

et seq. (“the Act”), Sematech, Inc. (which is doing business as International SEMATECH) has filed written notifications simultaneously with the Attorney General and the Federal Trade Commission disclosing changes in its membership and its nature and objectives. The notifications were filed for the purpose of extending the Act’s provisions limiting the recovery of antitrust plaintiffs to actual damages under specified circumstances. Specifically, Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Corporation, Inc., Hsinchu, Taiwan; United Microelectronics Corporation, Inc., Hsin Chu City, Taiwan; Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd., Yongin-City, Gyeonggi-Do, Republic of Korea; College of Nanoscale Science and Engineering of the University of Albany, State University of New York, Albany, NY; Fuller Road Management Corporation, Inc. of the University of Albany, State University of New York, Albany, NY; Tokyo Electron Limited, Minato-ku, Tokyo, JAPAN; Canon Anelva Corporation, Kanagawa, Japan; Asahi Glass Corporation, Chiyodaku, Tokyo, Japan; FEI Company, Hillsboro, OR; SUSS MicroTec AG, Thiendorf, Germany; ASML Holding N.V., Veldhoven, The Netherlands; KLA-Tencor Corporation, Milpitas, CA; Qualcomm Incorporated, San Diego, CA; Nanosys Inc., Palo Alto, CA; 4DS Inc., Fremont, CA; Intel, Inc., Santa Clara, CA; TSMC, Hsinchu, Taiwan; Hynix Semiconductor Inc., Geonggi-Do, Republic of Korea; Tokyo Electron Limited, Minato-ku, Tokyo, Japan; Rudolph Technologies Inc., Flanders, NJ; ON Semiconductor, Phoenix, AZ; NEXX Systems Inc., San Francisco, CA; Atotech Deutschland GmbH, Berlin, Germany; Altera Corporation, San Jose, CA; Qualcomm Incorporated, San Diego, CA; Analog Devices Inc., Norwood, MA; LSI Corporation, Milpitas, CA; Lasertec Corporation, Yokohama, Japan; ASE Group, Kaohsiung, Taiwan; Fujifilm Electronic Materials, Shizuoka, Japan; Nissan Chemical Industries Ltd., Tokyo, Japan; Sumitomo Electric Industries, Ltd., Tokyo, Japan; JSR Corporation, Sunnyvale, CA; AZ Electronic Materials, Somerville, NJ; Shin-Etsu Chemical Co., LTD, Niigata, Japan; Rohm and Hass Company, Marlborough, MA; Texas Instruments, Inc., Dallas, TX; Micron Technology, Inc., Boise, ID; National Semiconductor, Inc., Santa Clara, CA; Renesas Technology Corporation, Tokyo, Japan; Toshiba Corporation, Yokohama, Japan; Panasonic Semiconductor Discrete Devices Co., Ltd., Kyoto, Japan; Applied Materials Inc., Santa Clara, CA; Edwards Limited,

Tewksbury, MA; Texas Instruments, Dallas, TX; Matheson Tr-Gas Inc., Basking Ridge, NJ, have been added as parties to this venture.

Also, Texas Instruments, Inc., Dallas, TX; Freescale Semiconductor, Inc., Austin, TX; Infineon Technologies AG, Dresden, Germany; Qimonda AG, Dresden, Germany; and Advanced Technology Development Facility, Inc., Austin, TX, have withdrawn as parties to this venture.

Additionally, International SEMATECH has begun to recruit and admit program members that only join certain discrete projects and thus only have access to information and intellectual property created under the discrete projects that these lower-tiered members join. Hence, International SEMATECH has four new classes of membership in addition to its traditional core membership: (1) Program—includes integrated circuit manufacturers, semiconductor design companies, and assembly and packaging companies that choose to pay for and receive information and other intellectual property developed in any of Sematech’s technical divisions; (2) Associate—includes companies that design, test, make, market, or support materials, equipment, processes, software, systems, or facilities for manufacturing semiconductors and that pay for and receive access to information and other intellectual property that arise under discrete Sematech-led projects; (3) Extreme Ultraviolet Lithography Mask Infrastructure (“EMI”)—includes among its members integrated circuit manufacturers and semiconductor mask makers; and (4) 3D Enablement Center—created to finance and conduct research related to three dimensional (3D) interconnect technologies, which the chip manufacturing and design industries perceive to be a means available to extend Moore’s law without the enormous expense associated with development of new lithographic technologies.

International SEMATECH created a new subsidiary called International Sematech Manufacturing Initiative, Inc. (“ISMI”), which is also a Delaware 501(c)(6) membership corporation organized to finance and conduct research and development related to solving semiconductor manufacturing problems. ISMI’s emphasis is on solving today’s semiconductor manufacturing challenges such as enhancing semiconductor manufacturing equipment productivity, contributing to increased automation in the operation of semiconductor fabrication facilities (“fabs”) and reducing fabs’ electricity

and water consumption. Sematech created the 450 LLC to finance and conduct research and development necessary to catalyze the introduction into the marketplace of semiconductor manufacturing equipment capable of handling silicon wafers with a diameter of 450mm. The purpose of the 450 LLC is to aggregate funds from integrated circuit manufacturers to finance and participate in this endeavor.

No other changes have been made in either the membership or planned activity of the group research project. Membership in this group research project remains open, and International SEMATECH intends to file additional written notifications disclosing all changes in membership.

On April 22, 1988, International SEMATECH filed its original notification pursuant to Section 6(a) of the Act. The Department of Justice published a notice in the **Federal Register** pursuant to Section 6(b) of the Act on May 19, 1988 (53 FR 17987).

The last notification was filed with the Department on June 16, 2003. A notice was published in the **Federal Register** pursuant to Section 6(b) of the Act on August 4, 2003 (68 FR 45855).

