UL 745–2–34 Particular Requirements for Strapping Tools

UL 745–2–35 Particular Requirements for Drain Cleaners

UL 745–2–36 Particular Requirements for Hand Motor Tools

UL 745–2–37 Particular Requirements for Plate Jointers

UL 749 Household Dishwashers

UL 775 Graphic Arts Equipment

UL 778 Motor-Operated Water Pumps UL 826 Household Electric Clocks

UL 858 Household Electric Ranges

UL 859 Household Electric Personal Grooming Appliances

UL 867 Electrostatic Air Cleaners

UL 875 Electric Dry-Bath Heaters UL 921 Commercial Dishwashers

UL 935 Fluorescent-Lamp Ballasts UL 969 Marking and Labeling Systems

UL 977 Fused Power-Circuit Devices UL 979 Water Treatment Appliances

UL 984 Hermetic Refrigerant Motor-Compressors

UL 987 Stationary and Fixed Electric Tools

UL 1018 Electric Aquarium Equipment UL 1028 Hair Clipping and Shaving

Appliances

UL 1030 Sheathed Heating Elements

UL 1086 Household Trash Compactors

UL 1088 Temporary Lighting Strings UL 1097 Double Insulation Systems for Use in Electrical Equipment

UL 1206 Electric Commercial Clothes-Washing Equipment

UL 1230 Amateur Movie Lights

UL 1240 Electric Commercial Clothes-Drying Equipment

UL 1411 Transformers and Motor Transformers for Use In Audio-, Radio-, and Television-Type Appliances

UL 1419 Professional Video and Audio Equipment

UL 1431 Personal Hygiene and Health Care Appliances

UL 1449 Surge Protective Devices UL 1484 Residential Gas Detectors

UL 1559 Insect-Control Equipment— Electrocution Type

UL 1561 Dry-Type General Purpose and Power Transformers

UL 1563 Electric Spas, Equipment Assemblies, and Associated Equipment

UL 1573 Stage and Studio Luminaires and Connector Strips

UL 1574 Track Lighting Systems

UL 1594 Sewing and Cutting Machines

UL 1598 Luminaires

UL 1741 Inverters, Converters, Controllers and Interconnection System Equipment for Use With Distributed Energy Resources

UL 1778 Uninterruptible Power

Supply Equipment UL 1786 Direct Plug-In Nightlights

UL 1838 Low Voltage Landscape Lighting Systems UL 1963 Refrigerant Recovery/ Recycling Equipment

UL 1993 Self-Ballasted Lamps and Lamp Adapters

UL 2044 Commercial Closed-Circuit Television Equipment

UL 2111 Overheating Protection for Motors

UL 2157 Electric Clothes Washing Machines and Extractors

Machines and Extractors
UL 2158 Electric Clothes Dryers

UL 60335–2–3 Household and Similar Electrical Appliances, Part 2: Particular Requirements for Electric Irons

UL 60745-1 Hand-Held Motor-Operated Electric Tools—Safety—Part 1: General Requirements

UL 61010A-2-020 Electrical Equipment for Laboratory Use; Part 2: Particular Requirements for Laboratory Centrifuges

UL 61010A–2–061 Electrical
Equipment for Laboratory Use; Part 2:
Particular Requirements for
Laboratory Atomic Spectrometers
with Thermal Atomization and
Ionization

UL 61010B–2–031 Electrical
Equipment for Measurement, Control,
and Laboratory Use; Part 2: Particular
Requirements for Hand-Held Probe
Assemblies for Electrical
Measurement and Test

The designations and titles of the above test standards were current at the time of the preparation of this notice.

OSHA's recognition of TUVAM, or any NRTL, for a particular test standard is limited to equipment or materials (i.e., products) for which OSHA standards require third-party testing and certification before use in the workplace. Consequently, if a test standard also covers any product(s) for which OSHA does not require such testing and certification, an NRTL's scope of recognition does not include that product(s).

Test standards listed above may be approved as an American National Standard by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI). However, for convenience, we use the designation of the standards-developing organization for the standard as opposed to the ANSI designation. Under our procedures, any NRTL recognized for an ANSI-approved test standard may use either the latest proprietary version of the test standard or the latest ANSI version of that standard. You may contact ANSI to find out whether a test standard is currently ANSI-approved.

