responses to hazardous events and outbreaks.

NSSP is a collaboration among individuals and organizations from the local, state, and federal levels of public health; other federal agencies, including the Department of Defense (DoD) and the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA); and associations of public health officials, including the Association of State and Territorial Health Officials. NSSP includes a community of practice, a stakeholder governance process, and a cloud-based syndromic surveillance platform (the NSSP platform) that hosts the BioSense application and other analytic tools and services.

Syndromic surveillance is a process that regularly and systematically uses health and health-related data in near real-time to make information on the health of a community available to public health officials. Patient encounter, laboratory, and pharmacy data from healthcare settings including emergency departments, urgent care, ambulatory care and inpatient settings provide critical information for syndromic surveillance and are used by public health agencies under authorities granted to them by applicable local and state laws.

CDC requests a three-year approval for a Revision for NSSP (BioSense, OMB Control No. 0920-0824, Expiration Date 10/31/2015). With this revision, CDC also requests the following collection

title: National Syndromic Surveillance Program (NSSP). The NSSP will continue to receive and processes four different types of information: (1) Contact information for state and local public health officials who wish to have data from their jurisdictions submitted to NSSP (recruitment data); (2) contact information for public health officials and other new users needed to provide them with access to the NSSP Platform (registration data); (3) NSSP user information needed to determine for development of the NSSP platform and to assess the usability of the platform (user data) (since the number of respondents will not exceed nine non-federal users to assess usability, the associated burden is not applicable to this request); and (4) existing healthcare encounter, pharmacy, and laboratory data (healthcare data) without personally identifiable information (PII).

As in the past, healthcare data will continue to be submitted to NSSP by state and local health departments or hospitals in those jurisdictions, federal agencies including the VA, DoD, a national level private sector clinical laboratory, and a private sector health information exchange company.

In addition, healthcare data will be submitted from urgent care, ambulatory care and inpatient settings. The inclusion of these additional data in NSSP is consistent with the Department of Health and Human Services' criteria for the "meaningful use" by public health of electronic health records for syndromic surveillance.

There are no costs to respondents other than their time. Respondents in this data submission include state and local public health jurisdictions, federal agencies, and the private sector providers of healthcare, laboratory and pharmacy data.

Though a large number of electronic health records are transmitted to NSSP, once the automated interfaces are set up for transmission (developing the data sharing agreements), there is no burden for record transmission. The estimated annual burden is 51 hours.

ESTIMATED ANNUALIZED BURDEN HOURS

Type of respondents	Number of respondents	Number of responses per respondent	Average burden per response (in hours)	Total burden (in hours)
Recruitment Information Collection				
State and Local Public Health Jurisdictions	20	1	1	20
Federal Government	2	1	1	2
Private Sector	3	1	1	3
Registration Information Collection				
State and Local Public Health Jurisdictions	200	1	5/60	17

ESTIMATED ANNUALIZED BURDEN HOURS—Continued

Type of respondents	Number of respondents	Number of responses per respondent	Average burden per response (in hours)	Total burden (in hours)
Federal Government	30	1	5/60	3
Private Sector	50	1	5/60	4
Healthcare Information Collection: Administrator Data Sharing Agreements/Permissions				
State and Local Public Health Jurisdictions	20	1	5/60	2
Federal Government	2	0	5/60	0
Private Sector	3	0	0	0
Total				51

Leroy A. Richardson,

Chief, Information Collection Review Office,
Office of Scientific Integrity, Office of the
Associate Director for Science, Office of the
Director, Centers for Disease Control and
Prevention.

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES**Administration for Children and Families****Proposed Information Collection Activity; Comment Request**

Title: Affordable Care Act Tribal Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home Visiting Program: Guidance for Submitting an Annual Report to the Secretary.

OMB No.: 0970-0409.

Description: Section 511(e)(8)(A) of the Social Security Act, as added by Section 2951 of the Affordable Care Act, requires that grantees under the Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home Visiting (MIECHV) program for states and jurisdictions submit an annual report to the Secretary of Health and Human Services regarding the program and activities carried out under the program, including such data and information as the Secretary shall require. Section 511 (h)(2)(A) further states that the requirements for the MIECHV grants to tribes, tribal organizations, and urban Indian

organizations are to be consistent, to the greatest extent practicable, with the requirements for grantees under the MIECHV program for states and jurisdictions.

The Administration for Children and Families, Office of Child Care, in collaboration with the Health Resources and Services Administration, Maternal and Child Health Bureau, has awarded grants for the Tribal Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home Visiting Program (Tribal Home Visiting). The Tribal Home Visiting discretionary grants support cooperative agreements to conduct community needs assessments; plan for and implement high-quality, culturally-relevant, evidence-based home visiting programs in at-risk tribal communities; establish, measure, and report on progress toward meeting performance measures in six legislatively-mandated benchmark areas; and participate in rigorous evaluation activities to build the knowledge base on home visiting among Native populations.

Tribal Home Visiting grantees have been notified that in every year of their grant, after the first year, they must comply with the requirement for submitting an Annual Report to the Secretary that should feature activities carried out under the program during the past reporting period. In order to assist grantees with meeting the requirements of the Annual Report to the Secretary, ACF created guidance for grantees to use when writing their

annual reports. The existing guidance (OMB Control No. 0970-0409, Expiration Date 9/30/15) provides sections where grantees must address the following:

- Update on Home Visiting Program Goals and Objectives
- Update on the Implementation of Home Visiting Program in Targeted Community(ies)
- Progress toward Meeting Legislatively Mandated Benchmark Requirements
- Update on Rigorous Evaluation Activities
- Home Visiting Program Continuous Quality Improvement (CQI) Efforts
- Administration of Home Visiting Program
- Technical Assistance Needs

The proposed data collection form is as follows:

ACF is requesting approval to renew and update the existing Tribal Home Visiting Guidance for Submitting an Annual Report to the Secretary (OMB Control No. 0970-0409) that will include instructions for grantees to submit either an annual or final report (in the final year of the grant) on the progress of their program to the Secretary, depending on the reporting period.

Respondents: Tribal Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home Visiting Program Managers (The information collection does not include direct interaction with individuals or families that receive the services).

ANNUAL BURDEN ESTIMATES

Instrument	Annual number of respondents	Number of responses per respondent	Total responses	Average burden hours per response	Total annual burden hours
Annual/Final Report to the Secretary (depending on reporting period) ..	25	1	1	50	1250

Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours: 1,250.