Patricia A. Brink,

Director of Civil Enforcement, Antitrust Division.

[FR Doc. 2011–29079 Filed 11–14–11; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410–11–P

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Antitrust Division

Notice Pursuant to the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993—Cooperative Research Group on Energy Storage System Evaluation and Safety

Notice is hereby given that, on October 6, 2011, pursuant to Section 6(a) of the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993, 15 U.S.C. 4301 *et seq.* (“the Act”), Southwest Research Institute—Cooperative Research Group on Energy Storage System Evaluation and Safety (“EssEs”) has filed written notifications simultaneously with the Attorney General and the Federal Trade Commission disclosing (1) The identities of the parties to the venture and (2) the nature and objectives of the venture. The notifications were filed for the purpose of invoking the Act’s provisions limiting the recovery of antitrust plaintiffs to actual damages under specified circumstances.

Pursuant to Section 6(b) of the Act, the identities of the parties to the

venture are: Allison Transmission, Inc., Indianapolis, IN; BAE Systems, Johnson City, NY; Cummins, Inc., Columbus, IN; Deere & Company, Moline, IL; Tata Motors Limited, Mumbai, India; Caterpillar Inc., Peoria, IL; China Automotive Technology and Research Center (CATARC), Tianjin, People's Republic of China; and Shanghai E-Propulsion Auto Technology Co., Ltd., Shanghai, People's Republic of China. The general area of EssEs's planned activity is to develop detailed cell level data on current or near market technology across a meaningfully diverse number of manufacturers to allow a relative comparison between available technologies. The program will provide performance, life, abuse and consistency of manufacturing test data for member-selected systems in a private, independent third party laboratory format (nongovernmental). This will provide members with data required to assess the pertinent performance characteristics of various battery topologies, chemistries and manufacturers to assist in the selection of cells for a vehicular energy storage system. Additionally, the level of data and the detail in which it is provided will be sufficient to aid in the development of models, pack integration work and thermal management strategy development.

Patricia A. Brink,

Director of Civil Enforcement, Antitrust Division.

[FR Doc. 2011-29078 Filed 11-14-11; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-11-M

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Antitrust Division

Notice Pursuant to the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993—American Brush Manufacturers Association

Notice is hereby given that, on October 12, 2011, pursuant to Section 6(a) of the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993, 15 U.S.C. 4301 *et seq.* ("the Act"), American Brush Manufacturers Association ("ABMA") has filed written notifications simultaneously with the Attorney General and the Federal Trade Commission disclosing (1) The name and principal place of business of the standards development organization and (2) the nature and scope of its standards development activities. The notifications were filed for the purpose of invoking the Act's provisions limiting the recovery of antitrust plaintiffs to

actual damages under specified circumstances.

Pursuant to Section 6(b) of the Act, the name and principal place of business of the standards development organization is: American Brush Manufacturers Association, Aurora, IL. The nature and scope of ABMA's standards development activities are: To establish the rules and specifications for safety that apply in the design, use and care of power driven brushing tools, which are specifically defined and covered under the scope of the standard. It includes specifications for shanks, adapters, flanges, collets, chucks and safety guards and the rules for proper storage, handling mounting and use of brushes. Information on the wording of the labels that appear on the brooms, mops or their packaging will help ensure that accurate information on content is presented to the consumer/user.

Patricia A. Brink,

Director of Civil Enforcement, Antitrust Division.

[FR Doc. 2011-29076 Filed 11-14-11; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410-11-M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-80,076]

Nexergy, Inc., Including On-Site Leased Workers From Act-I Staffing, Kelly Services and Snider-Blake Personnel, Including Workers Whose Unemployment Insurance (UI) Wages Are Reported Through Western Services, Inc., Columbus, OH; Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance and Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2273), and Section 246 of the Trade Act of 1974 (26 U.S.C. 2813), as amended, the Department of Labor issued a Certification of Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance and Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance on June 14, 2011, applicable to workers of Nexergy, Inc., including on-site leased workers from ACT-I Staffing, Snider-Black Personnel and Kelly Services, Columbus, Ohio. The workers are engaged in activities related to the production of battery packs, printed circuit boards and wire harnesses. The notice was published in the **Federal Register** on July 8, 2011 (76 FR 40401).

At the request of the State agency, the Department reviewed the certification for workers of the subject firm. New information shows that workers leased from Snider-Blake Personnel employed on-site at the Columbus, Ohio location of Nexergy, Inc. had their wages reported under a separate unemployment insurance (UI) tax account under the name Western Services, Inc.

Accordingly, the Department is amending this certification to properly reflect this matter.

The intent of the Department's certification is to include all workers of the subject firm who were adversely affected by actual/likely increase in imports following a shift abroad.

The amended notice applicable to TA-W-80,076 is hereby issued as follows:

All workers of Nexergy, Inc., including on-site leased workers from ACT-I Staffing, Kelly Services and Snider-Blake Personnel, including workers whose unemployment insurance (UI) wages are reported through Western Services, Inc., Columbus, Ohio, who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after March 28, 2010, through June 14, 2013, are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974, and are also eligible to apply for alternative trade adjustment assistance under Section 246 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed at Washington, DC this 31st day of October 2011.

Michael W. Jaffe,

Certifying Officer, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 2011-29395 Filed 11-14-11; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-FN-P

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

Investigations Regarding Certifications of Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance and Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance

Petitions have been filed with the Secretary of Labor under Section 221(a) of the Trade Act of 1974 ("the Act") and are identified in the Appendix to this notice. Upon receipt of these petitions, the Director of the Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance, Employment and Training Administration, has instituted investigations pursuant to Section 221(a) of the Act.

The purpose of each of the investigations is to determine whether the workers are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under Title II, Chapter 2, of the Act. The investigations