Conditions

TUVAM must also abide by the following conditions of the recognition,

in addition to those conditions already required by 29 CFR 1910.7:

OSHA must be allowed access to TUVAM's facilities and records to ascertain continuing compliance with the terms of its recognition and to perform investigations as OSHA deems necessary;

If TUVAM has reason to doubt the efficacy of any test standard it is using under this program, it must promptly inform the test standard developing organization of this concern and provide that organization with appropriate relevant information upon which its concern is based;

TUVAM must not engage in, or permit others to engage in, any misrepresentation of the scope or conditions of its recognition. As part of this condition, TUVAM agrees that it will allow no representation that it is either a recognized or an accredited Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) without clearly indicating the specific equipment or material to which this recognition applies, and also clearly indicating that its recognition is limited to certain products;

TUVAM must inform OSHA as soon as possible, in writing, of any change of ownership, facilities, or key personnel, and of any major changes in its operations as an NRTL, including details of these changes;

TUVAM will meet all the terms of its recognition and will always comply with all OSHA policies pertaining to this recognition; and

TUVAM will continue to meet the requirements for recognition in all areas where it has been recognized.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 22nd day of August, 2008.

Edwin G. Foulke, Jr.,

 $Assistant\ Secretary\ of\ Labor\ for\ Occupational\\ Safety\ and\ Health.$

[FR Doc. E8–20169 Filed 8–28–08; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 4510–26–P**

NATIONAL ARCHIVES AND RECORDS ADMINISTRATION

Records Schedules; Availability and Request for Comments

AGENCY: National Archives and Records Administration (NARA).

ACTION: Notice of availability of proposed records schedules; request for comments.

SUMMARY: The National Archives and Records Administration (NARA) publishes notice at least once monthly of certain Federal agency requests for records disposition authority (records

records schedules provide mandatory instructions on what happens to records when no longer needed for current Government business. They authorize the preservation of records of continuing value in the National Archives of the United States and the destruction, after a specified period, of records lacking administrative, legal, research, or other value. Notice is published for records schedules in which agencies propose to destroy records not previously authorized for disposal or reduce the retention period of records already authorized for disposal. NARA invites public comments on such records schedules, as required by 44 U.S.C. 3303a(a). **DATES:** Requests for copies must be received in writing on or before September 29, 2008. Once the appraisal of the records is completed, NARA will send a copy of the schedule. NARA staff usually prepare appraisal memorandums that contain additional

schedules). Once approved by NARA,

days to submit comments.

ADDRESSES: You may request a copy of any records schedule identified in this notice by contacting the Life Cycle Management Division (NWML) using

information concerning the records

too, may be requested and will be

provided once the appraisal is

covered by a proposed schedule. These,

completed. Requesters will be given 30

one of the following means:
Mail: NARA (NWML), 8601 Adelphi
Road, College Park, MD 20740–6001.
E-mail: requestschedule@nara.gov.
Fax: 301–837–3698.

Requesters must cite the control number, which appears in parentheses after the name of the agency which submitted the schedule, and must provide a mailing address. Those who desire appraisal reports should so indicate in their request.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Laurence Brewer, Director, Life Cycle Management Division (NWML), National Archives and Records Administration, 8601 Adelphi Road, College Park, MD 20740–6001. Telephone: 301–837–1539. E-mail: records.mgt@nara.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Each year Federal agencies create billions of records on paper, film, magnetic tape, and other media. To control this accumulation, agency records managers prepare schedules proposing retention periods for records and submit these schedules for NARA's approval, using the Standard Form (SF) 115, Request for Records Disposition Authority. These schedules provide for the timely transfer into the National Archives of historically valuable records and

authorize the disposal of all other records after the agency no longer needs them to conduct its business. Some schedules are comprehensive and cover all the records of an agency or one of its major subdivisions. Most schedules, however, cover records of only one office or program or a few series of records. Many of these update previously approved schedules, and some include records proposed as

The schedules listed in this notice are media neutral unless specified otherwise. An item in a schedule is media neutral when the disposition instructions may be applied to records regardless of the medium in which the records are created and maintained. Items included in schedules submitted to NARA on or after December 17, 2007, are media neutral unless the item is limited to a specific medium. (See 36 CFR 1228.24(b)(3).)

