

Act's provisions limiting the recovery of antitrust plaintiffs to actual damages under specified circumstances.

Specifically, TDK—Lambda Americas Inc., Neptune, NJ; RF Ideas, Inc., Rolling Meadows, IL; ENTRON Controls LLC, Greer, SC; and MTS Systems Corporation, Eden Prairie, MN, have been added as parties to this venture.

Also, Actel Corporation, Mountain View, CA; Toshiba Corporation, Tokyo, JAPAN; Azbil North America, Inc. (formerly Yamatake Sensing Control), Santa Clara, CA; Shanghai Sibotech Automation Co. Ltd., Shanghai, PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA; and ELAU AG, Marktheidenfeld, GERMANY, have withdrawn as parties to this venture.

No other changes have been made in either the membership or planned activity of the group research project. Membership in this group research project remains open, and ODVA intends to file additional written notifications disclosing all changes in membership.

On June 21, 1995, ODVA filed its original notification pursuant to Section 6(a) of the Act. The Department of Justice published a notice in the **Federal Register** pursuant to Section 6(b) of the Act on February 15, 1996 (61 FR 6039).

The last notification was filed with the Department on June 24, 2011. A notice was published in the **Federal Register** pursuant to Section 6(b) of the Act on August 9, 2011 (76 FR 48884).

Patricia A. Brink,

Director of Civil Enforcement, Antitrust Division.

[FR Doc. 2011–31744 Filed 12–9–11; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410–11–P

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Antitrust Division

Notice Pursuant to the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993—Manufacturers Standardization Society

Notice is hereby given that, on November 7, 2011, pursuant to Section 6(a) of the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993, 15 U.S.C. 4301 *et seq.* (“the Act”), Manufacturers Standardization Society (“MSS”) has filed written notifications simultaneously with the Attorney General and the Federal Trade Commission disclosing (1) The name and principal place of business of the standards development organization and (2) the nature and scope of its standards development activities. The notifications were filed for the purpose

of invoking the Act's provisions limiting the recovery of antitrust plaintiffs to actual damages under specified circumstances.

Pursuant to Section 6(b) of the Act, the name and principal place of business of the standards development organization is: Manufacturers Standardization Society, Vienna, VA. The nature and scope of MSS's standards development activities are: Valves, Valve Actuators, Pipe Fittings, Valve Modification, Flanges, Pipe Hangers and Supports, and Associated Seals.

Patricia A. Brink,

Director of Civil Enforcement, Antitrust Division.

[FR Doc. 2011–31745 Filed 12–9–11; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE P

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Antitrust Division

Notice Pursuant to the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993—Consortium for Command, Control, Communications and Computer Technologies

Notice is hereby given that, on November 18, 2011, pursuant to Section 6(a) of the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993, 15 U.S.C. 4301 *et seq.* (“the Act”), Consortium for Command, Control, Communications and Computer Technologies (“Consortium for Command”) has filed written notifications simultaneously with the Attorney General and the Federal Trade Commission disclosing (1) the identities of the parties to the venture and (2) the nature and objectives of the venture. The notifications were filed for the purpose of invoking the Act's provisions limiting the recovery of antitrust plaintiffs to actual damages under specified circumstances.

Pursuant to Section 6(b) of the Act, the identities of the parties to the venture are: Consortium for Command, Control, Communications and Computer Technologies, Washington, DC; 3D–4U Inc., Blacksburg, VA; Mississippi State University, Mississippi State, MS; Paul Cibuzar Consulting, Nisswa, MN; Science Applications International Corporation, Crane, IN; Scientia LLC, Bloomington, IN; Signal Innovations Group, Inc., Durham, NC; Stevens Institute of Technology, Hoboken, NJ; T2 Solutions LLC, Greenville, SC; Tiburon Associates, Inc., Dayton, OH; TS2 Tactical Spec-Solutions Inc., Bedford, IN; UXB International, Blacksburg, VA; Virginia Tech Applied

Research Corporation, Blacksburg, VA; and Wyle Laboratories, Lexington Park, MD.

The general area of Consortium for Command's planned activity is (a) to enter into an Other Transaction Agreement (“OT Agreement”) with the U.S. Army (the Government), pursuant to Section 845 of the 1994 National Defense Authorization Act, as amended, for the funding of certain research, development, testing and evaluation of prototypes to be conducted as a collaboration between the Government and Consortium Members, to enhance the capabilities of the U.S. Government and its departments and agencies in the fields of Intelligence, Surveillance, and Reconnaissance (ISR) mission enabled by new technologies for command, control, communications, computing (C4), and decision-enhancing technologies; (b) participate in the establishment of sound technologies and programmatic performance goals based on the needs and requirements of the Government's Technology Objectives and create programs and secure funding for the Technology Objectives; (c) provide a unified voice to effectively articulate the global and strategically important role which ISR-enabling technologies play in current and future kinetic and non-kinetic weaponry; and (d) maximize the utilization of the Government's and Members' capabilities to effectively develop critical sensor, communications, and computer-focused technologies which can be transitioned and commercialized.

Additional information concerning the Consortium can be obtained from Charlie McBride, President, Consortium for Command, Control, Communications and Computer Technologies, 1025 Connecticut Ave. NW., Suite 904, Washington, DC 20036, Telephone (202) 466–4210, Fax (202) 466–4213, email: mcbride@cmcbride.com.

Patricia A. Brink,

Director of Civil Enforcement, Antitrust Division.

[FR Doc. 2011–31746 Filed 12–9–11; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410–11–P

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Antitrust Division

Notice Pursuant to the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993—Green Seal, Inc.

Notice is hereby given that, on November 9, 2011, pursuant to Section 6(a) of the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993,

15 U.S.C. 4301 *et seq.* (“the Act”), Green Seal, Inc. (“Green Seal”) has filed written notifications simultaneously with the Attorney General and the Federal Trade Commission disclosing additions or changes to its standards development activities. The notifications were filed for the purpose of extending the Act’s provisions limiting the recovery of antitrust plaintiffs to actual damages under specified circumstances. Specifically, Green Seal has issued new standards for specialty cleaning products and a comprehensive revision to the standard for reusable bags.

On January 26, 2011, Green Seal filed its original notification pursuant to Section 6(a) of the Act. The Department of Justice published a notice in the **Federal Register** pursuant to Section 6(b) of the Act on March 7, 2011 (76 FR 12370).

The last notification was filed with the Department on June 28, 2011. A notice was published in the **Federal Register** pursuant to Section 6(b) of the Act on August 3, 2011 (76 FR 46843).

Patricia A. Brink,
Director of Civil Enforcement, Antitrust Division.

[FR Doc. 2011–31752 Filed 12–9–11; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE P

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Drug Enforcement Administration

[Docket No. DEA–353E]

Established Assessment of Annual Needs for the List I Chemicals Ephedrine, Pseudoephedrine, and Phenylpropanolamine for 2012

AGENCY: Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA), Department of Justice.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice establishes the initial 2012 assessment of annual needs for the List I chemicals ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, and phenylpropanolamine.

DATES: *Effective Date:* December 12, 2011.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: John W. Partridge, Chief, Liaison and Policy Section, Drug Enforcement Administration, 8701 Morrisette Drive, Springfield, Virginia 22152, *Telephone:* (202) 307–7184.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

The 2012 assessment of annual needs represents those quantities of ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, and phenylpropanolamine which may be manufactured domestically and imported into the United States in 2012 to provide adequate supplies of each chemical to meet the estimated medical, scientific, research, and industrial needs of the United States, lawful export requirements, and the establishment and maintenance of reserve stocks of such chemicals. Section 306 of the Controlled Substances Act (CSA) (21 U.S.C. 826) requires that the Attorney General establish an assessment of annual needs for ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, and phenylpropanolamine. This responsibility has been delegated to the Administrator of the DEA by 28 CFR 0.100.

On September 14, 2011, a notice entitled “Proposed Assessment of Annual Needs for the List I Chemicals Ephedrine, Pseudoephedrine, and Phenylpropanolamine for 2012” was published in the **Federal Register** (76 FR 56809). That notice proposed the 2012 assessment of annual needs for ephedrine (for sale), ephedrine (for conversion), pseudoephedrine (for sale), phenylpropanolamine (for sale), and phenylpropanolamine (for conversion). All interested persons were invited to comment on or object to the assessments on or before October 14, 2011.

Comments Received

DEA received one comment regarding the proposed assessment of annual needs for pseudoephedrine. The commenter stated that “the quotas should be increased to cover our needs. The appropriate DEA Form 250 will be

submitted shortly pertaining to the items for which we submitted comments.” As of October 17, 2011, the commenter was not registered to manufacture the chemical pseudoephedrine and DEA had not received the commenter’s request for 2012 quota for pseudoephedrine. DEA will consider the commenter’s request for quota after they become registered to manufacture pseudoephedrine and submit a quota application pursuant to 21 CFR 1315.22.

Conclusion

In determining the 2012 assessments, DEA took into account the criteria that DEA is required to consider in accordance with 21 U.S.C. 826(a) and 21 CFR 1315.11. DEA has increased the assessment of annual need for ephedrine (for sale) and pseudoephedrine (for sale) over the proposed amount based on additional data that was received regarding the total net disposals (*i.e.* sales) of these List I chemicals for the current and preceding two years, actual and estimated inventories, projected demand (2012), industrial use, and export requirements. The relevant inventory, acquisition (purchases), and disposition (sales) data was provided by DEA registered manufacturers and importers in procurement quota applications (DEA 250), manufacturing quota applications (DEA 189), import quota applications (DEA 488), and declarations for import and export received by DEA as of October 17, 2011. After reviewing the additional data, DEA determined that an increase in the proposed assessment of annual need for ephedrine (for sale) and pseudoephedrine (for sale) was warranted. This notice reflects that increase.

In accordance with 21 U.S.C. 826 and 21 CFR 1315.11, the Administrator hereby determines that the 2012 assessment of annual needs for ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, and phenylpropanolamine, expressed in kilograms of anhydrous acid or base, is established as follows:

List I chemical	Established 2012 assessment of annual needs (kg)
Ephedrine (for sale)	4,000
Phenylpropanolamine (for sale)	5,200
Pseudoephedrine (for sale)	258,000
Phenylpropanolamine (for conversion)	26,200
Ephedrine (for conversion)	12,000