No Federal records are authorized for destruction without the approval of the Archivist of the United States. This approval is granted only after a thorough consideration of their administrative use by the agency of origin, the rights of the Government and of private persons directly affected by the Government's activities, and whether or not they have historical or other value.

Besides identifying the Federal agencies and any subdivisions requesting disposition authority, this public notice lists the organizational unit(s) accumulating the records or indicates agency-wide applicability in the case of schedules that cover records that may be accumulated throughout an agency. This notice provides the control number assigned to each schedule, the total number of schedule items, and the number of temporary items (the records proposed for destruction). It also includes a brief description of the temporary records. The records schedule itself contains a full description of the records at the file unit level as well as their disposition. If NARA staff has prepared an appraisal memorandum for the schedule, it too includes information about the records. Further information about the disposition process is available on request.

Schedules Pending

1. Department of Commerce, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (N1–370–07–5, 12 items, 9 temporary items). Records of the Hydrographic Surveys Division, including digital data working files used in preparation of bathymetric grids, wire drag supplements to smooth sheets, inputs and outputs for the Hydrographic

- Survey Index System, digital files and system outputs for the Hydrographic Survey Metadata Database, and digital files, inputs, and outputs for the Hydrographic Survey Tracker. Proposed for permanent retention are bathymetric grids, hydrographic descriptive reports and field examination reports in digital form, and digital files for the Hydrographic Survey Index System. The proposed disposition instructions are limited to paper records for some items and to electronic records for other items.
- 2. Department of Defense, Office of the Secretary of Defense (N1–330–08–7, 2 items, 1 temporary item). Master file associated with an electronic information system used to report sexual assault and prevention data. Data includes victim and perpetrator background information, actions taken, and final results. Proposed for permanent retention are annual reports on sexual assaults.
- 3. Department of Defense, Office of the Secretary of Defense (N1–330–08–8, 1 item, 1 temporary item). Master file associated with an electronic information system used to track human research protocol data. Data includes researcher and reviewer contact information, and protocol descriptions, reviews, approvals, and exemptions.
- 4. Department of Education, Office of Management (N1–441–08–4, 2 items, 2 temporary items). Records relating to civil rights cases docketed for hearing and resolution. Included are case files, motions, briefs, exhibits, transcripts of hearings, orders, decisions, and correspondence.
- 5. Department of Homeland Security, National Protection and Programs Directorate (N1–563–08–32, 1 item, 1 temporary item). Master file for an electronic information system of the Office of Emergency Communications, supporting interoperability of communications equipment between local, state and Federal first responders.
- 6. Department of the Interior, United States Geological Survey (N1-57-08-2, 41 items, 38 temporary items). Records associated with such administrative housekeeping functions as acquisition and supply; budgeting, financial management, and accounting; inventions, patents, and technology transfer; legal and congressional affairs; and information services. Included are information quality records, technology transfer agreements and supporting materials, financial management planning and project records, performance and accountability reports, and investigative case files. Proposed for permanent retention are biographical

records for top-level officials, congressional hearing/briefing files, and the record set of budget justification and performance information books. The proposed disposition instructions are limited to paper records.

7. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation (N1–65–08–6, 1 item, 1 temporary item). Unsuccessful employment applications dated prior to 1921, for which the General Records

Schedule does not apply.

8. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation (N1–65–08–10, 6 items, 4 temporary items). Administrative records, background material, and working papers of the Strategic Execution Team, which analyzes and improves the Bureau's performance of its national security mission. Proposed for permanent retention are the briefings, reports, minutes, presentations, communications, and recommendations of the Steering Committee.

9. Department of the Navy, United States Marine Corps (N1–NU–07–15, 3 items, 2 temporary items). Outputs of an electronic information system that gathers joint lessons learned. Proposed for permanent retention are the master files of the electronic information system. The proposed disposition instructions for the master files are limited to electronic records.

10. Environmental Protection Agency, Enforcement and Compliance Assurance (N1–412–08–11, 1 item, 1 temporary item). Electronic data maintained in the Integrated Data for Enforcement Analysis system, a data warehouse for which recordkeeping copies of individual systems are maintained and scheduled elsewhere.

11. National Aeronautics and Space Administration, Agency-wide (N-255-08-1, 3 items, 3 temporary items). This schedule authorizes the agency to apply the existing disposition instructions to records regardless of the recordkeeping medium. Included are calibration records of equipment used as inspection, measuring, or test equipment, reference copies, and metrology compliance documents. Paper recordkeeping copies of these records were previously approved for disposal.

12. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Office of Nuclear Security and Incident Response (N1–431–08–1, 4 items, 2 temporary items). Subject files containing correspondence and other records that are routine or below the Office Director level and that relate to policy and procedures for security of nuclear reactors and materials. Proposed for permanent retention are subject files containing records at the Office Director

level, and site-specific case files relating to security of nuclear reactors and materials.

13. Tennessee Valley Authority, Financial Services (N1–142–08–1, 5 items, 5 temporary items). Records relating to financial planning, annual government performance and accounting reports, external audits, and Chief Financial Officer committee meetings. Included are such records as annual plans, financial reports, audit reports of financial statements, and meeting minutes.

Dated: August 25, 2008.

Michael J. Kurtz,

Assistant Archivist for Records Services— Washington, DC.

[FR Doc. E8–20231 Filed 8–28–08; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 7515–01–P

NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION

Notice of Permit Application Received Under the Antarctic Conservation Act of 1978

AGENCY: National Science Foundation. **ACTION:** Notice of Permit Applications Received Under the Antarctic Conservation Act.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that the National Science Foundation (NSF) has received a waste management permit application for operation of a camp at Patriot Hills, Heritage Range, southern Ellsworth Mountains, Antarctica, by Antarctic Logistics & Expeditions, LLC, a company within the United States. The application is submitted to NSF pursuant to regulations issued under the Antarctic Conservation Act of 1978.

DATES: Interested parties are invited to submit written data, comments, or views with respect to this permit application within September 29, 2008. Permit applications may be inspected by interested parties at the Permit Office, address below.

ADDRESSES: Comments should be addressed to Permit Office, Room 755, Office of Polar Programs, National Science Foundation, 4201 Wilson Boulevard, Arlington, Virginia 22230.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dr. Polly A. Penhale or Nadene Kennedy at the above address or (703) 292–8030.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: NSF's Antarctic Waste Regulation, 45 CFR Part 671, requires all U.S. citizens and entities to obtain a permit for the use or release of a designated pollutant in Antarctica, and for the release of waste in Antarctica. NSF has received a permit application under this Regulation for

operation of remote camp at Patriot Hills, Antarctica, and logistic support services for scientific and other expeditions, film crews, and tourists. These activities include aircraft support, cache positioning, camp and field support, resupply, search and rescue, medevac, medical support and logistic support for some National Operators. The camp can accommodate up to 100 people and is adjacent to a 100m x 2000m blue-ice runway. The blue-ice runway is a natural feature that requires limited amount of preparation and upkeep for aircraft use. There are standard programs offered on a regular basis. These include: Climbing trips to Vinson Massif, the Ellsworth Mountains and the Transantarctic Mountains; ski trips to the Ellsworth Mountains and the Geographic South Pole; and flights to the Geographic South Pole, and the Emperor Penguin Colony at the Dawson Lambton Glacier.

A several aircraft will be operated by Antarctic Logistics & Expeditions throughout the Antarctic. They may consist of the following: Twin Otter aircraft, and Ilyushin 76 (IL–76), and either a turbine DC–3 or a Cessna 185.

The permit applicant is: David Rootes, Environmental Manager, Antarctic Logistics & Expeditions, LLC, 4376 South 700 East, Suite 226, Salt Lake City, Utah 84107–3006. Permit application No. 2009 WM–004.

Nadene G. Kennedy,

Permit Officer.

[FR Doc. E8–20083 Filed 8–28–08; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 7555–01–P

NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION

Notice of Permits Issued Under the Antarctic Conservation Act of 1978

AGENCY: National Science Foundation. **ACTION:** Notice of permits issued under the Antarctic Conservation of 1978, Public Law 95–541.

SUMMARY: The National Science Foundation (NSF) is required to publish notice of permits issued under the Antarctic Conservation Act of 1978. This is the required notice.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Nadene G. Kennedy, Permit Office, Office of Polar Programs, Rm. 755, National Science Foundation, 4201 Wilson Boulevard, Arlington, VA 22230.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On July 24, 2008, the National Science Foundation published a notice in the **Federal Register** of permit applications received. A permit was issued on August 25, 2008 to: